

REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS (RFP) 2024-29
FROM QUALIFIED PROPERTY
DEVELOPERS / OWNERS
FOR THE
PROJECT-BASED VOUCHERS /
WALKER SETTLEMENT PROJECT-BASED VOUCHERS

Proposals to be received at

DHA, *Housing Solutions for North Texas*
Procurement Department
3939 North Hampton Road
Dallas, Texas 75212
Attention: Kenneth Duke, Director of Procurement
Email: procurement@dhantx.com
Phone: 214-951-8452

The responsibility for submitting a response to this Request for Proposals at the offices of DHA, *Housing Solutions for North Texas* on or before the stated time and date shall be solely and strictly the responsibility of the Applicant. DHA will not be responsible for delays caused by the U.S. Postal Service or any other occurrence. No facsimiles will be accepted.

**REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS
ANNOUNCING AVAILABILITY OF SECTION 8
PROJECT-BASED WALKER SETTLEMENT VOUCHERS**

DHA, *Housing Solutions for North Texas* (DHA) is issuing a competitive Request for Proposals (RFP) from qualified property Developers / Owners for the Project-Based Voucher Program. This RFP is issued in accordance with the Walker Amended Agreed Final Judgment in Walker Eligible Census Tracts (ECT). Eligible Census Tract (ECT) is defined as “a census tract that is not a “Minority Neighborhood” (as that term is used by HUD) in which the percentage of persons of particular racial or ethnic minority, as based on the most recent decennial census, is at least 20 points higher than that minority’s percentage in the ‘Housing Market’ as a whole.” For the purposes of this RFP, the “Housing Market” is defined as DHA’s jurisdiction, which includes eligible census tracts within Collin, Dallas, Denton, Ellis, Kaufman, Rockwall and Tarrant counties. Eligible Census Tracts must have a poverty rate at or below the average poverty rate for the City of Dallas, as based on the most recent U.S. Census Bureau decennial census or the most recent American Community Survey data. In addition, the census tract must have no public housing other than scattered-site single-family homes. Census Tracts that the Plaintiffs and DHA agree should be treated as a “predominantly white area” or ECTS are also eligible ECTs. Units in the Eligible Census Tracts in Collin, Dallas, Denton, Ellis, Kaufman, Rockwall and Tarrant counties are eligible locations for Walker Project-Based Voucher units. The location of the Project-Based Section 8 units shall not be chosen by site selection policies, practices, or decisions that have racially segregated effects and are traceable to DHA’s prior system of de jure racial segregation. Each resident household of these Section 8 Project Based units shall be issued a Housing Choice Voucher if, at any time after the initial lease term and contingent upon funding availability, the resident household gives DHA written notice requesting the issuance of the voucher. DHA shall give each resident household written notice of this right at the time of signing the initial lease.

Requests for Proposals are available for download on DHA’s website and will continue to be available until further notice. To download the RFP packet and all addenda, respondents must register at <http://www.dhadal.com/vendor-corner>.

RFP packets must be delivered to DHA, *Housing Solutions for North Texas*, Procurement Department, 3939 North Hampton Road, Dallas, Texas 75212, Attn: Kenneth Duke.

Only proposals meeting all requirements stated in the RFP will be considered. Requests for Proposals that are not complete will not be evaluated. If requested by a proposer, DHA will hold a debriefing to explain why or why not a proposal was selected for award. If you have questions concerning this RFP, you may contact: Sharon Lawson at 214-640-5653, TTY 1800-735-2989, or via email sharon.lawson@dhantx.com.

DHA reserves the right to reject, in whole or in part, any or all qualifications received in response to this RFP. DHA further reserves the right to cancel or re-issue this RFP; to

modify the selection procedure or the scope of this proposed project or the required responses; to request amendments to qualifications after expiration deadlines; or to negotiate or approve final agreements. DHA also reserves the right to waive any informalities or minor irregularities if it serves its best interest to do so. DHA will not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national or ethnic origin, religion, sex, disability, familial status, or age. Equal Housing Opportunity.

Visit www.dhantx.com for a current listing of solicitations.

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Request for Proposals 2024-29
Project-Based Walker Settlement Vouchers

SECTION A – General Information

A.1. Overview

The Project-Based Voucher (“PBV”) Program is a component of the Housing Authority of the City of Dallas, Texas (“DHA”) Section 8 Tenant-Based Voucher program. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (“HUD”) allows public housing agencies to set aside up to 20% of their total funding under their tenant-based voucher program Annual Contributions Contract (“ACC”) for project-based voucher program (24 CFR part 983).

In the PBV program, the rental subsidy is attached to the unit, rather than the tenant. It is the intention of DHA to enter into a Housing Assistance Payment (“HAP”) contract **(sample attached as Exhibit A1 & A2)** with one or more qualified developers or owners (Applicant(s)) with existing housing units for up to fifteen years. The goals of DHAs PBV program is to provide a resource of affordable housing units in the volatile economic market of Collin, Dallas, Denton, Ellis, Kaufman, Rockwall, and Tarrant County, and to help increase participation by private owners of affordable housing.

The PBV program is designed to encourage and assist service providers, developers, and owners to meet the needs of persons with special needs. DHA is seeking proposals from Applicant(s) with units within service-enriched communities. These services include addressing such issues as proximity to transportation, social service agencies, health facilities, and other agencies with the ability to address the broad and specific issues of persons with special needs Section 8 project-based vouchers under this program.

Although DHA will consider proposals for new construction, rehabilitation, or existing housing units proposers are fully responsible for all new construction, rehabilitation, or existing housing activities, including, if applicable, purchasing the site or properties, all architectural and engineering design, completing all site improvements, obtaining utility hook-ups and local building permits and approval, and obtaining all construction and permanent financing.

A.2. Background

The project-based voucher program was authorized by statute in 1998, as part of the statutory merger of the certificate and voucher tenant-based assistance programs. The 1998 law provided housing authorities with the option to use a portion of its available tenant-based voucher funds for project-based rental assistance. The 1998 law replaced a similar authority for project-based rental assistance in the former certificate program. In 2000, the Congress substantially revised the requirements of the project-based voucher program.

Significant features of the project-based voucher program as authorized in 1998, and amended in 2000 include:

- Housing authorities may project-base up to 20% of the agency's voucher funding.
- Housing authorities may provide project-based voucher assistance for existing housing that does not need rehabilitation, as well as for newly constructed or rehabilitated housing.
- Project-based assistance must be consistent with the Agency Plan.
- Project-based assistance must be consistent with the statutory goals of deconcentrating poverty and expanding economic opportunities.
- After one year of assistance, the family may move from a project-based voucher unit to the housing authority's tenant based voucher program, if funding is available.
- Except for units designated for the elderly, disabled, or families receiving supportive services, no more than 25% of units in a building may have project-based voucher assistance.

- Housing authorities may commit to pay project-based assistance for a term of up to 20 years. However, the agency's contractual commitment is subject to availability of appropriated funds.

A.3. Walker Project-based Vouchers under the Walker Agreed Final Judgment

In 1985, seven African American women sued DHA over segregated and inferior public housing for low-income Dallas residents. The lawsuit, known as the Walker case, documented the disconcerting reality of public housing in Dallas at that time. The U.S. District Court established that public housing units were built only in minority sections of the city and tenant selection procedures were operated to maintain racially segregated housing. It was also determined that certain housing programs implemented procedures to prevent minorities from moving into non-minority areas of Dallas.

As mandated under the Walker Agreed Final Judgment, DHA shall maintain Project Based Section 8 units in locations that provide social, recreational, educational, commercial, health care, and municipal facilities and services that are at least equivalent to the social, recreational, educational, commercial, health care, and municipal facilities and services provided to the locations in which low income white households receive HUD funded housing assistance in predominantly white neighborhoods. The locations for the Project-Based Section 8 units shall not include any sites in locations with environmental conditions, housing conditions, crime rates, and concentrations of persons with incomes below poverty level that are substantially inferior to the conditions in which low income white households receive HUD funded housing assistance in predominantly white neighborhoods. The locations for the Project-Based Section 8 units shall not be chosen by site selection policies, practices, or decisions that have racially segregated effects and are traceable to DHA's prior system of de jure racial segregation.

A.4. Selection Process

Applicants may submit proposals in response to this RFP. DHA intends for the selection process to result in the award of Project-based Walker Settlement Vouchers to one or more qualified proposals received. Persons interested in qualifying for selection are

asked to submit a proposal that conforms to **Section B – Qualification Criteria and Instructions** of this solicitation.

In order to be considered responsive by DHA and HUD, proposals must comply with the program and the submission requirements identified in this package. The proposals shall be carefully reviewed by a selection team comprised of DHA Team members in accordance with the evaluation criteria set forth in **Section C – Evaluation Factors for Award**. The DHA selection committee, at its discretion, reserves the right to require face-to-face or telephone interviews to obtain clarity with respect to submissions, if such interviews are deemed to be in its best interest. Applicants not included within the competitive range will be notified in writing.

If the successful Applicant(s) is the owner of existing units that require no rehabilitation, prior to commencing this program, DHA will inspect the units described in the proposal. If the units meet the unit requirements outlined in the RFP, DHA will execute a Housing Assistance Payments Contract with the Applicant. A housing unit will be considered an “existing unit” for purposes of this project-based voucher program if, at the time of DHA’s written notice of selection of the Applicant’s project for project-based assistance, the units require a maximum expenditure of less than \$1,000 per assisted unit (including the unit’s pro-rata share of any work to be accomplished on common areas or systems) to comply with HUD’s Housing Quality Standards (HQS).

If the successful Applicant(s) has proposed new construction or rehabilitation, DHA will execute an Agreement to Enter Into a Housing Assistance Payment Contract (“AHAP”) (sample attached as **Exhibit – B1 & B2**) before executing the HAP Contract. Following the execution of the AHAP, the successful Applicant(s) must promptly proceed with the construction or rehabilitation work. In the event the work is not begun diligently, continued and/or completed, DHA may terminate the AHAP or take other appropriate action.

The successful Applicant(s) proposing new construction or rehabilitation is fully responsible for all new construction, rehabilitation or existing housing activities, including purchasing the site or properties, all architectural and engineering design, completing all site improvements (including structures), obtaining utility hook-ups and local building permits and approvals and obtaining construction financing. The successful Applicant(s) must comply with Subpart D-Requirements for Rehabilitation and Newly Constructed Units (**Exhibit C PBA Final Rule Section 983.151-983.155**). The successful Applicant(s) must demonstrate the ability to complete the construction within 18 months of executing the AHAP.

DHA must be notified of any changes from the work specified in the AHAP that would alter the design or the quality of the required new construction or rehabilitation units. DHA reserves the right to approve or disapprove any changes proposed by the Applicant(s).

The successful Applicant(s) must notify DHA when the work is completed on new construction or rehabilitation units. Next, the successful Applicant(s) will be required to execute a HAP Contract.

The structures, housing units and non-dwelling facilities shall be designed to provide a decent, safe and sanitary living environment. Emphasis should be placed on durable construction, compatibility with the existing neighborhood, efficiency and economy of maintenance, energy conservation and suitable recreational space to enhance a decent, safe and sanitary living environment.

A.5. DHA Options

All proposals submitted for consideration will be reviewed by DHA. The Applicant(s) receiving the highest rating, based on the criteria presented in C.2., will be selected as being the most capable of providing housing and services in a manner that is most advantageous to DHA's clients. DHA reserves the right to reject, in whole or in part, any or all qualifications received in response to this RFP. DHA further reserves the right to cancel or re-issue this RFP, to modify the selection procedure or the scope of this proposed project or the required responses, to request amendments to qualifications after

expiration deadlines or to negotiate or approve final agreements. DHA also reserves the right to waive any informalities or minor irregularities if it serves its best interest to do so.

DHA will reject the proposal of any Applicant who is debarred by HUD from providing services to public housing authorities, and reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to reject the proposal of any Applicant who, itself or its affiliate, has a criminal background involving fraud, bribery, theft, misrepresentation of material fact, misappropriation of funds, or has previously failed, in any way, to adequately perform under any prior contract with DHA. DHA will not consider proposals if the Applicant fails to provide a certification that neither it nor its principals are presently disbarred, suspended or placed in ineligibility status.

The determination of the criteria and process whereby qualifications are evaluated and the decision as to who shall receive a contract award or whether or not an award shall be made as a result of this RFP shall be at the sole and absolute discretion of DHA, in accordance with HUD regulations and the requirements set forth in this RFP.

A.6. Contract Form and Issues

The intent is that this RFP will result in one or more HAP Contracts, the exact terms of which will be negotiated between DHA and the successful Applicant(s). No contractual rights shall arise out of the process of negotiation until such time as the HAP and/or AHAP has been signed by DHA and the selected Applicant(s). Work under the AHAP shall commence immediately upon execution and approval by HUD. The selected Applicants(s) must acknowledge that it will implement changes as needed or required by law or HUD.

A.7. Rules, Regulations and Licensing Requirements

The Applicant(s) and its staff shall comply with all laws, ordinances and regulations applicable to the scope of services outlined herein, including those applicable to conflict of interest. Applicants are presumed to be familiar with all federal, state, and local laws,

ordinances, codes, rules and regulations that may in any way affect the services to be provided.

A.8. Applicant's Key Personnel

The key personnel specified in the Applicant's proposal are considered to be essential to the work being performed under the HAP and/or AHAP. Prior to diverting any of the key personnel dedicated to the performance of the HAP and/or AHAP for any reason(s), the successful Applicant(s) shall notify DHA in writing at least thirty (30) calendar days in advance and shall submit justification (including proposed substitutions) in sufficient detail to permit evaluation of the impact on the HAP/AHAP. Furthermore, all personnel shall be considered to be at all times, employees of the Applicant(s) under its sole direction and control, and not employees, partners or agents of DHA.

A.9. Request for Information

All inquiries concerning this solicitation should be submitted in writing to the issuing office at:

DHA, *Housing Solutions for North Texas*

Procurement Department

3939 North Hampton Road, Dallas, Texas 75212

Attention: Kenneth Duke, Procurement Director

Email: Kenneth.duke@dhantx.com

Phone: 214-951-8452

All questions or requests for clarifications must be submitted in writing. Written answers to questions concerning this RFP will be provided to all Applicants, giving due regard to the proper protection of proprietary information.

A.10. Cost Incurred in Preparing Proposals

Applicants will be responsible for all costs incurred in preparing a response to this RFP. All material and documents submitted by prospective owners or development teams will become the property of DHA and will not be returned. Any materials submitted that an

Applicant(s) considers to be proprietary must be clearly marked as such to keep it out of the public record. Applicants selected for further interview or negotiations will be responsible for all costs incurred during these processes.

A.11. Submission Date

There is no deadline for submission. This RFP is open on an on-going basis until a closing date is announced by DHA. RFPs will be accepted and Project-Based Assistance (PBA) vouchers will be awarded on a rolling basis. Incomplete proposals or proposals that are inconsistent with program regulations and statutory requirements will not be considered. Respondents should provide one (1) clearly marked "Original" and six (6) copies. Proposals must be submitted in sealed envelopes or boxes clearly marked "Project-Based Assistance Program-Walker Agreed Final Judgment" and delivered to:

DHA Housing Solutions for North Texas
Procurement Department
3939 North Hampton Road
Dallas, Texas 75212
Attention: Kenneth Duke, Director of Procurement
Emailprocurement@dhantx.com
Phone: 214- 951-8452

Faxed submissions will not be accepted. All submissions become the property of DHA and will not be returned. Proposals will be held in confidence and not released in any manner until after contract award.

SECTION B – QUALIFICATION / PROPOSAL CRITERIA AND INSTRUCTIONS

B.1. Overview

The instructions below provide guidance for preparing and submitting proposals. The purpose of the instructions is to establish the requirements, format, and content of proposals so that proposals are complete and contain all essential information.

B.2. Response Requirements

Proposals shall be limited to no more than 25 written pages, excluding Exhibits (budgets and calculations) and any other promotional materials or work products that may demonstrate the experiences of the Applicant(s). These materials may be attached at the end of the submission. The submission should, at a minimum, contain the information outlined below. Detailed and expanded definitions of each of the outlined submission requirements below are contained on the pages that follow this outline.

- 2.1 Executive Summary Form (Exhibit D complete and submit with proposal)
- 2.2 Qualification Statement
- 2.3 Participant Identification
- 2.4 Project Description
- 2.5 Services to be Provided
- 2.6 New Construction Site Description (For Proposed New Construction Only)
- 2.7 Evidence of Site Control and Zoning Compliance
- 2.8 Proposed Contract Rent Per Unit
- 2.9 Project Utility Costs
- 2.10 Certification Indicating That No Displacement of Current Tenants will occur
- 2.11 Disclosure of Possible Conflict of Interest
- 2.12 Previous Participation Certifications
- 2.13 Project Management Plan
- 2.14 Proposed HAP Contract Term
- 2.15 Project Financing
- 2.16 Financial Information
- 2.17 References

B.2.1. Qualification Statement

Applicant(s) are encouraged to present to DHA a complete list of qualifications for its team, including principal professional disciplines and trades required for the successful implementation of the project. DHA considers the identification of all team members in the proposal a strength in the selection process.

Each team interested in the program must submit the following information relative to its composition, qualifications, and experience:

- 1) Team Structure: A statement of the composition of the team, including the owner, development/rehabilitation entity, architect, attorney (if applicable), general contractor and property management company. The statement must set out the anticipated relationship of the team members.
- 2) Profile of Principals and Staff: Provide profiles of the principals and key staff, including the project manager, to be involved in the PBV project. This information should specify their roles and their previous experience.
- 3) Affordable Housing Development Experience: For proposed rehabilitation or new construction, provide detailed descriptions of at least three (3) most recent affordable housing and/or mixed income projects completed within the last three (3) years.
- 4) Property Management Experience: Describe the experience of the proposed property management company including five (5) properties currently under management or in the last five (5) years. Include owner name, name of property, location, type of site, income and subsidy mix, number and size of units, operating and mortgage status. If any management contract has been terminated in the past five (5) years, show when and explain the reasons for termination. Describe in detail the property(ies) with management challenges. If the team has experience with Section 8 units within the past five (5) years, please provide the same information.

B.2.2. Participant Identification

Applicants should clearly identify the following, including the names of officers, principal members, shareholders and investors if applicable:

1. Owner
2. Developer, if applicable
3. Construction Contractor, for new construction or rehabilitation
4. Architect, for new construction or rehabilitation
5. Management Agent
6. Other Participants

Applicants should clearly identify any other parties having a substantial financial interest in the HAP contract and/or AHAP, or in any proceeds or benefits arising from the HAP Contract or AHAP (e.g., consultants assisting in the preparation of the RFP, or in the planning, development, or implementation of the project).

B.2.3. Project Description

Applicants should provide the following information about the site or sites:

- 1) Project Characteristics: Describe the buildings by structure and Type; include the unit mix, total number of units in the project and the number of proposed PBA units. The description must include square footage of both dwelling and non-dwelling units.
- 2) Identification of units serving Walker Project-Based Participants: Identify the units designated for Walker Project-based Program.
- 3) Unit Plans
- 4) Sketches or Construction Drawings: for proposed rehabilitation or new construction only.
- 5) Listing of amenities and services
- 6) Estimated date of completion: for proposed rehabilitation or new construction only.
- 7) For Rehabilitation only, provide a description of the property as is, and a description of the proposed rehabilitation clearly specifying work items.

- 8) Location: The Applicant(s) should provide an address for the site. Include a map and photograph identifying the site. This section should also include details about census information for the site and surrounding neighborhood that includes such demographic information as poverty levels and minority concentration.

B.2.4. Services to be provided

Applicants should describe in detail the community's accessibility to social, recreational, educational, commercial, health care, municipal facilities and other services that are at least equivalent to those typically found in neighborhoods consisting largely of similarly unassisted standard housing. Applicants should also describe any on-site social services. Services may be addressed by entities other than the applicant. However, the applicant should identify potential service providers (e.g., a letter of intent) that a provider will be requested to deliver services and a copy of their service plan for assisting Walker Project-Based Voucher participants.

B.2.5. New Construction Site Description (For Proposed New Construction Only)

For new construction only, provide a description of the proposed site, site plan, and neighborhood.

B.2.6. Evidence of Site Control and Zoning Compliance

Each Applicant must show evidence of site control in the form of a deed, purchase option or purchase contract. Attach a copy of the applicable document to the proposal submission. Additionally, each Applicant must provide evidence that rezoning will not delay the project.

B.2.7. Proposed Contract Rent per unit

Each Applicant must provide documentation regarding the proposed contract rent for each unit type, including an indication of which utilities, services, and equipment which will be included in the rent and, those which will not be included.

B.2.8. Project Utility Costs

Applicants must provide documentation of project utility costs. Unit utility costs not included in the rent schedule will be computed based on DHA's utility allowance schedule.

B.2.9. Certification Indicating That No Displacement of Current Tenants will occur

Each Applicant will provide a certification that there will be no displacement of existing residential tenants from units to be assisted under the PBV program. Each Applicant will also provide information concerning any expected temporary relocation of site occupants.

B.2.10. Disclosure of Possible Conflict of Interest

Each Applicant must disclose any information regarding possible conflict of interest by any parties identified under "Participant Identification" that would be a violation of the AHAP or HAP contract (e.g., any parties who are affiliated with DHA, local officials, or congressmen).

B.2.11. Previous Participation Certifications

For projects in which 20 percent or more of the units will be subsidized, Form HUD-2530 (sample attached as **Exhibit –E**), must be completed in accordance with instructions for the principals such as the owner, developer, prime contractor, management agent, consultants, architects, and/or attorneys who have any interest other than an arms-length fee arrangement for professional services.

B.2.12. Project Management Plan

The Applicant(s) should attach a copy of the existing or proposed plan for marketing, managing and maintaining the units.

B.2.13. Proposed HAP Contract Term

Each Applicant should include the proposed HAP Term as part of the submission: Initial term shall not exceed 10 years with option to renew for an additional 5 years subject to HUD appropriations.

B.2.14. Project Financing

The Applicant(s) must submit a financing plan and narrative **if** there is proposed new construction or significant rehabilitation of units. Please note that a preference may be given to existing housing units. The financing plan must include a description of development costs, sources and uses of funds, supportable debt (terms and assumptions) and methods for filling any financing gap.

B.2.15. Financial Information

- 1) Personal Financial Disclosure Statement: The Principals, Partners and Directors of the owner or development entity should provide a previous year and current year financial statement.
- 2) Financial Statement: Provide a current financial statement of the development entity prepared by a Certified Public Accountant.

B.2.16. References

Applicants proposing rehabilitation or new construction shall provide references to demonstrate experience. References that are relevant to the scope of work as anticipated in this RFP and from among the following entities are desirable:

- 1) Construction lender;
- 2) Management Company;
- 3) Permanent lender;
- 4) General Contractor for a comparable development; and
- 5) Prior joint development partners.

B.3. Complete and Accurate Submission

An Applicant's failure to provide accurate information in response to this RFP shall disqualify the Applicant(s) from further participation in the selection process. A proposal may be corrected, modified, or withdrawn, provided that the correction, modification, or request for withdrawal is made by the Applicants(s) in writing and is received by the DHA Voucher Programs Department prior to the date and time designated in the RFP for final receipt of qualifications and proposals. After such date and time the Applicants(s) may

not change any provision of its proposal in a manner prejudicial to the interests of DHA and/or fair competition.

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SECTION C – EVALUATION FACTORS FOR AWARD AND SELECTION

C.1. Evaluation of Proposals

All proposals will be evaluated based on the evaluation criteria outlined in C.2. The Selection Committee will determine a competitive range based on the established criteria and point system. Each Applicant(s) that falls within the competitive range will be considered. The Selection Committee may consider unacceptable any proposal for which critical information is lacking or the submission represents a major deviation from the requirements of this RFP. Minor omissions, such as incomplete references may, at the sole option and discretion of DHA, be corrected subsequent to the submission due date. All proposals will be initially reviewed to determine compliance with the Proposal Format Requirements specified within this solicitation. Proposals that do not comply with these requirements may be rejected without further review.

The evaluation factors shown in C.2. will be used to determine which Applicant(s) fall within the competitive range.

C.2. Evaluation Factors

The evaluation factors on the following page will be used in determining the competitive range for award. Interviews, if desired by DHA, will be used to identify the top-rated respondent(s) for negotiation of the Housing Assistance Payments contract. Each written proposal has a possible score of 160 points.

C.2.1 Minimum Score for all Proposals

Proposals that go through the ranking and rating process must receive a minimum score of 120 in order to be considered for Walker Project-Based assistance.

C.2.2 Evaluation Criteria and Scoring

| Points Available | Evaluation Criteria |
|-------------------------|---|
| 30 | Qualification Statement |
| 20 | Project Description |
| 30 | Supportive Service Plan- site accessibility to social, recreational, educational, commercial, health facilities and services, and other municipal facilities and services that are at least equivalent to those typically found in neighborhoods consisting largely of similar unassisted standard housing. |
| 15 | Certifications |
| 20 | Project Management Plan |
| 15 | Financial Information |
| 15 | References |
| 15 | Overall Responsiveness to Request for Proposals (RFP) |
| 160 | Total Points |

C.3. SELECTION PROCESS

Proposals received will be opened by the Procurement Director or his designee. These proposals will be initially reviewed to determine compliance with submission requirements specified in this RFP. Proposals that do not comply with these requirements may be rejected without further review.

DHA will receive and rank acceptable proposals in accordance with its Unit Selection Policy as outlined in this RFP. The successful Applicant(s) will be selected based on ranking and on full compliance with project-based assistance regulations.

(END OF TEXT)

**U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Office of Public and Indian Housing**

**SECTION 8 PROJECT-BASED VOUCHER PROGRAM
HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS CONTRACT**

NEW CONSTRUCTION OR REHABILITATION

PART 1 OF HAP CONTRACT

OMB Burden Statement. The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour, including the time for collecting, reviewing and reporting the data. This form is required to establish terms between a PHA and owner to provide housing assistance. This contract allows a PHA to enter into a HAP contract with the owner to provide housing assistance payments for eligible families. Assurances of confidentiality are not provided under this collection. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions to reduce this burden, to the Office of Public and Indian Housing, US. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Washington, DC 20410. HUD may not conduct and sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection displays a valid control number.

Privacy Notice. The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is authorized to collect the information required on this form by 24 CFR § 983.202. The information sets forth the PHA and owner’s agreement to provide housing under the project-based component of the Housing Choice Voucher Program. The Personally Identifiable Information (PII) data collected on this form are not stored or retrieved within a system of record.

1. CONTRACT INFORMATION

a. Parties

This housing assistance payments (HAP) contract is entered into between:

_____ (PHA) and
_____ (owner).

b. Contents of contract

The HAP contract consists of Part 1, Part 2, and the contract exhibits listed in paragraph c.

c. Contract exhibits

The HAP contract includes the following exhibits:

EXHIBIT A: TOTAL NUMBER OF UNITS IN PROJECT COVERED BY THIS HAP CONTRACT; INITIAL RENT TO OWNER; AND DESCRIPTION OF THE CONTRACT UNITS. (See 24 CFR 983.203 for required items.) If this is a multi-stage project, this exhibit must include a description of the units in each completed phase.

EXHIBIT B: SERVICES, MAINTENANCE AND EQUIPMENT TO BE PROVIDED BY THE OWNER WITHOUT CHARGES IN ADDITION TO RENT TO OWNER

EXHIBIT C: UTILITIES AVAILABLE IN THE CONTRACT UNITS, INCLUDING A LISTING OF UTILITY SERVICES TO BE PAID BY THE OWNER (WITHOUT CHARGES IN ADDITION TO RENT TO OWNER) AND UTILITIES TO BE PAID BY THE TENANTS

EXHIBIT D: FEATURES PROVIDED TO COMPLY WITH PROGRAM ACCESSIBILITY FEATURES OF SECTION 504 OF THE REHABILITATION ACT OF 1973 AND IMPLEMENTING REGULATIONS AT 24 CFR PART 8

ADDITIONAL EXHIBITS

d. Single-Stage and Multi-Stage Contracts (place a check mark in front of the applicable project description).

Single-Stage Project

This is a single-stage project. For all contract units, the effective date of the HAP contract is:

_____.

Multi-Stage Project

This is a multi-stage project. The units in each completed stage are designated in Exhibit A.

The PHA enters the effective date for each stage after completion and PHA acceptance of all units in that stage. The PHA enters the effective date for each stage in the "Execution of HAP contract for contract units completed and accepted in stages" (starting on page 9).

The annual anniversary date of the HAP contract for all contract units in this multi-stage project is the anniversary of the effective date of the HAP contract for the contract units included in the first stage. The expiration date of the HAP contract for all of the contract units completed in stages must be concurrent with the end of the HAP contract term for the units included in the first stage (see 24 CFR 983.207(c)).

e. Term of the HAP contract

1. Beginning of term

The PHA may not enter into a HAP contract for any contract unit until the PHA (or an independent entity, as applicable) has determined that the unit meets PBV inspection requirements. The term of the HAP contract for any unit begins on the effective date of the HAP contract.

2. Length of initial term

a. Subject to paragraph 2.b, the initial term of the HAP contract for any contract units is:

_____.

b. The initial term of the HAP contract for any unit may not be less than one year, nor more than twenty years.

3. Extension of term

The PHA and owner may agree to enter into an extension of the HAP contract at the time of initial HAP contract execution, or any time prior to expiration of the contract. Any extension, including the term of such extension, must be in accordance with HUD requirements. A PHA must determine that any extension is appropriate to achieve long-term affordability of the housing or expand housing opportunities.

4. Requirement for sufficient appropriated funding

a. The length of the initial term and any extension term shall be subject to availability, as determined by HUD, or by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements, of sufficient appropriated funding (budget authority), as provided in appropriations acts and in the PHA's annual contributions contract (ACC) with HUD, to make full payment of housing assistance payments due to the

owner for any contract year in accordance with the HAP contract.

- b. The availability of sufficient funding must be determined by HUD or by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements. If it is determined that there may not be sufficient funding to continue housing assistance payments for all contract units and for the full term of the HAP contract, the PHA has the right to terminate the HAP contract by notice to the owner for all or any of the contract units. Such action by the PHA shall be implemented in accordance with HUD requirements.

f. Occupancy and payment

1. Payment for occupied unit

During the term of the HAP contract, the PHA shall make housing assistance payments to the owner for the months during which a contract unit is leased to and occupied by an eligible family. If an assisted family moves out of a contract unit, the owner may keep the housing assistance payment for the calendar month when the family moves out (“move-out month”). However, the owner may not keep the payment if the PHA determines that the vacancy is the owner’s fault.

2. Vacancy payment

THE PHA HAS DISCRETION WHETHER TO INCLUDE THE VACANCY PAYMENT PROVISION (PARAGRAPH f.2), OR TO STRIKE THIS PROVISION FROM THE HAP CONTRACT FORM.

- a. If an assisted family moves out of a contract unit, the PHA may provide vacancy payments to the owner for a PHA-determined vacancy period extending from the beginning of the first calendar month after the move-out month for a period not exceeding two full months following the move-out month.
- b. The vacancy payment to the owner for each month of the maximum two-month period will be determined by the PHA, and cannot exceed the monthly rent to owner under the assisted lease, minus any portion of the rental payment received by the owner (including amounts available from the tenant’s security deposit). Any vacancy payment may cover only the period the unit remains vacant.

- c. The PHA may make vacancy payments to the owner only if:
 - 1. The owner gives the PHA prompt, written notice certifying that the family has vacated the unit and the date when the family moved out (to the best of the owner's knowledge and belief);
 - 2. The owner certifies that the vacancy is not the fault of the owner and that the unit was vacant during the period for which payment is claimed;
 - 3. The owner certifies that it has taken every reasonable action to minimize the likelihood and length of vacancy; and
 - 4. The owner provides any additional information required and requested by the PHA to verify that the owner is entitled to the vacancy payment.
- d. The PHA must take every reasonable action to minimize the likelihood and length of vacancy.
- e. The owner may refer families to the PHA for placement on the PBV waiting list.
- f. The owner must submit a request for vacancy payments in the form and manner required by the PHA and must provide any information or substantiation required by the PHA to determine the amount of any vacancy payments.

3. PHA is not responsible for family damage or debt to owner

Except as provided in this paragraph f (Occupancy and Payment), the PHA will not make any other payment to the owner under the HAP contract. The PHA will not make any payment to the owner for any damages to the unit, or for any other amounts owed by a family under the family's lease.

g. Income-mixing requirement

- 1. Except as provided in paragraphs g.2 through g.5 below, the PHA will not make housing assistance payments under the HAP contract for more than

the greater of 25 units or 25 percent of the total number of dwelling units (assisted or unassisted) in any project. The term “project” means a single building, multiple contiguous buildings, or multiple buildings on contiguous parcels of land assisted under this HAP contract.

2. The limitation in paragraph g.1 does not apply to single-family buildings.
3. In referring eligible families to the owner for admission to the number of contract units in any project exceeding the 25 unit or 25 percent limitation under paragraph g.1, the PHA shall give preference to the applicable families as listed in g.8 below, for the number of contract units exclusively made available for occupancy by such families. The owner shall rent that number of contract units to such families referred by the PHA from the PHA waiting list.
4. Up to the greater of 25 units or 40 percent of units (instead of the greater of 25 units or 25 percent of units) in a project may be project-based if the project is located in a census tract with a poverty rate of 20 percent or less.
5. Units that were previously subject to certain federal rent restrictions or receiving another type of long-term housing subsidy provided by HUD do not count toward the income-mixing requirement if, in the five years prior to issuance of the Request for Proposal or notice of owner selection (for projects selected based on a prior competition or without competition), the unit received one of the forms of HUD assistance or was under a federal rent restriction as described in g.6 and g.7, below.
6. The following specifies the number of contract units (if any) that received one of the following forms of HUD assistance:
 - ___ Public Housing or Operating Funds;
 - ___ Project-Based Rental Assistance (including Mod Rehab and Mod Rehab Single-Room Occupancy);
 - ___ Housing for the Elderly (Section 202 or the Housing Act of 1959);
 - ___ Housing for Persons with Disabilities (Section 811 of the Cranston-Gonzalez Affordable Housing Act);
 - ___ Rent Supplement Program;
 - ___ Rental Assistance Program;

___ Flexible Subsidy Program.

Place a check mark in front of the form of assistance received by any of the contract units. The following total number of contract units received a form of HUD assistance listed above:

_____.

If all of the units in the project received such assistance, then skip number g.8, below.

7. The following specifies the number of contract units (if any) that were under any of the following federal rent restrictions:

___ Section 236;

___ Section 221(d)(3) or (d)(4) BMIR (below-market interest rate);

___ Housing for the Elderly (Section 202 or the Housing Act of 1959);

___ Housing for Persons with Disabilities (Section 811 of the Cranston-Gonzalez Affordable Housing Act);

___ Flexible Subsidy Program.

Place a check mark in front of the type of federal rent restriction that applied to any of the contract units. The following total number of contract units were subject to a federal rent restriction listed above:

_____.

If all of the units in the project were subject to a federal rent restriction, then skip number g.8, below.

8. The following specifies the number of contract units (if any) exclusively made available to elderly families, families eligible for supportive services, or eligible youth receiving Family Unification Program or Foster Youth to Independence (FUP/FYI) assistance:

- a Place a check mark here ___ if any contract units are exclusively made available for occupancy by elderly families; The following number of contract units shall be rented to elderly families:

_____.

b. Place a check mark here ___ if any contract units are exclusively made available for occupancy by families eligible for supportive services. The following number of contract units shall be rented to families eligible for supportive services:

_____.

c. Place a check mark here ___ if any contract units are exclusively made available for occupancy by eligible youth receiving FUP/FYI assistance. The following number of contract units shall be rented to eligible youth receiving FUP/FYI assistance:

_____.

9. The PHA and owner must comply with all HUD requirements regarding income mixing.

EXECUTION OF HAP CONTRACT FOR SINGLE-STAGE PROJECT

I/We, the undersigned, certify under penalty of perjury that the information provided above is true and correct.
WARNING: Anyone who knowingly submits a false claim or makes a false statement is subject to criminal and/or civil penalties, including confinement for up to 5 years, fines, and civil and administrative penalties. (18 U.S.C. §§ 287, 1001, 1010, 1012; 31 U.S.C. §3729, 3802).

| |
|--|
| PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCY (PHA) Name of PHA (Print) |
| By: Signature of authorized representative |
| Name and official title (Print) |
| Date |
| OWNER Name of Owner (Print) |
| By: Signature of authorized representative |
| Name and official title (Print) |
| Date |

EXECUTION OF HAP CONTRACT FOR CONTRACT UNITS COMPLETED AND ACCEPTED IN STAGES

(For multi-stage projects, at acceptance of each stage, the PHA and the owner sign the HAP contract execution for the completed stage.)

I/We, the undersigned, certify under penalty of perjury that the information provided above is true and correct.
WARNING: Anyone who knowingly submits a false claim or makes a false statement is subject to criminal and/or civil penalties, including confinement for up to 5 years, fines, and civil and administrative penalties. (18 U.S.C. §§ 287, 1001, 1010, 1012; 31 U.S.C. §3729, 3802).

| |
|---|
| STAGE NO. 1: The Contract is hereby executed for the contract units in this stage. |
| STAGE EFFECTIVE DATE: The effective date of the Contract for this stage is: |
| Date |
| PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCY (PHA) |
| Name of PHA (Print) |
| By: |
| Signature of authorized representative |
| |
| Name and official title (Print) |
| |
| Date |
| OWNER |
| Name of Owner (Print) |
| By: |
| Signature of authorized representative |
| |
| Name and official title (Print) |
| |
| Date |

| |
|---|
| STAGE NO. 2: The Contract is hereby executed for the contract units in this stage. STAGE EFFECTIVE DATE: The effective date of the Contract for this stage is: |
| Date |
| PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCY (PHA) Name of PHA (Print) |
| By: |
| Signature of authorized representative |
| Name and official title (Print) |
| Date |
| OWNER Name of Owner (Print) |
| By: |
| Signature of authorized representative |
| Name and official title (Print) |
| Date |

| |
|---|
| STAGE NO. 3: The Contract is hereby executed for the contract units in this stage. STAGE EFFECTIVE DATE: The effective date of the Contract for this stage is: |
| Date |
| PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCY (PHA) Name of PHA (Print) |
| By: |
| Signature of authorized representative |
| |
| Name and official title (Print) |
| |
| Date |
| OWNER Name of Owner (Print) |
| By: |
| Signature of authorized representative |
| |
| Name and official title (Print) |
| |
| Date |

STAGE NO. __: The Contract is hereby executed for the contract units in this stage.

STAGE EFFECTIVE DATE: The effective date of the Contract for this stage is:

Date

PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCY (PHA)

Name of PHA (Print)

By:

Signature of authorized representative

Name and official title (Print)

Date

OWNER

Name of Owner (Print)

By:

Signature of authorized representative

Name and official title (Print)

Date

**U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Office of Public and Indian Housing**

SECTION 8 PROJECT-BASED VOUCHER PROGRAM

**HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS CONTRACT
NEW CONSTRUCTION OR REHABILITATION**

PART 2 OF HAP CONTRACT

OMB Burden Statement. The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour. This form is required to establish terms between a PHA and owner to provide housing assistance. This contract allows a PHA to enter into a HAP contract with the owner to provide housing assistance payments for eligible families. Assurances of confidentiality are not provided under this collection. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions to reduce this burden, to the Office of Public and Indian Housing, US. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Washington, DC 20410. HUD may not conduct and sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection displays a valid control number.

2. DEFINITIONS

Agreement. Agreement to enter into HAP Contract between the owner and the PHA. The HAP contract was entered into following new construction or rehabilitation of the contract units by the owner pursuant to an Agreement.

Contract units. The housing units covered by this HAP contract. The contract units are described in Exhibit A.

Controlling interest. In the context of PHA-owned units (see definition below), controlling interest means:

- (a) Holding more than 50 percent of the stock of any corporation; or
- (b) Having the power to appoint more than 50 percent of the members of the board of directors of a non-stock corporation (such as a non-profit corporation); or
- (c) Where more than 50 percent of the members of the board of directors of any corporation also serve as directors, officers, or employees of the PHA; or
- (d) Holding more than 50 percent of all managing member interests in an LLC; or
- (e) Holding more than 50 percent of all general partner interests in a partnership;
or

**Project-Based Voucher Program
HAP Contract for New Construction/Rehab**

Previous editions are obsolete

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(04/2023)**

(f) Having equivalent levels of control in other ownership structures.

Family. The persons approved by the PHA to reside in a contract unit with assistance under the program.

HAP contract. This housing assistance payments contract between the PHA and the owner. The contract consists of Part 1, Part 2, and the contract exhibits (listed in section 1.c of the HAP contract).

Household. The family and any PHA-approved live-in aide.

Housing assistance payment. The monthly assistance payment by the PHA for a contract unit, which includes: (1) a payment to the owner for rent to the owner under the family's lease minus the tenant rent; and (2) an additional payment to or on behalf of the family if the utility allowance exceeds total tenant payment.

Housing quality standards (HQS). The HUD minimum quality standards for dwelling units occupied by families receiving project-based voucher program assistance.

HUD. U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

HUD requirements. HUD requirements which apply to the project-based voucher program. HUD requirements are issued by HUD headquarters, as regulations, Federal Register notices or other binding program directives.

Newly constructed housing. Housing units that do not exist on the proposal selection date and are developed after the date of selection pursuant to an Agreement between the PHA and owner for use under the project-based voucher program.

Owner. Any person or entity who has the legal right to lease or sublease a unit to a participant.

PHA. Public Housing Agency. The agency that has entered into the HAP contract with the owner. The agency is a public housing agency as defined in the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437a(b)(6)).

PHA-owned units. A unit is "owned by a PHA" if the unit is in a project that is:

(a) Owned by the PHA (which includes a PHA having a "controlling interest" in the entity that owns the unit; see definition above);

(b) Owned by an entity wholly controlled by the PHA; or

(c) Owned by a limited liability company (LLC) or limited partnership in which the PHA (or an entity wholly controlled by the PHA) holds a controlling interest in the managing member or general partner.

Premises. The building or complex in which a contract unit is located, including common areas or grounds.

Principal or interested party. This term includes a management agent and other persons or entities participating in project management, and the officers and principal members, shareholders, investors, and other parties having a substantial interest in the HAP contract, or in any proceeds or benefits arising from the HAP contract.

Program. The project-based voucher program (see authorization for project-based assistance at 42 U.S.C. 1437f(o)(13)).

Proposal selection date. The date the PHA gives written notice of proposal selection to the owner whose proposal is selected in accordance with the criteria established in the PHA's administrative plan.

Rehabilitated housing. Housing units that exist on the proposal selection date but do not substantially comply with the HQS on that date and are developed pursuant to an Agreement between the PHA and owner for use under the project-based voucher program.

Rent to owner. The total monthly rent payable to the owner under the lease for a contract unit. Rent to owner includes payment for any housing services, maintenance and utilities to be provided by the owner in accordance with the lease.

Tenant. The person or persons (other than a live-in aide) who executes the lease as a lessee of the dwelling unit.

Tenant rent. The portion of the rent to owner payable by the family, as determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements. The PHA is not responsible for paying any part of the tenant rent.

3. **PURPOSE**

- a. This is a HAP contract between the PHA and the owner.
 - b. The purpose of the HAP contract is to provide housing assistance payments for eligible families who lease contract units that comply with
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the HUD HQS from the owner.

- c. The PHA must make housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract for contract units leased and occupied by eligible families during the HAP contract term. HUD provides funds to the PHA to make housing assistance payments to owners for eligible families.

4. RENT TO OWNER; HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS

a. Amount of initial rent to owner

The initial rent to owner for each contract unit is stated in Exhibit A, which is attached to and made a part of the HAP contract. At the beginning of the HAP contract term, and until rent to owner is adjusted in accordance with section 5 of the HAP contract, the rent to owner for each bedroom size (number of bedrooms) shall be the initial rent to owner amount listed in Exhibit A.

Place a check mark here ___ if the PHA has elected not to reduce rents below the initial rent to owner.

b. HUD rent requirements

Notwithstanding any other provision of the HAP contract, the rent to owner may in no event exceed the amount authorized in accordance with HUD requirements. The PHA has the right to reduce the rent to owner, at any time, to correct any errors in establishing or adjusting the rent to owner in accordance with HUD requirements. The PHA may recover any overpayment from the owner.

c. PHA payment to owner

1. Each month the PHA must make a housing assistance payment to the owner for a unit under lease to and occupied by an eligible family in accordance with the HAP contract.
 2. The monthly housing assistance payment to the owner for a contract unit is equal to the amount by which the rent to owner exceeds the tenant rent.
 3. Payment of the tenant rent is the responsibility of the family. The PHA is not responsible for paying any part of the tenant rent, or for paying any other claim by the owner against a family. The PHA is responsible only for making housing assistance payments to the
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owner on behalf of a family in accordance with the HAP contract.

4. The owner will be paid the housing assistance payment under the HAP contract on or about the first day of the month for which payment is due, unless the owner and the PHA agree on a later date.
5. To receive housing assistance payments in accordance with the HAP contract, the owner must comply with all the provisions of the HAP contract. Unless the owner complies with all the provisions of the HAP contract, the owner does not have a right to receive housing assistance payments.
6. If the PHA determines that the owner is not entitled to the payment or any part of it, the PHA, in addition to other remedies, may deduct the amount of the overpayment from any amounts due the owner, including amounts due under any other housing assistance payments contract.
7. The owner will notify the PHA promptly of any change of circumstances that would affect the amount of the monthly housing assistance payment, and will return any payment that does not conform to the changed circumstances.

d. Termination of assistance for family

The PHA may terminate housing assistance for a family under the HAP contract in accordance with HUD requirements. The PHA must notify the owner in writing of its decision to terminate housing assistance for the family in such case.

5. ADJUSTMENT OF RENT TO OWNER

a. PHA determination of adjusted rent

1. At each annual anniversary during the term of the HAP contract, the PHA shall adjust the amount of rent to owner, upon request to the PHA by the owner, in accordance with law and HUD requirements. In addition, the PHA shall adjust the rent to owner when there is a ten percent decrease in the published, applicable Fair Market Rent in accordance with 24 CFR 983.302. However, if the PHA has elected within the HAP contract not to reduce rents

below the initial rent to owner, the rent to owner shall not be reduced below the initial rent to owner except in those cases described in 24 CFR 983.302(c)(2).

2. The adjustment of rent to owner shall always be determined in accordance with all HUD requirements. The amount of the rent to owner may be adjusted up or down, in the amount defined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.

b. Reasonable rent

The rent to owner for each contract unit, as adjusted by the PHA in accordance with 24 CFR 983.303, may at no time exceed the reasonable rent charged for comparable units in the private unassisted market, except in cases where the PHA has elected within the HAP contract not to reduce rents below the initial rent to owner. The reasonable rent shall be determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.

c. No special adjustments

The PHA will not make any special adjustments of the rent to owner.

d. Owner compliance with HAP contract

The PHA shall not approve, and the owner shall not receive, any increase of rent to owner unless all contract units are in accordance with the HQS, and the owner has complied with the terms of the assisted leases and the HAP contract.

e. Notice of rent adjustment

Rent to owner shall be adjusted by written notice by the PHA to the owner in accordance with this section. Such notice constitutes an amendment of the rents specified in Exhibit A.

6. OWNER RESPONSIBILITY

The owner is responsible for:

- a. Performing all management and rental functions for the contract units.
- b. Maintaining the units in accordance with HQS.
- c. Complying with equal opportunity requirements.

- d. Enforcing tenant obligations under the lease.
- e. Paying for utilities and housing services (unless paid by the family under the lease).
- f. Collecting from the tenant:
 - 1. Any security deposit;
 - 2. The tenant rent; and
 - 3. Any charge for unit damage by the family.

7. OWNER CERTIFICATION

The owner certifies that at all times during the term of the HAP contract:

- a. All contract units are in good and tenantable condition. The owner is maintaining the premises and all contract units in accordance with the HQS.
- b. The owner is providing all the services, maintenance and utilities as agreed to under the HAP contract and the leases with assisted families.
- c. Each contract unit for which the owner is receiving housing assistance payments is leased to an eligible family referred by the PHA, and the lease is in accordance with the HAP contract and HUD requirements.
- d. To the best of the owner's knowledge, the members of the family reside in each contract unit for which the owner is receiving housing assistance payments, and the unit is the family's only residence.
- e. The owner (including a principal or other interested party) is not the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister, or brother of any member of a family residing in a contract unit unless the PHA has determined that approving leasing of the unit would provide a reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities.
- f. The amount of the housing assistance payment is the correct amount due under the HAP contract.
- g. The rent to owner for each contract unit does not exceed rents charged by the owner for other comparable unassisted units.
- h. Except for the housing assistance payment and the tenant rent as provided

under the HAP contract, the owner has not received and will not receive any payments or other consideration (from the family, the PHA, HUD, or any other public or private source) for rental of the contract unit.

- i. The family does not own, or have any interest in the contract unit. If the owner is a cooperative, the family may be a member of the cooperative.

8. CONDITION OF UNITS

a. Owner maintenance and operation

The owner must maintain and operate the contract units and premises to provide decent, safe and sanitary housing in accordance with the HQS, including performance of ordinary and extraordinary maintenance. The owner must provide all the services, maintenance and utilities set forth in Exhibits B and C, and in the lease with each assisted family.

b. PHA inspections

1. The PHA must inspect each contract unit before execution of the HAP contract. The PHA may not enter into a HAP contract covering a unit until the unit fully complies with the HQS.
2. Before providing assistance to a new family in a contract unit, the PHA must inspect the unit. The PHA may not provide assistance on behalf of the family until the unit fully complies with the HQS.
3. At least biennially during the term of the HAP contract, the PHA must inspect a random sample, consisting of at least 20 percent of the contract units in each building, to determine if the contract units and the premises are maintained in accordance with the HQS. Turnover inspections pursuant to paragraph 2 of this section are not counted toward meeting this biennial inspection requirement.
4. If more than 20 percent of the sample of inspected contract units in a building fail the initial inspection, the PHA must reinspect 100 percent of the contract units in the building.
5. The PHA must inspect contract units whenever needed to determine that the contract units comply with the HQS and that the owner is providing maintenance, utilities, and other services in accordance with the HAP contract. The PHA must take into account complaints and any other information that comes to its attention in scheduling inspections.

c. Violation of the housing quality standards

1. If the PHA determines a contract unit is not in accordance with the HQS, the PHA may exercise any of its remedies under the HAP contract for all or any contract units. Such remedies include termination, suspension or reduction of housing assistance payments, and termination of the HAP contract.
2. The PHA may exercise any such contractual remedy respecting a contract unit even if the family continues to occupy the unit.
3. The PHA shall not make any housing assistance for a dwelling unit that fails to meet the HQS, unless the owner corrects the defect within the period specified by the PHA and the PHA verifies the correction. If a defect is life threatening, the owner must correct the defect within no more than 24 hours. For other defects, the owner must correct the defect within no more than 30 calendar days (or any PHA-approved extension).

d. Maintenance and replacement—owner’s standard practice

Maintenance and replacement (including redecoration) must be in accordance with the standard practice for the building concerned as established by the owner.

9. LEASING CONTRACT UNITS

a. Selection of tenants

1. During the term of the HAP contract, the owner must lease all contract units to eligible families selected and referred by the PHA from the PHA waiting list. (See 24 CFR 983.251.)
2. The owner is responsible for adopting written tenant selection procedures that are consistent with the purpose of improving housing opportunities for very low-income families and reasonably related to program eligibility and an applicant’s ability to perform the lease obligations.
3. Consistent with HUD requirements, and Federal civil rights and fair housing requirements, the owner may apply its own nondiscriminatory tenant selection procedures in determining whether to admit a family referred by the PHA for occupancy of a

contract unit. The owner may refer families to the PHA for placement on the PBV waiting list.

4. The owner must promptly notify in writing any rejected applicant of the grounds for rejection.
5. The PHA must determine family eligibility in accordance with HUD requirements.
6. The contract unit leased to each family must be appropriate for the size of the family under the PHA's subsidy standards.
7. If a contract unit was occupied by an eligible family at the time the unit was selected by the PHA, or is so occupied on the effective date of the HAP contract, the owner must offer the family the opportunity to lease the same or another appropriately-sized contract unit with assistance under the HAP contract.
8. The owner is responsible for screening and selecting tenants from the families referred by the PHA from its waiting list.

b. Vacancies

1. The owner must promptly notify the PHA of any vacancy in a contract unit. After receiving the owner notice, the PHA shall make every reasonable effort to refer a sufficient number of families for owner to fill the vacancy..
2. The owner must rent vacant contract units to eligible families on the PHA waiting list referred by the PHA.
3. The PHA and the owner must make reasonable, good faith efforts to minimize the likelihood and length of any vacancy.
4. If any contract units have been vacant for a period of 120 or more days since owner notice of vacancy (and notwithstanding the reasonable good faith efforts of the PHA to fill such vacancies), the PHA may give notice to the owner amending the HAP contract to reduce the number of contract units by subtracting the number of contract units (by number of bedrooms) that have been vacant for such period.

10. TENANCY

a. Lease

The lease between the owner and each assisted family must be in accordance with HUD requirements. In all cases, the lease must include the HUD-required tenancy addendum. The tenancy addendum must include, word-for-word, all provisions required by HUD.

b. Termination of tenancy

1. The owner may only terminate the tenancy in accordance with the lease and HUD requirements.
2. The owner must give the PHA a copy of any owner eviction notice to the tenant at the same time that the owner gives notice to the tenant. Owner eviction notice means a notice to vacate, or a complaint or other initial pleading used to commence an eviction action under State or local law.

c. Family payment

1. The portion of the monthly rent to owner payable by the family (“tenant rent”) will be determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements. The amount of the tenant rent is subject to change during the term of the HAP contract. Any changes in the amount of the tenant rent will be effective on the date stated in a notice by the PHA to the family and the owner.
2. The amount of the tenant rent as determined by the PHA is the maximum amount the owner may charge the family for rent of a contract unit, including all housing services, maintenance and utilities to be provided by the owner in accordance with the HAP contract and the lease.
3. The owner may not demand or accept any rent payment from the tenant in excess of the tenant rent as determined by the PHA. The owner must immediately return any excess rent payment to the tenant.
4. The family is not responsible for payment of the portion of the contract rent covered by the housing assistance payment under the HAP contract. The owner may not terminate the tenancy of an

assisted family for nonpayment of the PHA housing assistance payment.

5. The PHA is responsible only for making the housing assistance payments to the owner on behalf of the family in accordance with the HAP contract. The PHA is not responsible for paying the tenant rent, or any other claim by the owner.

d. Other owner charges

1. Except as provided in paragraph 2, the owner may not require the tenant or family members to pay charges for meals or supportive services. Nonpayment of such charges is not grounds for termination of tenancy.
2. In assisted living developments receiving project-based voucher assistance, owners may charge tenants, family members, or both for meals or supportive services. These charges may not be included in the rent to owner, nor may the value of meals and supportive services be included in the calculation of reasonable rent. Non-payment of such charges is grounds for termination of the lease by the owner in an assisted living development.
3. The owner may not charge the tenant or family members extra amounts for items customarily included in rent in the locality or provided at no additional cost to the unsubsidized tenant in the premises.

e. Security deposit

1. The owner may collect a security deposit from the family.
2. The owner must comply with HUD and PHA requirements, which may change from time to time, regarding security deposits from a tenant.
3. The PHA may prohibit security deposits in excess of private market practice, or in excess of amounts charged by the owner to unassisted families.
4. When the family moves out of the contract unit, the owner, subject to State and local law, may use the security deposit, including any interest on the deposit, in accordance with the lease, as reimbursement for any unpaid tenant rent, damages to the unit or

other amounts which the family owes under the lease. The owner must give the family a written list of all items charged against the security deposit and the amount of each item. After deducting the amount used as reimbursement to the owner, the owner must promptly refund the full amount of the balance to the family.

5. If the security deposit is not sufficient to cover amounts the family owes under the lease, the owner may seek to collect the balance from the family. However, the PHA has no liability or responsibility for payment of any amount owed by the family to the owner.

11. FAMILY RIGHT TO MOVE

- a. The family may terminate its lease at any time after the first year of occupancy. The family must give the owner advance written notice of intent to vacate (with a copy to the PHA) in accordance with the lease. If the family has elected to terminate the lease in this manner, the PHA must offer the family the opportunity for tenant-based rental assistance in accordance with HUD requirements.
- b. Before providing notice to terminate the lease under paragraph a, the family must first contact the PHA to request tenant-based rental assistance if the family wishes to move with continued assistance. If tenant-based rental assistance is not immediately available upon lease termination, the PHA shall give the family priority to receive the next available opportunity for tenant-based rental assistance.

12. OVERCROWDED, UNDER-OCCUPIED, AND ACCESSIBLE UNITS

The PHA subsidy standards determine the appropriate unit size for the family size and composition. The PHA and owner must comply with the requirements in 24 CFR 983.260. If the PHA determines that a family is occupying a wrong-size unit, or a unit with accessibility features that the family does not require, and the unit is needed by a family that requires the accessibility features, the PHA must promptly notify the family and the owner of this determination, and of the PHA's offer of continued assistance in another unit. 24 CFR 983.260(a).

13. PROHIBITION OF DISCRIMINATION

- a. The owner may not refuse to lease contract units to, or otherwise discriminate against any person or family in leasing of a contract unit, because of race, color, religion, sex (including sexual orientation and gender identity), national origin, disability, age or familial status.

- b. The owner must comply with the following requirements: The Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3601-19) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 100 *et seq.*; Executive Order 11063, as amended by Executive Order 12259 (3 CFR, 1959-1963 Comp., p. 652 and 3 CFR, 1980 Comp., p. 307) (Equal Opportunity in Housing Programs) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 107; title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d-2000d-4) (Nondiscrimination in Federally Assisted Programs) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 1; the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (42 U.S.C. 6101-6107) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 146; section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 8; title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. 12101 *et seq.*; 28 CFR part 35; Executive Order 11246, as amended by Executive Orders 11375, 11478, 12086, and 12107 (3 CFR, 1964-1965 Comp., p. 339; 3 CFR, 1966-1970 Comp., p. 684; 3 CFR, 1966-1970 Comp., p. 803; 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 230; and 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 264, respectively) (Equal Employment Opportunity Programs) and implementing regulations at 41 CFR chapter 60; Executive Order 11625, as amended by Executive Order 12007 (3 CFR, 1971-1975 Comp., p. 616 and 3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 139) (Minority Business Enterprises); Executive Order 12432 (3 CFR, 1983 Comp., p. 198) (Minority Business Enterprise Development); and Executive Order 12138, as amended by Executive Order 12608 (3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 393 and 3 CFR, 1987 Comp., p. 245) (Women's Business Enterprise).
- c. The owner must comply with HUD's Equal Access to HUD-assisted or -insured housing rule (24 CFR 5.105(a)(2)).
- d. The owner must comply with the Violence Against Women Act, as amended, and HUD's implementing regulation at 24 CFR part 5, Subpart L, and program regulations.
- e. The PHA and the owner must cooperate with HUD in the conducting of compliance reviews and complaint investigations pursuant to all applicable civil rights statutes, Executive Orders, and all related rules and regulations.

14. PHA DEFAULT AND HUD REMEDIES

If HUD determines that the PHA has failed to comply with the HAP contract, or has failed to take appropriate action to HUD's satisfaction or as directed by HUD, for enforcement of the PHA's rights under the HAP contract, HUD may assume

the PHA's rights and obligations under the HAP contract, and may perform the obligations and enforce the rights of the PHA under the HAP contract.

15. OWNER DEFAULT AND PHA REMEDIES

a. Owner default

Any of the following is a default by the owner under the HAP contract:

1. The owner has failed to comply with any obligation under the HAP contract, including the owner's obligations to maintain all contract units in accordance with the housing quality standards.
2. The owner has violated any obligation under any other housing assistance payments contract under Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f).
3. The owner has committed any fraud or made any false statement to the PHA or HUD in connection with the HAP contract.
4. The owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any Federal housing assistance program.
5. If the property where the contract units are located is subject to a lien or security interest securing a HUD loan or a mortgage insured by HUD and:
 - i. The owner has failed to comply with the regulations for the applicable mortgage insurance or loan program, with the mortgage or mortgage note, or with the regulatory agreement; or
 - ii. The owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with the HUD loan or HUD-insured mortgage.
6. The owner has engaged in any drug-related criminal activity or any violent criminal activity.

b. PHA remedies

1. If the PHA determines that a breach has occurred, the PHA may exercise any of its rights or remedies under the HAP contract.

2. The PHA must notify the owner in writing of such determination. The notice by the PHA to the owner may require the owner to take corrective action (as verified by the PHA) by a time prescribed in the notice.
3. The PHA's rights and remedies under the HAP contract include recovery of overpayments, termination or reduction of housing assistance payments, and termination of the HAP contract.

c. PHA remedy is not waived

The PHA's exercise or non-exercise of any remedy for owner breach of the HAP contract is not a waiver of the right to exercise that remedy or any other right or remedy at any time.

16. OWNER DUTY TO PROVIDE INFORMATION AND ACCESS REQUIRED BY HUD OR PHA

a. Required information

The owner must prepare and furnish any information pertinent to the HAP contract as may reasonably be required from time to time by the PHA or HUD. The owner shall furnish such information in the form and manner required by the PHA or HUD.

b. PHA and HUD access to premises

The owner must permit the PHA or HUD or any of their authorized representatives to have access to the premises during normal business hours and, for the purpose of audit and examination, to have access to any books, documents, papers and records of the owner to the extent necessary to determine compliance with the HAP contract, including the verification of information pertinent to the housing assistance payments or the HAP contract.

17. PHA AND OWNER RELATION TO THIRD PARTIES

a. Injury because of owner action or failure to act

The PHA has no responsibility for or liability to any person injured as a result of the owner's action or failure to act in connection with the implementation of the HAP contract, or as a result of any other action or failure to act by the owner.

b. Legal relationship

The owner is not the agent of the PHA. The HAP contract does not create or affect any relationship between the PHA and any lender to the owner or any suppliers, employees, contractors or subcontractors used by the owner in connection with the implementation of the HAP contract.

c. Exclusion of third-party claims

Nothing in the HAP contract shall be construed as creating any right of a family or other third party (other than HUD) to enforce any provision of the HAP contract, or to assert any claim against HUD, the PHA or the owner under the HAP contract.

d. Exclusion of owner claims against HUD

Nothing in the HAP contract shall be construed as creating any right of the owner to assert any claim against HUD.

18. PHA-OWNED UNITS

Notwithstanding Section 17 of this HAP contract, a PHA may own units assisted under the project-based voucher program, subject to the special requirements in 24 CFR 983.59 regarding PHA-owned units.

19. CONFLICT OF INTEREST

a. Interest of members, officers, or employees of PHA, members of local governing body, or other public officials

1. No present or former member or officer of the PHA (except tenant-commissioners), no employee of the PHA who formulates policy or influences decisions with respect to the housing choice voucher program or project-based voucher program, and no public official or member of a governing body or State or local legislator who exercises functions or responsibilities with respect to these programs, shall have any direct or indirect interest, during his or her tenure or for one year thereafter, in the HAP contract.
2. HUD may waive this provision for good cause.

b. Disclosure

The owner has disclosed to the PHA any interest that would be a violation of the HAP contract. The owner must fully and promptly update such

disclosures.

c. Interest of member of or delegate to Congress

No member of or delegate to the Congress of the United States of America or resident-commissioner shall be admitted to any share or part of this HAP Contract or to any benefits arising from the contract.

20. EXCLUSION FROM FEDERAL PROGRAMS

a. Federal requirements

The owner must comply with and is subject to requirements of 2 CFR part 2424.

b. Disclosure

The owner certifies that:

1. The owner has disclosed to the PHA the identity of the owner and any principal or interested party.
2. Neither the owner nor any principal or interested party is listed on the U.S. General Services Administration list of parties excluded from Federal procurement and nonprocurement programs; and none of such parties are debarred, suspended, subject to a limited denial of participation or otherwise excluded under 2 CFR part 2424.

21. TRANSFER OF THE CONTRACT OR PROPERTY

a. When consent is required

1. The owner agrees that neither the HAP contract nor the property may be transferred without the advance written consent of the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.
2. "Transfer" includes:
 - a. Any sale or assignment or other transfer of ownership, in any form, of the HAP contract or the property;
 - b. The transfer of any right to receive housing assistance payments that may be payable pursuant to the HAP contract;

- c. The creation of a security interest in the HAP contract or the property;
 - d. Foreclosure or other execution on a security interest; or
 - e. A creditor's lien, or transfer in bankruptcy.
3. If the owner is a corporation, partnership, trust or joint venture, the owner is not required to obtain advance consent of the PHA pursuant to paragraph a for transfer of a passive and non-controlling interest in the ownership entity (such as a stock transfer or transfer of the interest of a limited partner), if any interests so transferred cumulatively represent less than half the beneficial interest in the HAP contract or the property. The owner must obtain advance consent pursuant to paragraph a for transfer of any interest of a general partner.

b. Transferee assumption of HAP contract

No transferee (including the holder of a security interest, the security holder's transferee or successor in interest, or the transferee upon exercise of a security interest) shall have any right to receive any payment of housing assistance payments pursuant to the HAP contract, or to exercise any rights or remedies under the HAP contract, unless the PHA has consented in advance, in writing to such transfer, and the transferee has agreed in writing, in a form acceptable to the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements, to assume the obligations of the owner under the HAP contract, and to comply with all the terms of the HAP contract.

c. Effect of consent to transfer

1. The creation or transfer of any security interest in the HAP contract is limited to amounts payable under the HAP contract in accordance with the terms of the HAP contract.
2. The PHA's consent to transfer of the HAP contract or the property does not change the terms of the HAP contract in any way, and does not change the rights or obligations of the PHA or the owner under the HAP contract.
3. The PHA's consent to transfer of the HAP contract or the property to any transferee does not constitute consent to any further transfers of the HAP contract or the property, including further transfers to any successors or assigns of an approved transferee.

d. When transfer is prohibited

The PHA will not consent to the transfer if any transferee, or any principal or interested party is debarred, suspended subject to a limited denial of participation, or otherwise excluded under 2 CFR part 2424, or is listed on the U.S. General Services Administration list of parties excluded from Federal procurement or nonprocurement programs.

22. SUBSIDY LAYERING

a. Owner disclosure

The owner must disclose to the PHA, in accordance with HUD requirements, information regarding any related assistance from the Federal Government, a State, or a unit of general local government, or any agency or instrumentality thereof, that is made available or is expected to be made available with respect to the contract units. Such related assistance includes, but is not limited to, any loan, grant, guarantee, insurance, payment, rebate, subsidy, credit, tax benefit, or any other form of direct or indirect assistance.

b. Limit of payments

Housing assistance payments under the HAP contract must be no more than is necessary, as determined in accordance with HUD requirements, to provide affordable housing after taking account of such related assistance. The PHA will adjust in accordance with HUD requirements the amount of the housing assistance payments to the owner to compensate in whole or in part for such related assistance.

23. OWNER LOBBYING CERTIFICATIONS

a. The owner certifies, to the best of owner's knowledge and belief, that:

1. No Federally appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the owner, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of the HAP contract, or the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of the HAP contract.
2. If any funds other than Federally appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to

influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the HAP contract, the owner must complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

- b. This certification by the owner is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352.

24. TERMINATION OF HAP CONTRACT FOR WRONGFUL SELECTION OF CONTRACT UNITS

The HAP contract may be terminated upon at least 30 days notice to the owner by the PHA or HUD if the PHA or HUD determines that the contract units were not eligible for selection in conformity with HUD requirements.

25. NOTICES AND OWNER CERTIFICATIONS

- a. Where the owner is required to give any notice to the PHA pursuant to the HAP contract or any other provision of law, such notice must be in writing and must be given in the form and manner required by the PHA.
- b. Any certification or warranty by the owner pursuant to the HAP contract shall be deemed a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into.

26. NOTICE OF TERMINATION OR EXPIRATION WITHOUT EXTENSION

- a. An owner must provide notice to the PHA, and to the affected tenants, not less than 1 year prior to the termination or expiration without extension of a HAP contract.
- b. An owner who fails to provide such notice must permit tenants to remain in their units for the required notice period with no increase in the tenant portion of the rent. During this time period, an owner may not evict a tenant as a result of the owner's inability to collect an increased tenant portion of rent. With PHA agreement, an owner may extend the terminating contract for a period of time sufficient to give tenants 1 years' advance notice.

27. FAMILY'S RIGHT TO REMAIN

Upon termination or expiration of the contract without extension, each family assisted under the contract may elect to use its assistance to remain in the project

if the family's unit complies with the inspection requirements under section 8(o)(8) (42 U.S.C. 1437f(o)(8) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 ("the 1937 Act")), the rent for the unit is reasonable as required by section 8(o)(10)(A) of the 1937 Act, and the family pays its required share of the rent and the amount, if any, by which the unit rent (including the amount allowed for tenant-paid utilities) exceeds the applicable payment standard.

28. ENTIRE AGREEMENT; INTERPRETATION

- a. The HAP contract, including the exhibits, is the entire agreement between the PHA and the owner.
- b. The HAP contract must be interpreted and implemented in accordance with all statutory requirements, and with all HUD requirements, including amendments or changes in HUD requirements during the term of the HAP contract. The owner agrees to comply with all such laws and HUD requirements. Any regulatory citation specifically included in this HAP contract is subject to any subsequent revision of such citation.

**U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Office of Public and Indian Housing**

**SECTION 8 PROJECT-BASED VOUCHER PROGRAM
HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS CONTRACT**

EXISTING HOUSING

PART 1 OF HAP CONTRACT

OMB Burden Statement. The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour. This form is required to establish terms between a PHA and owner to provide housing assistance. This contract allows a PHA to enter into a HAP contract with the owner to provide housing assistance payments for eligible families. Assurances of confidentiality are not provided under this collection. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions to reduce this burden, to the Office of Public and Indian Housing, US. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Washington, DC 20410. HUD may not conduct and sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection displays a valid control number.

Privacy Notice. The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is authorized to collect the information on this form by 24 CFR § 983.202. This contract allows a PHA to enter into a HAP contract with the owner to provide housing assistance payments for eligible families. Assurances of confidentiality are not provided under this collection. The Personally Identifiable Information (PII) data collected on this form are not stored or retrieved within a system of record.

1. CONTRACT INFORMATION

a. Parties

This housing assistance payments (HAP) contract is entered into between:

_____ (PHA) and
_____ (owner).

b. Contents of contract

The HAP contract consists of Part 1, Part 2, and the contract exhibits listed in paragraph c.

c. Contract exhibits

The HAP contract includes the following exhibits:

- EXHIBIT A: TOTAL NUMBER OF UNITS IN PROJECT COVERED BY THIS HAP CONTRACT; INITIAL RENT TO OWNER; AND DESCRIPTION OF THE CONTRACT UNITS. (See 24 CFR 983.203 for required items.)
- EXHIBIT B: SERVICES, MAINTENANCE AND EQUIPMENT TO BE PROVIDED BY THE OWNER WITHOUT CHARGES IN ADDITION TO RENT TO OWNER
- EXHIBIT C: UTILITIES AVAILABLE IN THE CONTRACT UNITS, INCLUDING A LISTING OF UTILITY SERVICES TO BE PAID BY THE OWNER (WITHOUT CHARGES IN ADDITION TO RENT TO OWNER) AND UTILITIES TO BE PAID BY THE TENANTS
- EXHIBIT D: FEATURES PROVIDED TO COMPLY WITH PROGRAM ACCESSIBILITY FEATURES OF SECTION 504 OF THE REHABILITATION ACT OF 1973 AND IMPLEMENTING REGULATIONS AT 24 CFR PART 8

ADDITIONAL EXHIBITS

d. Effective date and term of the HAP contract

1. Effective date

- a. The PHA may not enter into a HAP contract for any contract unit until the PHA (or an independent entity, as applicable) has determined that the unit meets the PBV inspection requirements.
- b. For all contract units, the effective date of the HAP contract is:
_____.
- c. The term of the HAP contract begins on the effective date.

2. Length of initial term

- a. Subject to paragraph 2.b, the initial term of the HAP contract for all contract units is:
_____.
- b. The initial term of the HAP contract may not be less than one year,

nor more than twenty years.

3. Extension of term

The PHA and owner may agree to enter into an extension of the HAP contract at the time of initial HAP contract execution, or any time prior to expiration of the contract. Any extension, including the term of such extension, must be in accordance with HUD requirements. A PHA must determine that any extension is appropriate to achieve long-term affordability of the housing or expand housing opportunities.

4. Requirement for sufficient appropriated funding

- a. The length of the initial term and any extension term shall be subject to availability, as determined by HUD, or by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements, of sufficient appropriated funding (budget authority), as provided in appropriations acts and in the PHA's annual contributions contract (ACC) with HUD, to make full payment of housing assistance payments due to the owner for any contract year in accordance with the HAP contract.
- b. The availability of sufficient funding must be determined by HUD or by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements. If it is determined that there may not be sufficient funding to continue housing assistance payments for all contract units and for the full term of the HAP contract, the PHA has the right to terminate the HAP contract by notice to the owner for all or any of the contract units. Such action by the PHA shall be implemented in accordance with HUD requirements.

e. Occupancy and payment

1. Payment for occupied unit

During the term of the HAP contract, the PHA shall make housing assistance payments to the owner for the months during which a contract unit is leased to and occupied by an eligible family. If an assisted family moves out of a contract unit, the owner may keep the housing assistance payment for the calendar month when the family moves out (“move-out month”). However, the owner may not keep the payment if the PHA determines that the vacancy is the owner’s fault.

2. Vacancy payment

THE PHA HAS DISCRETION WHETHER TO INCLUDE THE VACANCY PAYMENT PROVISION (PARAGRAPH e.2), OR TO STRIKE THIS PROVISION FROM THE HAP CONTRACT FORM.

- a. If an assisted family moves out of a contract unit, the PHA may provide vacancy payments to the owner for a PHA-determined vacancy period extending from the beginning of the first calendar month after the move-out month for a period not exceeding two full months following the move-out month.
- b. The vacancy payment to the owner for each month of the maximum two-month period will be determined by the PHA, and cannot exceed the monthly rent to owner under the assisted lease, minus any portion of the rental payment received by the owner (including amounts available from the tenant's security deposit). Any vacancy payment may cover only the period the unit remains vacant.
- c. The PHA may make vacancy payments to the owner only if:
 1. The owner gives the PHA prompt, written notice certifying that the family has vacated the unit and the date when the family moved out (to the best of the owner's knowledge and belief);
 2. The owner certifies that the vacancy is not the fault of the owner and that the unit was vacant during the period for which payment is claimed;
 3. The owner certifies that it has taken every reasonable action to minimize the likelihood and length of vacancy; and
 4. The owner provides any additional information required and requested by the PHA to verify that the owner is entitled to the vacancy payment.
- d. The PHA must take every reasonable action to minimize the likelihood and length of vacancy.
- e. The owner may refer families to the PHA for placement on the PBV waiting list.

- f. The owner must submit a request for vacancy payments in the form and manner required by the PHA and must provide any information or substantiation required by the PHA to determine the amount of any vacancy payments.

3. PHA is not responsible for family damage or debt to owner

Except as provided in this paragraph e (Occupancy and Payment), the PHA will not make any other payment to the owner under the HAP contract. The PHA will not make any payment to the owner for any damages to the unit, or for any other amounts owed by a family under the family's lease.

f. Income-mixing requirement

1. Except as provided in paragraphs f.2 through f.5 below, the PHA will not make housing assistance payments under the HAP contract for more than the greater of 25 units or 25 percent of the total number of dwelling units (assisted or unassisted) in any project. The term "project" means a single building, multiple contiguous buildings, or multiple buildings on contiguous parcels of land assisted under this HAP contract.
2. The limitation in paragraph f.1 does not apply to single-family buildings.
3. In referring eligible families to the owner for admission to the number of contract units in any project exceeding the 25 unit or 25 percent limitation under paragraph f.1, the PHA shall give preference to the applicable families as listed in f.8 below, for the number of contract units exclusively made available for occupancy by such families. The owner shall rent that number of contract units to such families referred by the PHA from the PHA waiting list.
4. Up to the greater of 25 units or 40 percent of units (instead of the greater of 25 units or 25 percent of units) in a project may be project-based if the project is located in a census tract with a poverty rate of 20 percent or less.
5. Units that were previously subject to certain federal rent restrictions or receiving another type of long-term housing subsidy provided by HUD do not count toward the income-mixing requirement if, in the five years prior to issuance of the Request for Proposal or notice of owner selection (for projects selected based on a prior competition or without competition), the unit received one of the forms of HUD assistance or was under a federal rent restriction as described in f.6 and f.7, below.

6. The following specifies the number of contract units (if any) that received one of the following forms of HUD assistance:

- Public Housing or Operating Funds;
- Project-Based Rental Assistance (including Mod Rehab and Mod Rehab Single-Room Occupancy);
- Housing for the Elderly (Section 202 or the Housing Act of 1959);
- Housing for Persons with Disabilities (Section 811 of the Cranston-Gonzalez Affordable Housing Act);
- Rent Supplement Program;
- Rental Assistance Program;
- Flexible Subsidy Program.

Place a check mark in front of the form of assistance received by any of the contract units. The following total number of contract units received a form of HUD assistance listed above:

_____.

If all of the units in the project received such assistance, you may skip number g.8, below.

7. The following specifies the number of contract units (if any) that were under any of the following federal rent restrictions:

- Section 236;
- Section 221(d)(3) or (d)(4) BMIR (below-market interest rate);
- Housing for the Elderly (Section 202 or the Housing Act of 1959);
- Housing for Persons with Disabilities (Section 811 of the Cranston-Gonzalez Affordable Housing Act);
- Flexible Subsidy Program.

Place a check mark in front of the type of federal rent restriction that applied to any of the contract units. The following total number of contract

units were subject to a federal rent restriction listed above:

_____.

If all of the units in the project were subject to a federal rent restriction, you may skip number g.8, below.

8. The following specifies the number of contract units (if any) exclusively made available to elderly families, families eligible for supportive services, or eligible youth receiving Family Unification Program or Foster Youth to Independence (FUP/FYI) assistance:

a. Place a check mark here ___ if any contract units are exclusively made available for occupancy by elderly families; The following number of contract units shall be rented to elderly families:

_____.

b. Place a check mark here ___ if any contract units are exclusively made available for occupancy by families eligible for supportive services. The following number of contract units shall be rented to families eligible for supportive services:

_____.

c. Place a check mark here ___ if any contract units are exclusively made available for occupancy by eligible youth receiving FUP/FYI assistance. The following number of contract units shall be rented to eligible families receiving FUP/FYI assistance:

_____.

9. The PHA and owner must comply with all HUD requirements regarding income mixing.

EXECUTION OF HAP CONTRACT FOR EXISTING HOUSING

I/We, the undersigned, certify under penalty of perjury that the information provided above is true and correct. WARNING: Anyone who knowingly submits a false claim or makes a false statement is subject to criminal and/or civil penalties, including confinement for up to 5 years, fines, and civil and administrative penalties. (18 U.S.C. §§ 287, 1001, 1010, 1012; 31 U.S.C. §3729, 3802).

| |
|--|
| PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCY (PHA) Name of PHA (Print) |
| By: |
| Signature of authorized representative |
| Name and official title (Print) |
| Date |
| OWNER Name of Owner (Print) |
| By: |
| Signature of authorized representative |
| Name and official title (Print) |
| Date |

**U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Office of Public and Indian Housing**

SECTION 8 PROJECT-BASED VOUCHER PROGRAM

**HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS CONTRACT
EXISTING HOUSING**

PART 2 OF HAP CONTRACT

OMB Burden Statement. The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour. This form is required to establish terms between a PHA and owner to provide housing assistance. This contract allows a PHA to enter into a HAP contract with the owner to provide housing assistance payments for eligible families. Assurances of confidentiality are not provided under this collection. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions to reduce this burden, to the Office of Public and Indian Housing, US. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Washington, DC 20410. HUD may not conduct and sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection displays a valid control number.

2. DEFINITIONS

Contract units. The housing units covered by this HAP contract. The contract units are described in Exhibit A.

Controlling interest. In the context of PHA-owned units (see definition below), controlling interest means:

- (a) Holding more than 50 percent of the stock of any corporation; or
- (b) Having the power to appoint more than 50 percent of the members of the board of directors of a non-stock corporation (such as a non-profit corporation); or
- (c) Where more than 50 percent of the members of the board of directors of any corporation also serve as directors, officers, or employees of the PHA; or
- (d) Holding more than 50 percent of all managing member interests in an LLC; or
- (e) Holding more than 50 percent of all general partner interests in a partnership;
or
- (f) Having equivalent levels of control in other ownership structures.

Existing housing. Housing units that already exist on the proposal selection date

and that substantially comply with the housing quality standards on that date. The units must fully comply with the housing quality standards before execution of the HAP contract.

Family. The persons approved by the PHA to reside in a contract unit with assistance under the program.

HAP contract. This housing assistance payments contract between the PHA and the owner. The contract consists of Part 1, Part 2, and the contract exhibits (listed in section 1.c of the HAP contract).

Household. The family and any PHA-approved live-in aide.

Housing assistance payment. The monthly assistance payment by the PHA for a contract unit, which includes: (1) a payment to the owner for rent to the owner under the family's lease minus the tenant rent; and (2) an additional payment to or on behalf of the family if the utility allowance exceeds total tenant payment.

Housing quality standards (HQS). The HUD minimum quality standards for dwelling units occupied by families receiving project-based voucher program assistance.

HUD. U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

HUD requirements. HUD requirements which apply to the project-based voucher program. HUD requirements are issued by HUD headquarters, as regulations, Federal Register notices or other binding program directives.

Owner. Any person or entity who has the legal right to lease or sublease a unit to a participant.

Premises. The building or complex in which a contract unit is located, including common areas or grounds.

Principal or interested party. This term includes a management agent and other persons or entities participating in project management, and the officers and principal members, shareholders, investors, and other parties having a substantial interest in the HAP contract, or in any proceeds or benefits arising from the HAP contract.

Program. The project-based voucher program (see authorization for project-based assistance at 42 U.S.C. 1437f(o)(13)).

PHA. Public Housing Agency. The agency that has entered into the HAP contract with the owner. The agency is a public housing agency as defined in the United

States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437a(b)(6)).

PHA-owned units. A unit is “owned by a PHA” if the unit is in a project that is:

(a) Owned by the PHA (which includes a PHA having a “controlling interest” in the entity that owns the unit; see definition above);

(b) Owned by an entity wholly controlled by the PHA; or

(c) Owned by a limited liability company (LLC) or limited partnership in which the PHA (or an entity wholly controlled by the PHA) holds a controlling interest in the managing member or general partner.

Proposal selection date. The date the PHA gives written notice of proposal selection to the owner whose proposal is selected in accordance with the criteria established in the PHA’s administrative plan.

Rent to owner. The total monthly rent payable to the owner under the lease for a contract unit. Rent to owner includes payment for any housing services, maintenance and utilities to be provided by the owner in accordance with the lease.

Tenant. The person or persons (other than a live-in aide) who executes the lease as a lessee of the dwelling unit.

Tenant rent. The portion of the rent to owner payable by the family, as determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements. The PHA is not responsible for paying any part of the tenant rent.

3. **PURPOSE**

- a. This is a HAP contract between the PHA and the owner.
- b. The purpose of the HAP contract is to provide housing assistance payments for eligible families who lease contract units that comply with the HUD HQS from the owner.
- c. The PHA must make housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract for contract units leased and occupied by eligible families during the HAP contract term. HUD provides funds to the PHA to make housing assistance payments to owners for eligible families.

4. RENT TO OWNER; HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS

a. Amount of initial rent to owner

The initial rent to owner for each contract unit is stated in Exhibit A, which is attached to and made a part of the HAP contract. At the beginning of the HAP contract term, and until rent to owner is adjusted in accordance with section 5 of the HAP contract, the rent to owner for each bedroom size (number of bedrooms) shall be the initial rent to owner amount listed in Exhibit A.

Place a check mark here ___ if the PHA has elected not to reduce rents below the initial rent to owner.

b. HUD rent requirements

Notwithstanding any other provision of the HAP contract, the rent to owner may in no event exceed the amount authorized in accordance with HUD requirements. The PHA has the right to reduce the rent to owner, at any time, to correct any errors in establishing or adjusting the rent to owner in accordance with HUD requirements. The PHA may recover any overpayment from the owner.

c. PHA payment to owner

1. Each month the PHA must make a housing assistance payment to the owner for a unit under lease to and occupied by an eligible family in accordance with the HAP contract.
 2. The monthly housing assistance payment to the owner for a contract unit is equal to the amount by which the rent to owner exceeds the tenant rent.
 3. Payment of the tenant rent is the responsibility of the family. The PHA is not responsible for paying any part of the tenant rent, or for paying any other claim by the owner against a family. The PHA is responsible only for making housing assistance payments to the owner on behalf of a family in accordance with the HAP contract.
 4. The owner will be paid the housing assistance payment under the HAP contract on or about the first day of the month for which payment is due, unless the owner and the PHA agree on a later date.
 5. To receive housing assistance payments in accordance with the
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HAP contract, the owner must comply with all the provisions of the HAP contract. Unless the owner complies with all the provisions of the HAP contract, the owner does not have a right to receive housing assistance payments.

6. If the PHA determines that the owner is not entitled to the payment or any part of it, the PHA, in addition to other remedies, may deduct the amount of the overpayment from any amounts due the owner, including amounts due under any other housing assistance payments contract.
7. The owner will notify the PHA promptly of any change of circumstances that would affect the amount of the monthly housing assistance payment, and will return any payment that does not conform to the changed circumstances.

d. Termination of assistance for family

The PHA may terminate housing assistance for a family under the HAP contract in accordance with HUD requirements. The PHA must notify the owner in writing of its decision to terminate housing assistance for the family in such case.

5. ADJUSTMENT OF RENT TO OWNER

a. PHA determination of adjusted rent

1. At each annual anniversary during the term of the HAP contract, the PHA shall adjust the amount of rent to owner, upon request to the PHA by the owner, in accordance with law and HUD requirements. In addition, the PHA shall adjust the rent to owner when there is a ten percent decrease in the published, applicable Fair Market Rent in accordance with 24 CFR 983.302. However, if the PHA has elected within the HAP contract not to reduce rents below the initial rent to owner, the rent to owner shall not be reduced below the initial rent to owner except in those cases described in 24 CFR 983.302(c)(2).
2. The adjustment of rent to owner shall always be determined in accordance with all HUD requirements. The amount of the rent to owner may be adjusted up or down, in the amount defined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.

b. Reasonable rent

The rent to owner for each contract unit, as adjusted by the PHA in accordance with 24 CFR 983.303, may at no time exceed the reasonable rent charged for comparable units in the private unassisted market, except in cases where the PHA has elected within the HAP contract not to reduce rents below the initial rent to owner. The reasonable rent shall be determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.

c. No special adjustments

The PHA will not make any special adjustments of the rent to owner.

d. Owner compliance with HAP contract

The PHA shall not approve, and the owner shall not receive, any increase of rent to owner unless all contract units are in accordance with the HQS, and the owner has complied with the terms of the assisted leases and the HAP contract.

e. Notice of rent adjustment

Rent to owner shall be adjusted by written notice by the PHA to the owner in accordance with this section. Such notice constitutes an amendment of the rents specified in Exhibit A.

6. OWNER RESPONSIBILITY

The owner is responsible for:

- a. Performing all management and rental functions for the contract units.
- b. Maintaining the units in accordance with HQS.
- c. Complying with equal opportunity requirements.
- d. Enforcing tenant obligations under the lease.
- e. Paying for utilities and housing services (unless paid by the family under the lease).
- f. Collecting from the tenant:
 1. Any security deposit;

2. The tenant rent; and
3. Any charge for unit damage by the family.

7. OWNER CERTIFICATION

The owner certifies that at all times during the term of the HAP contract:

- a. All contract units are in good and tenantable condition. The owner is maintaining the premises and all contract units in accordance with the HQS.
- b. The owner is providing all the services, maintenance and utilities as agreed to under the HAP contract and the leases with assisted families.
- c. Each contract unit for which the owner is receiving housing assistance payments is leased to an eligible family referred by the PHA, and the lease is in accordance with the HAP contract and HUD requirements.
- d. To the best of the owner's knowledge, the members of the family reside in each contract unit for which the owner is receiving housing assistance payments, and the unit is the family's only residence.
- e. The owner (including a principal or other interested party) is not the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister, or brother of any member of a family residing in a contract unit unless the PHA has determined that approving leasing of the unit would provide a reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities.
- f. The amount of the housing assistance payment is the correct amount due under the HAP contract.
- g. The rent to owner for each contract unit does not exceed rents charged by the owner for other comparable unassisted units.
- h. Except for the housing assistance payment and the tenant rent as provided under the HAP contract, the owner has not received and will not receive any payments or other consideration (from the family, the PHA, HUD, or any other public or private source) for rental of the contract unit.
- i. The family does not own, or have any interest in the contract unit. If the owner is a cooperative, the family may be a member of the cooperative.

8. CONDITION OF UNITS

a. Owner maintenance and operation

The owner must maintain and operate the contract units and premises to provide decent, safe and sanitary housing in accordance with the HQS, including performance of ordinary and extraordinary maintenance. The owner must provide all the services, maintenance and utilities set forth in Exhibits B and C, and in the lease with each assisted family.

b. PHA inspections

1. The PHA must inspect each contract unit before execution of the HAP contract. The PHA may not enter into a HAP contract covering a unit until the unit fully complies with the HQS.
2. Before providing assistance to a new family in a contract unit, the PHA must inspect the unit. The PHA may not provide assistance on behalf of the family until the unit fully complies with the HQS.
3. At least biennially during the term of the HAP contract, the PHA must inspect a random sample, consisting of at least 20 percent of the contract units in each building, to determine if the contract units and the premises are maintained in accordance with the HQS. Turnover inspections pursuant to paragraph 2 of this section are not counted toward meeting this biennial inspection requirement.
4. If more than 20 percent of the sample of inspected contract units in a building fail the initial inspection, the PHA must reinspect 100 percent of the contract units in the building.
5. The PHA must inspect contract units whenever needed to determine that the contract units comply with the HQS and that the owner is providing maintenance, utilities, and other services in accordance with the HAP contract. The PHA must take into account complaints and any other information that comes to its attention in scheduling inspections.

c. Violation of the housing quality standards

1. If the PHA determines a contract unit is not in accordance with the HQS, the PHA may exercise any of its remedies under the HAP contract for all or any contract units. Such remedies include

termination, suspension or reduction of housing assistance payments, and termination of the HAP contract.

2. The PHA may exercise any such contractual remedy respecting a contract unit even if the family continues to occupy the unit.
3. The PHA shall not make any housing assistance for a dwelling unit that fails to meet the HQS, unless the owner corrects the defect within the period specified by the PHA and the PHA verifies the correction. If a defect is life threatening, the owner must correct the defect within no more than 24 hours. For other defects, the owner must correct the defect within no more than 30 calendar days (or any PHA-approved extension).

d. Maintenance and replacement—owner’s standard practice

Maintenance and replacement (including redecoration) must be in accordance with the standard practice for the building concerned as established by the owner.

9. LEASING CONTRACT UNITS

a. Selection of tenants

1. During the term of the HAP contract, the owner must lease all contract units to eligible families selected and referred by the PHA from the PHA waiting list. (See 24 CFR 983.251.)
2. The owner is responsible for adopting written tenant selection procedures that are consistent with the purpose of improving housing opportunities for very low-income families and reasonably related to program eligibility and an applicant’s ability to perform the lease obligations.
3. Consistent with HUD requirements and Federal civil rights and fair housing requirements, the owner may apply its own nondiscriminatory tenant selection procedures in determining whether to admit a family referred by the PHA for occupancy of a contract unit. The owner may refer families to the PHA for placement on the PBV waiting list.
4. The owner must promptly notify in writing any rejected applicant of the grounds for rejection.
5. The PHA must determine family eligibility in accordance with

HUD requirements.

6. The contract unit leased to each family must be appropriate for the size of the family under the PHA's subsidy standards.
7. If a contract unit was occupied by an eligible family at the time the unit was selected by the PHA, or is so occupied on the effective date of the HAP contract, the owner must offer the family the opportunity to lease the same or another appropriately-sized contract unit with assistance under the HAP contract.
8. The owner is responsible for screening and selecting tenants from the families referred by the PHA from its waiting list.

b. Vacancies

1. The owner must promptly notify the PHA of any vacancy in a contract unit. After receiving the owner notice, the PHA shall make every reasonable effort to refer a sufficient number of families for owner to fill the vacancy.
2. The owner must rent vacant contract units to eligible families on the PHA waiting list referred by the PHA.
3. The PHA and the owner must make reasonable, good faith efforts to minimize the likelihood and length of any vacancy.
4. If any contract units have been vacant for a period of 120 or more days since owner notice of vacancy (and notwithstanding the reasonable, good faith efforts of the PHA to fill such vacancies), the PHA may give notice to the owner amending the HAP contract to reduce the number of contract units by subtracting the number of contract units (by number of bedrooms) that have been vacant for such period.

10. TENANCY

a. Lease

The lease between the owner and each assisted family must be in accordance with HUD requirements. In all cases, the lease must include the HUD-required tenancy addendum. The tenancy addendum must include, word-for-word, all provisions required by HUD.

b. Termination of tenancy

1. The owner may terminate a tenancy only in accordance with the lease and HUD requirements.
2. The owner must give the PHA a copy of any owner eviction notice to the tenant at the same time that the owner gives notice to the tenant. Owner eviction notice means a notice to vacate, or a complaint or other initial pleading used to commence an eviction action under State or local law.

c. Family payment

1. The portion of the monthly rent to owner payable by the family (“tenant rent”) will be determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements. The amount of the tenant rent is subject to change during the term of the HAP contract. Any changes in the amount of the tenant rent will be effective on the date stated in a notice by the PHA to the family and the owner.
2. The amount of the tenant rent as determined by the PHA is the maximum amount the owner may charge the family for rent of a contract unit, including all housing services, maintenance and utilities to be provided by the owner in accordance with the HAP contract and the lease.
3. The owner may not demand or accept any rent payment from the tenant in excess of the tenant rent as determined by the PHA. The owner must immediately return any excess rent payment to the tenant.
4. The family is not responsible for payment of the portion of the contract rent covered by the housing assistance payment under the HAP contract. The owner may not terminate the tenancy of an assisted family for nonpayment of the PHA housing assistance payment.
5. The PHA is responsible only for making the housing assistance payments to the owner on behalf of the family in accordance with the HAP contract. The PHA is not responsible for paying the tenant rent, or any other claim by the owner.

d. Other owner charges

1. Except as provided in paragraph 2, the owner may not require the tenant or family members to pay charges for meals or supportive services. Nonpayment of such charges is not grounds for termination of tenancy.
2. In assisted living developments receiving project-based voucher assistance, owners may charge tenants, family members, or both for meals or supportive services. These charges may not be included in the rent to owner, nor may the value of meals and supportive services be included in the calculation of reasonable rent. Non-payment of such charges is grounds for termination of the lease by the owner in an assisted living development.
3. The owner may not charge the tenant or family members extra amounts for items customarily included in rent in the locality or provided at no additional cost to the unsubsidized tenant in the premises.

e. Security deposit

1. The owner may collect a security deposit from the family.
2. The owner must comply with HUD and PHA requirements, which may change from time to time, regarding security deposits from a tenant.
3. The PHA may prohibit security deposits in excess of private market practice, or in excess of amounts charged by the owner to unassisted families.
4. When the family moves out of the contract unit, the owner, subject to State and local law, may use the security deposit, including any interest on the deposit, in accordance with the lease, as reimbursement for any unpaid tenant rent, damages to the unit or other amounts which the family owes under the lease. The owner must give the family a written list of all items charged against the security deposit and the amount of each item. After deducting the amount used as reimbursement to the owner, the owner must promptly refund the full amount of the balance to the family.
5. If the security deposit is not sufficient to cover amounts the family owes under the lease, the owner may seek to collect the balance from the family. However, the PHA has no liability or responsibility for payment of any amount owed by the family to

the owner.

11. FAMILY RIGHT TO MOVE

- a. The family may terminate its lease at any time after the first year of occupancy. The family must give the owner advance written notice of intent to vacate (with a copy to the PHA) in accordance with the lease. If the family has elected to terminate the lease in this manner, the PHA must offer the family the opportunity for tenant-based rental assistance in accordance with HUD requirements.
- b. Before providing notice to terminate the lease under paragraph a, the family must first contact the PHA to request tenant-based rental assistance if the family wishes to move with continued assistance. If tenant-based rental assistance is not immediately available upon lease termination, the PHA shall give the family priority to receive the next available opportunity for tenant-based rental assistance.

12. OVERCROWDED, UNDER-OCCUPIED, AND ACCESSIBLE UNITS

The PHA subsidy standards determine the appropriate unit size for the family size and composition. The PHA and owner must comply with the requirements in 24 CFR 983.260. If the PHA determines that a family is occupying a wrong-size unit, or a unit with accessibility features that the family does not require, and the unit is needed by a family that requires the accessibility features, the PHA must promptly notify the family and the owner of this determination, and of the PHA's offer of continued assistance in another unit. 24 CFR 983.260(a).

13. PROHIBITION OF DISCRIMINATION

- a. The owner may not refuse to lease contract units to, or otherwise discriminate against any person or family in leasing of a contract unit, because of race, color, religion, sex (including sexual orientation and gender identity), national origin, disability, age or familial status.
- b. The owner must comply with the following requirements: The Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3601-19) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 100 *et seq.*; Executive Order 11063, as amended by Executive Order 12259 (3 CFR, 1959-1963 Comp., p. 652 and 3 CFR, 1980 Comp., p. 307) (Equal Opportunity in Housing Programs) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 107; title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d-2000d-4) (Nondiscrimination in Federally Assisted Programs) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 1; the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (42 U.S.C. 6101-6107) and implementing

regulations at 24 CFR part 146; section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 8; title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. 12101 *et seq.*; 28 CFR part 35; Executive Order 11246, as amended by Executive Orders 11375, 11478, 12086, and 12107 (3 CFR, 1964-1965 Comp., p. 339; 3 CFR, 1966-1970 Comp., p. 684; 3 CFR, 1966-1970 Comp., p. 803; 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 230; and 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 264, respectively) (Equal Employment Opportunity Programs) and implementing regulations at 41 CFR chapter 60; Executive Order 11625, as amended by Executive Order 12007 (3 CFR, 1971-1975 Comp., p. 616 and 3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 139) (Minority Business Enterprises); Executive Order 12432 (3 CFR, 1983 Comp., p. 198) (Minority Business Enterprise Development); and Executive Order 12138, as amended by Executive Order 12608 (3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 393 and 3 CFR, 1987 Comp., p. 245) (Women's Business Enterprise).

- c. The owner must comply with HUD's Equal Access to HUD-assisted or -insured housing rule (24 CFR 5.105(a)(2)).
- d. The owner must comply with the Violence Against Women Act, as amended, and HUD's implementing regulation at 24 CFR part 5, Subpart L, and program regulations.
- e. The PHA and the owner must cooperate with HUD in the conducting of compliance reviews and complaint investigations pursuant to all applicable civil rights statutes, Executive Orders, and all related rules and regulations.

14. PHA DEFAULT AND HUD REMEDIES

If HUD determines that the PHA has failed to comply with the HAP contract, or has failed to take appropriate action to HUD's satisfaction or as directed by HUD, for enforcement of the PHA's rights under the HAP contract, HUD may assume the PHA's rights and obligations under the HAP contract, and may perform the obligations and enforce the rights of the PHA under the HAP contract.

15. OWNER DEFAULT AND PHA REMEDIES

a. Owner default

Any of the following is a default by the owner under the HAP contract:

- 1. The owner has failed to comply with any obligation under the HAP contract, including the owner's obligations to maintain all contract

units in accordance with the housing quality standards.

2. The owner has violated any obligation under any other housing assistance payments contract under Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f).
3. The owner has committed any fraud or made any false statement to the PHA or HUD in connection with the HAP contract.
4. The owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any Federal housing assistance program.
5. If the property where the contract units are located is subject to a lien or security interest securing a HUD loan or a mortgage insured by HUD and:
 - a. The owner has failed to comply with the regulations for the applicable mortgage insurance or loan program, with the mortgage or mortgage note, or with the regulatory agreement; or
 - b. The owner has committed fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with the HUD loan or HUD-insured mortgage.
6. The owner has engaged in any drug-related criminal activity or any violent criminal activity.

b. PHA remedies

1. If the PHA determines that a breach has occurred, the PHA may exercise any of its rights or remedies under the HAP contract.
2. The PHA must notify the owner in writing of such determination. The notice by the PHA to the owner may require the owner to take corrective action (as verified by the PHA) by a time prescribed in the notice.
3. The PHA's rights and remedies under the HAP contract include recovery of overpayments, termination or reduction of housing assistance payments, and termination of the HAP contract.

c. PHA remedy is not waived

The PHA's exercise or non-exercise of any remedy for owner breach of the HAP contract is not a waiver of the right to exercise that remedy or any other right or remedy at any time.

16. OWNER DUTY TO PROVIDE INFORMATION AND ACCESS REQUIRED BY HUD OR PHA

a. Required information

The owner must prepare and furnish any information pertinent to the HAP contract as may reasonably be required from time to time by the PHA or HUD. The owner shall furnish such information in the form and manner required by the PHA or HUD.

b. PHA and HUD access to premises

The owner must permit the PHA or HUD or any of their authorized representatives to have access to the premises during normal business hours and, for the purpose of audit and examination, to have access to any books, documents, papers and records of the owner to the extent necessary to determine compliance with the HAP contract, including the verification of information pertinent to the housing assistance payments or the HAP contract.

17. PHA AND OWNER RELATION TO THIRD PARTIES

a. Injury because of owner action or failure to act

The PHA has no responsibility for or liability to any person injured as a result of the owner's action or failure to act in connection with the implementation of the HAP contract, or as a result of any other action or failure to act by the owner.

b. Legal relationship

The owner is not the agent of the PHA. The HAP contract does not create or affect any relationship between the PHA and any lender to the owner or any suppliers, employees, contractors or subcontractors used by the owner in connection with the implementation of the HAP contract.

c. Exclusion of third-party claims

Nothing in the HAP contract shall be construed as creating any right of a family or other third party (other than HUD) to enforce any provision of the HAP contract, or to assert any claim against HUD, the PHA or the

owner under the HAP contract.

d. Exclusion of owner claims against HUD

Nothing in the HAP contract shall be construed as creating any right of the owner to assert any claim against HUD.

18. PHA-OWNED UNITS

Notwithstanding Section 17 of this HAP contract, a PHA may own units assisted under the project-based voucher program, subject to the special requirements in 24 CFR 983.59 regarding PHA-owned units.

19. CONFLICT OF INTEREST

a. Interest of members, officers, or employees of PHA, members of local governing body, or other public officials

1. No present or former member or officer of the PHA (except tenant-commissioners), no employee of the PHA who formulates policy or influences decisions with respect to the housing choice voucher program or project-based voucher program, and no public official or member of a governing body or State or local legislator who exercises functions or responsibilities with respect to these programs, shall have any direct or indirect interest, during his or her tenure or for one year thereafter, or in the HAP contract.
2. HUD may waive this provision for good cause.

b. Disclosure

The owner has disclosed to the PHA any interest that would be a violation of the HAP contract. The owner must fully and promptly update such disclosures.

c. Interest of member of or delegate to Congress

No member of or delegate to the Congress of the United States of America or resident-commissioner shall be admitted to any share or part of this HAP Contract or to any benefits arising from the contract.

20. EXCLUSION FROM FEDERAL PROGRAMS

a. Federal requirements

The owner must comply with and is subject to requirements of 2 CFR part 2424.

b. Disclosure

The owner certifies that:

1. The owner has disclosed to the PHA the identity of the owner and any principal or interested party.
2. Neither the owner nor any principal or interested party is listed on the U.S. General Services Administration list of parties excluded from Federal procurement and non-procurement programs; and none of such parties are debarred, suspended, subject to a limited denial of participation or otherwise excluded under 2 CFR part 2424.

21. TRANSFER OF THE CONTRACT OR PROPERTY

a. When consent is required

1. The owner agrees that neither the HAP contract nor the property may be transferred without the advance written consent of the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.
2. “Transfer” includes:
 - i. Any sale or assignment or other transfer of ownership, in any form, of the HAP contract or the property;
 - ii. The transfer of any right to receive housing assistance payments that may be payable pursuant to the HAP contract;
 - iii. The creation of a security interest in the HAP contract or the property;
 - iv. Foreclosure or other execution on a security interest; or
 - v. A creditor’s lien, or transfer in bankruptcy.
3. If the owner is a corporation, partnership, trust or joint venture, the owner is not required to obtain advance consent of the PHA

pursuant to paragraph a for transfer of a passive and non-controlling interest in the ownership entity (such as a stock transfer or transfer of the interest of a limited partner), if any interests so transferred cumulatively represent less than half the beneficial interest in the HAP contract or the property. The owner must obtain advance consent pursuant to paragraph a for transfer of any interest of a general partner.

b. Transferee assumption of HAP contract

No transferee (including the holder of a security interest, the security holder's transferee or successor in interest, or the transferee upon exercise of a security interest) shall have any right to receive any payment of housing assistance payments pursuant to the HAP contract, or to exercise any rights or remedies under the HAP contract, unless the PHA has consented in advance, in writing to such transfer, and the transferee has agreed in writing, in a form acceptable to the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements, to assume the obligations of the owner under the HAP contract, and to comply with all the terms of the HAP contract.

c. Effect of consent to transfer

1. The creation or transfer of any security interest in the HAP contract is limited to amounts payable under the HAP contract in accordance with the terms of the HAP contract.
2. The PHA's consent to transfer of the HAP contract or the property does not to change the terms of the HAP contract in any way, and does not change the rights or obligations of the PHA or the owner under the HAP contract.
3. The PHA's consent to transfer of the HAP contract or the property to any transferee does not constitute consent to any further transfers of the HAP contract or the property, including further transfers to any successors or assigns of an approved transferee.

d. When transfer is prohibited

The PHA will not consent to the transfer if any transferee, or any principal or interested party is debarred, suspended subject to a limited denial of participation, or otherwise excluded under 2 CFR part 2424, or is listed on the U.S. General Services Administration list of parties excluded from Federal procurement or non-procurement programs.

22. SUBSIDY LAYERING

A subsidy layering review is not required for existing housing projects.

23. OWNER LOBBYING CERTIFICATIONS

- a. The owner certifies, to the best of owner's knowledge and belief, that:
 - 1. No Federally appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the owner, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of the HAP contract, or the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of the HAP contract.
 - 2. If any funds other than Federally appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the HAP contract, the owner must complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.
- b. This certification by the owner is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352.

24. TERMINATION OF HAP CONTRACT FOR WRONGFUL SELECTION OF CONTRACT UNITS

The HAP contract may be terminated upon at least 30 days notice to the owner by the PHA or HUD if the PHA or HUD determines that the contract units were not eligible for selection in conformity with HUD requirements.

25. NOTICES AND OWNER CERTIFICATIONS

- a. Where the owner is required to give any notice to the PHA pursuant to the HAP contract or any other provision of law, such notice must be in writing and must be given in the form and manner required by the PHA.
- b. Any certification or warranty by the owner pursuant to the HAP contract shall be deemed a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into.

26. NOTICE OF TERMINATION OR EXPIRATION WITHOUT

EXTENSION

- a. An owner must provide notice to the PHA, and to the affected tenants, not less than 1 year prior to the termination or expiration without extension of a HAP contract.
- b. An owner who fails to provide such notice must permit tenants to remain in their units for the required notice period with no increase in the tenant portion of the rent. During this time period, an owner may not evict a tenant as a result of the owner's inability to collect an increased tenant portion of rent. With PHA agreement, an owner may extend the terminating contract for a period of time sufficient to give tenants 1 year advance notice.

27. FAMILY'S RIGHT TO REMAIN

Upon termination or expiration of the contract without extension, each family assisted under the contract may elect to use its assistance to remain in the project if the family's unit complies with the inspection requirements under section 8(o)(8) (42 U.S.C. 1437f(o)(8) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 ("the 1937 Act")), the rent for the unit is reasonable as required by section 8(o)(10)(A) of the 1937 Act, and the family pays its required share of the rent and the amount, if any, by which the unit rent (including the amount allowed for tenant-paid utilities) exceeds the applicable payment standard.

28. ENTIRE AGREEMENT; INTERPRETATION

- a. The HAP contract, including the exhibits, is the entire agreement between the PHA and the owner.
- b. The HAP contract must be interpreted and implemented in accordance with all statutory requirements, and with all HUD requirements, including amendments or changes in HUD requirements during the term of the HAP contract. The owner agrees to comply with all such laws and HUD requirements. Any regulatory citation specifically included in this HAP contract is subject to any subsequent revision of such citation.

**U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Office of Public and Indian Housing**

SECTION 8 PROJECT-BASED VOUCHER PROGRAM

**AGREEMENT TO ENTER INTO A
HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS CONTRACT**

NEW CONSTRUCTION OR REHABILITATION

PART I

OMB Burden Statement. The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.25 hours, including the time for collecting, reviewing and reporting the data. The information is required to establish terms between the PHA and the owner prior to execution of a HAP contract for PBV assistance as provided in §983.152. Assurances of confidentiality are not provided under this collection. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions to reduce this burden, to the Office of Public and Indian Housing, US. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Washington, DC 20410. HUD may not conduct and sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection displays a valid control number.

Privacy Notice. The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is authorized to collect the information required on this form by 24 CFR § 983.152. The information is being collected to establish the agreement between the PHA and owner prior to execution of a HAP contract for PBV assistance as provided in §983.153. The Personally Identifiable Information (PII) data collected on this form are not stored or retrieved within a system of record.

1.1 Parties

This Agreement to Enter into Housing Assistance Payments Contract (“Agreement”) is between:

_____ (“PHA”) and
_____ (“owner”).

1.2 Purpose

The owner agrees to develop the Housing Assistance Payments Contract (“HAP Contract”) units to in accordance with Exhibit B and to comply with Housing Quality Standards (“HQS”), and the PHA agrees that, upon timely completion of such development in accordance with the terms of the Agreement, the PHA will enter into a HAP Contract with the owner of the Contract units.

1.3 Contents of Agreement

This Agreement consists of Part I, Part II, and the following Exhibits:

EXHIBIT A: The approved owner's PBV proposal. (Selection of proposals must be in accordance with 24 CFR 983.51.)

EXHIBIT B: Description of work to be performed under this Agreement, including:

- if the Agreement is for rehabilitation of units, this exhibit must include the rehabilitation work write-up and, where the PHA has determined necessary, specifications and plans.
- if the Agreement is for new construction of units, the work description must include the working drawings and specifications.
- any additional requirements beyond HQS relating to quality, design and architecture that the PHA requires.
- work items resulting from compliance with the design and construction requirements of the Fair Housing Act and implementing regulations at 24 CFR 100.205, the accessibility requirements under section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and implementing regulations at 24 CFR 8.22 and 8.23, and accessibility requirements under Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act at 28 CFR parts 35 and 36, as applicable.

EXHIBIT C: Description of housing, including:

- project site.
- total number of units in project covered by this Agreement.
- locations of contract units on site.
- number of contract units by area (size) and number of bedrooms and bathrooms.
- services, maintenance, or equipment to be supplied by the owner without charges in addition to the rent to owner.
- utilities available to the contract units, including a specification of utility services to be paid by the owner (without charges in addition to rent) and utility services to be paid by the tenant.
- estimated initial rent to owner for the contract units.

EXHIBIT D: The HAP contract.

1.4 Significant Dates

- A. Effective Date of the Agreement: The Agreement must be executed promptly after PHA notice of proposal selection to the owner has been given. The PHA may not enter this Agreement with the owner until a subsidy layering review has been performed and an environmental review has been satisfactorily completed in accordance with HUD requirements.
- B. A project may either be a single-stage or multi-stage project. A single-stage project will have the same Agreement effective date for all contract units. A multi-stage project will separate effective dates for each stage.

_____ Single-stage project

- i. Effective Date for all contract units: _____
- ii. Date of Commencement of the Work: The date for commencement of work is not later than _____ calendar days after the effective date of this Agreement.
- iii. Time for Completion of Work: The date for completion of the work is not later than _____ calendar days after the effective date of this Agreement.

_____ Multi-Stage Project

Enter the information for each stage upon execution of the Agreement for the corresponding stage.

| STAGE | NUMBER OF UNITS | EFFECTIVE DATE | DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF WORK | TIME FOR COMPLETION OF WORK |
|-------|-----------------|----------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

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|--|--|--|--|--|
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1.5 Nature of the Work

_____ This Agreement is for **New Construction** of units to be assisted by the project-based Voucher program.

_____ This Agreement is for **Rehabilitation** of units to be assisted by the project-based Voucher program.

1.6 Schedule of Completion

- A. **Timely Performance of Work:** The owner agrees to begin work no later than the date for commencement of work as stated in Section 1.4. In the event the work is not commenced, diligently continued and completed as required under this Agreement, the PHA may terminate this Agreement or take other appropriate action. The owner agrees to report promptly to the PHA the date work is commenced and furnish the PHA with progress reports as required by the PHA.
- B. **Time for Completion:** All work must be completed no later than the end of the period stated in Section 1.4. Where completion in stages is provided for, work related to units included in each stage shall be completed by the stage completion date and all work on all stages must be completed no later than the end of the period stated in Section 1.4.
- C. **Delays:** If there is a delay in the completion due to unforeseen factors beyond the owner’s control as determined by the PHA, the PHA agrees to extend the time for completion for an appropriate period as determined by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.

1.7 Changes in Work

- A. The owner must obtain prior PHA approval for any change from the work specific in Exhibit B which would alter the design or quality of the rehabilitation or construction. The PHA is not required to approve any changes requested by the owner. PHA approval of any change may be conditioned on establishment of a lower initial rent to owner at the amounts determined by PHA.

- B. If the owner makes any changes in the work without prior PHA approval, the PHA may establish lower initial rents to owner at the amounts determined by PHA in accordance with HUD requirements.
- C. The PHA (or HUD in the case of insured or coinsured mortgages) may inspect the work during rehabilitation or construction to ensure that work is proceeding on schedule, is being accomplished in accordance with the terms of the Agreement, meets the level of material described in Exhibit B and meets typical levels of workmanship for the area.

1.8 Work completion

- A. Conformance with Exhibit B: The work must be completed in accordance with Exhibit B. The owner is solely responsible for completion of the work.
- B. Evidence of Completion: When the work is completed, the owner must provide the PHA with the following:
 - 1. A certification by the owner that the work has been completed in accordance with the HQS and all requirements of this Agreement.
 - 2. A certification by the owner that the owner has complied with labor standards and equal opportunity requirements in the development of the housing. (See 24 CFR 983.155(b)(1)(ii).)
 - 3. Additional Evidence of Completion: At the discretion of the PHA, or as required by HUD, this Agreement may specify additional documentation that must be submitted by owner as evidence of completion of the housing. Check the following that apply:
 - _____ A certificate of occupancy or other evidence that the contract units comply with local requirements.
 - _____ An architect’s or developer’s certification that the housing complies with:
 - _____ the HQS;
 - _____ State, local, or other building codes;
 - _____ Zoning;

_____ The rehabilitation work write-up for rehabilitated housing;

_____ The work description for newly constructed housing; or

_____ Any additional design or quality requirements pursuant to this Agreement.

1.9 Inspection and Acceptance by the PHA of Completed Contract Units

- A. Completion of Contract Units: Upon receipt of owner notice of completion of Contract units, the PHA shall take the following steps:
 - 1. Review all evidence of completion submitted by owner.
 - 2. Inspect the units to determine if the housing has been completed in accordance with this Agreement, including compliance with the HQS and any additional requirements imposed by the PHA under this Agreement.
- B. Non-Acceptance: If the PHA determines the work has not been completed in accordance with this Agreement, including non-compliance with the HQS, the PHA shall promptly notify the owner of this decision and the reasons for the non-acceptance. The parties must not enter into the HAP contract.
- C. Acceptance: If the PHA determines housing has been completed in accordance with this Agreement, and that the owner has submitted all required evidence of completion, the PHA must submit the HAP contract for execution by the owner and must then execute the HAP contract.

1.10 Acceptance where defects or deficiencies are reported:

- A. If other defects or deficiencies exist, the PHA shall determine whether and to what extent the defects or deficiencies are correctable, whether the units will be accepted after correction of defects or deficiencies, and the requirements and procedures for such correction and acceptance.
- B. Completion in Stages: Where completion in stages is provided for, the procedures of this paragraph shall apply to each stage.

1.11. Execution of HAP Contract

- A. Time and Execution: Upon acceptance of the units by the PHA, the owner and the PHA execute the HAP contract.
- B. Completion in Stages: Where completion in stages is provided for the number and types of units in each stage, and the initial rents to owner for such units, shall be separately shown in Exhibit C of the contract for each stage. Upon acceptance of the first stage, the owner shall execute the contract and the signature block provided in the contract for that stage. Upon acceptance of each subsequent stage, the owner shall execute the signature block provided in the contract for such stage.
- C. Form of Contract: The terms of the contract shall be provided in Exhibit D of this Agreement. There shall be no change in the terms of the contract unless such change is approved by HUD headquarters. Prior to execution by the owner, all blank spaces in the contract shall be completed by the PHA.
- D. Survival of owner Obligations: Even after execution of the contract, the owner shall continue to be bound by all owner obligations under the Agreement.

1.12 Initial determination of rents

- A. The estimated amount of initial rent to owner shall be established in Exhibit C of this Agreement.
- B. The initial amount of rent to owner is established at the beginning of the HAP contract term.
- C. The estimated and initial contract rent for each units may in no event exceed the amount authorized in accordance with HUD regulations and requirements. Where the estimated initial rent to owner exceeds the amount authorized in accordance with HUD regulations, the PHA shall establish a lower initial rent tow owner, in accordance with HUD regulations and requirements.

1.13 Uniform Relocation Act

- A. A displaced person must be provided relocation assistance at the levels described in and in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970

(URA) (42 U.S.C. 4201-4655) and implementing regulations at 49 CFR part 24.

- B. The cost of required relocation assistance may be paid with funds provided by the owner, or with local public funds, or with funds available from other sources. Payment of relocation assistance must be paid in accordance with HUD requirements.
- C. The acquisition of real property for a project to be assisted under the program is subject to the URA and 49 CFR part 24, subpart B.
- D. The PHA must require the owner to comply with the URA and 49 CFR part 24.
- E. In computing a replacement housing payment to a residential tenant displaced as a direct result of privately undertaken rehabilitation or demolition of the real property, the term “initiation of negotiations” means the execution of the Agreement between the owner and the PHA.

1.14 Protection of In-Place Families

- A. In order to minimize displacement of in-place families, if a unit to be placed under Contract is occupied by an eligible family on the proposal selection date, the in-place family must be placed on the PHA’s waiting list (if they are not already on the list) and, once their continued eligibility is determined, given an absolute selection preference and referred to the project owner for an appropriately sized unit in the project.
- B. This protection does not apply to families that are not eligible to participate in the program on the proposal selection date.
- C. The term “in-place family” means an eligible family residing in a proposed contract unit on the proposal selection date.
- D. Assistance to in-place families may only be provided in accordance with the program regulations and other HUD requirements.

1.15 Termination of Agreement and Contract

The Agreement or HAP contract may be terminated upon at least 30 days notice to the owner by the PHA or HUD if the PHA or HUD determines that the contract units were not eligible for selection in conformity with HUD requirements.

1.16 Rights of HUD if PHA Defaults Under Agreement

If HUD determines that the PHA has failed to comply with this Agreement or has failed to take appropriate action to HUD's satisfaction or as directed by HUD, for enforcement of the PHA's rights under this Agreement, HUD may assume the PHA's rights and obligations under the Agreement, and may perform the obligations and enforce the rights of the PHA under the Agreement. HUD will, if it determines that the owner is not in default, pay Annual Contributions for the purpose of providing housing assistance payments with respect to the dwelling unit(s) under this Agreement for the duration of the HAP contract.

1.17 Owner Default and PHA Remedies

A. Owner Default

Any of the following is a default by the owner under the Agreement:

1. The owner has failed to comply with any obligation under the Agreement.
2. The owner has violated any obligation under any other housing assistance payments contract under Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f).
3. The owner has committed any fraud or made any false statement to the PHA or HUD in connection with the Agreement.
4. The owner has committed fraud, bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any Federal housing assistance program.
5. If the property where the contract units are located is subject to a lien or security interest securing a HUD loan or mortgage insured by HUD and:
 - a. The owner has failed to comply with the regulations for the applicable HUD loan or mortgage insurance program, with the mortgage or mortgage note, or with the regulatory agreement; or
 - b. The owner has committed fraud, bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with the HUD loan or HUD-insured mortgage.

6. The owner has engaged in any drug-related criminal activity or any violent criminal activity.

B. PHA Remedies

1. If the PHA determines that a breach has occurred, the PHA may exercise any of its rights or remedies under the Agreement.
2. The PHA must notify the owner in writing of such determination. The notice by the PHA to the owner may require the owner to take corrective action (as verified by the PHA) by a time prescribed in the notice.
3. The PHA's rights and remedies under the Agreement include but are not limited to: (i) terminating the Agreement; and (ii) declining to execute the HAP contract for some or all of the units.

C. PHA Remedy is not Waived

The PHA's exercise or non-exercise of any remedy for owner breach of the Agreement is not a waiver of the right to exercise that remedy or any other right or remedy at any time.

1.18 PHA and Owner Relation to Third Parties

A. Selection and Performance of Contractor

1. The PHA has not assumed any responsibility or liability to the owner, or any other party for performance of any contractor, subcontractor or supplier, whether or not listed by the PHA as a qualified contractor or supplier under the program. The selection of a contractor, subcontractor or supplier is the sole responsibility of the owner and the PHA is not involved in any relationship between the owner and any contractor, subcontractor or supplier.
2. The owner must select a competent contractor to undertake rehabilitation or construction. The owner agrees to require from each prospective contractor a certification that neither the contractor nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in contract by the Comptroller General or any federal Department or agency. The owner agrees not to award contracts to, otherwise engage in the service of, or fund any contractor that does not provide this certification.

- B. Injury Resulting from Work under the Agreement: The PHA has not assumed any responsibility for or liability to any person, including a worker or a resident of the unit undergoing work pursuant to this Agreement, injured as a result of the work or as a result of any other action or failure to act by the owner, or any contractor, subcontractor or supplier.
- C. Legal Relationship: The owner is not the agent of the PHA and this Agreement does not create or affect any relationship between the PHA and any lender to the owner or any suppliers, employees, contractor or subcontractors used by the owner in the implementation of the Agreement.
- D. Exclusion of Third Party Claims: Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as creating any right of any third party (other than HUD) to enforce any provision of this Agreement or the Contract, or to assert any claim against HUD, the PHA or the owner under the Agreement or the Contract.
- E. Exclusion of owner Claims against HUD: Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as creating any right of the owner to assert any claim against HUD.

1.19 PHA-Owned Units

Notwithstanding Section 1.18 of this Agreement, a PHA may own units assisted under the project-based voucher program, subject to the special requirements in 24 CFR 983.59 regarding PHA-owned units.

1.20 Conflict of Interest

- A. Interest of Members, Officers, or Employees of PHA, Members of Local Governing Body, or Other Public Officials
 - 1. No present or former member or officer of the PHA (except tenant-commissioners), no employee of the PHA who formulates policy or influences decisions with respect to the housing choice voucher program or project-based voucher program, and no public official or member of a governing body or State or local legislator who exercises functions or responsibilities with respect to these programs, shall have any direct or indirect interest, during his or her tenure or for one year thereafter, in the Agreement or HAP contract.
 - 2. HUD may waive this provision for good cause.

B. Disclosure

The owner has disclosed to the PHA any interest that would be a violation of the Agreement or HAP contract. The owner must fully and promptly update such disclosures.

1.21 Interest of Member or Delegate to Congress

No member of or delegate to the Congress of the United States of America or resident-commissioner shall be admitted to any share or part of the Agreement or HAP contract or to any benefits arising from the Agreement of HAP contract.

1.22 Transfer of the Agreement, HAP Contract, or Property

A. PHA Consent to Transfer

The owner agrees that the owner has not made and will not make any transfer in any form, including any sale or assignment, of the Agreement, HAP contract, or the property without the prior written consent of the PHA. A change in ownership in the owner, such as a stock transfer or transfer of the interest of a limited partner, is not subject to the provisions of this section. Transfer of the interest of a general partner is subject to the provisions of this section.

B. Procedure for PHA Acceptance of Transferee

Where the owner requests the consent of the PHA for a transfer in any form, including any sale or assignment, of the Agreement, the HAP contract, or the property, the PHA must consent to a transfer of the Agreement or HAP contract if the transferee agrees in writing (in a form acceptable to the PHA) to comply with all the terms of the Agreement and HAP contract, if the transferee is acceptable to the PHA. The PHA's criteria for acceptance of the transferee must be in accordance with HUD requirements.

C. When Transfer is Prohibited

The PHA will not consent to the transfer if any transferee, or any principal or interested party, is debarred, suspended, subject to a limited denial of participation, or otherwise excluded under 2 CFR part 2424, or is listed on the U.S. General Services Administration list of parties excluded from Federal procurement or nonprocurement programs.

1.23 Exclusion from Federal Programs

A. Federal Requirements

The owner must comply with and is subject to requirements of 2 CFR part 2424.

B. Disclosure

The owner certifies that:

1. The owner has disclosed to the PHA the identity of the owner and any principal or interested party.
2. Neither the owner nor any principal or interested party is listed on the U.S. General Services Administration list of parties excluded from Federal procurement and nonprocurement programs; and none of such parties are debarred, suspended, subject to a limited denial of participation, or otherwise excluded under 2 CFR part 2424.

1.24 Lobbying Certifications

A. The owner certifies, to the best of the owner's knowledge and belief, that:

1. No Federally appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the owner, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of the Agreement or HAP contract, or the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of the HAP contract.
2. If any funds other than Federally appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the Agreement or HAP contract, the owner must complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

- B. This certification by the owner is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352.

1.25 Subsidy Layering

- A. Owner Disclosure

The owner must disclose to the PHA, in accordance with HUD requirements, information regarding any related assistance from the Federal government, a State, or a unit of general local government, or any agency or instrumentality thereof, that is made available or is expected to be made available with respect to the contract units. Such related assistance includes, but is not limited to, any loan, grant, guarantee, insurance, payment, rebate, subsidy, credit, tax benefit, or any other form of direct or indirect assistance.

- B. Limit of Payments

Housing assistance payments under the HAP contract must not be more than is necessary, as determined in accordance with HUD requirements, to provide affordable housing after taking account of such related assistance. The PHA will adjust in accordance with HUD requirements the amount of the housing assistance payments to the owner to compensate in whole or in part for such related assistance.

1.26 Prohibition of Discrimination

- A. The owner may not refuse to lease contract units to, or otherwise discriminate against, any person or family in leasing of a contract unit, because of race, color, religion, sex (including sexual orientation and gender identity), national origin, disability, age, or familial status.
- B. The owner must comply with the following requirements:
 - 1. The Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3601–19) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 100 *et seq.*;
 - 2. Executive Order 11063, as amended by Executive Order 12259 (3 CFR 1959–1963 Comp., p. 652, and 3 CFR, 1980 Comp., p. 307) (Equal Opportunity in Housing Programs) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 107;

3. Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d–2000d–4) (Nondiscrimination in Federally Assisted Programs) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 1;
4. The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (42 U.S.C. 6101–6107) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 146;
5. Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 8;
6. Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. 12101 *et seq.*; 28 CFR part 35
7. Executive Order 11246, as amended by Executive Orders 11375, 11478, 12086, and 12107 (3 CFR, 1964–1965 Comp., p. 339; 3 CFR, 1966–1970 Comp., p. 684; 3 CFR, 1966–1970 Comp., p. 803; 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 230; and 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 264, respectively) (Equal Employment Opportunity Programs) and implementing regulations at 41 CFR chapter 60;
8. Executive Order 11625, as amended by Executive Order 12007 (3 CFR, 1971–1975 Comp., p. 616 and 3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 139) (Minority Business Enterprise Development); and
9. Executive Order 12138, as amended by Executive Order 12608 (3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 393, and 3 CFR, 1987 Comp., p. 245) (Women’s Business Enterprise).
10. HUD’s Equal Access Rule at 24 CFR 5.105.

The PHA and the owner must cooperate with HUD in the conducting of compliance reviews and complaint investigations pursuant to all applicable civil rights statutes, Executive Orders, and all related rules and regulations.

1.27 Owner Duty to Provide Information and Access to HUD and PHA

- A. The owner must furnish any information pertinent to this Agreement as may be reasonably required from time to time by the PHA or HUD. The owner shall furnish such information in the form and manner required by the PHA or HUD.
- B. The owner must permit the PHA or HUD or any of their authorized representatives to have access to the premises during normal business hours and, for the purpose of audit and examination, to have access to any books, documents, papers, and records of the owner to the extent necessary to determine compliance with this Agreement.

1.28 Notices and Owner Certifications

- A. Where the owner is required to give any notice to the PHA pursuant to this Agreement, such notice shall be in writing and shall be given in the manner designated by the PHA.
- B. Any certification or warranty by the owner pursuant to the Agreement shall be deemed a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into.

1.29 HUD Requirements

- A. The Agreement and the HAP contract shall be interpreted and implemented in accordance with all statutory requirements, and will all HUD requirements, including amendments or changes in HUD requirements. The owner agrees to comply with all such laws and HUD requirements.
- B. HUD requirements are requirements that apply to the project-based voucher program. HUD requirements are issued by HUD Headquarters as regulations, *Federal Register* notices, or other binding program directives.

1.30 Applicability of Part II Provisions — Check All that Apply

Equal Employment Opportunity

Section 2.1 applies only to construction contracts of more than \$10,000.

_____ Labor Standards Requirements

Sections 2.3, 2.7, and 2.9 apply only when this Agreement covers nine or more units.

_____ Flood Insurance

Section 2.10 applies if units are located in areas having special flood hazards and in which flood insurance is available under the National Flood Insurance Program.

EXECUTION OF THE AGREEMENT

I/We, the undersigned, certify under penalty of perjury that the information provided above is true and correct. **WARNING:** Anyone who knowingly submits a false claim or makes a false statement is subject to criminal and/or civil penalties, including confinement for up to 5 years, fines, and civil and administrative penalties. (18 U.S.C. §§ 287, 1001, 1010, 1012; 31 U.S.C. §3729, 3802).

| |
|--|
| PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCY (PHA) Name of PHA (Print) |
| By: |
| Signature of authorized representative |
| |
| Name and official title (Print) |
| |
| Date |
| OWNER Name of Owner (Print) |
| By: |
| Signature of authorized representative |
| |
| Name and official title (Print) |
| |
| Date |

**U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Office of Public and Indian Housing**

SECTION 8 PROJECT-BASED VOUCHER PROGRAM

**AGREEMENT TO ENTER INTO A
HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS CONTRACT**

NEW CONSTRUCTION OR REHABILITATION

PART II

OMB Burden Statement. The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 0.25 hours, including the time for collecting, reviewing and reporting the data. This form is required to establish terms between a PHA and owner to provide housing assistance. Assurances of confidentiality are not provided under this collection. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions to reduce this burden, to the Office of Public and Indian Housing, US. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Washington, DC 20410. HUD may not conduct and sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection displays a valid control number.

2.1 Equal Employment Opportunity

- A. The owner shall incorporate or cause to be incorporated into any contract in excess of \$10,000 for construction work, or modification thereof, as defined in the regulations of the Secretary of Labor at 41 CFR chapter 60, which is to be performed pursuant to this Agreement, the following nondiscrimination clause:

During the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees as follows:

1. The contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, creed, religion, sex, or national origin. The contractor will take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, color, religion, creed, sex, or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to, the following: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoffs or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided

by the contracting officer setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.

2. The contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, religion, creed, sex, or national origin.
3. The contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which the contractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by or at the direction of the Government advising the labor union or workers representative of the contractor's commitments under this section and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.
4. The contractor of will comply with all provisions of Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, and with the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor.
5. The contractor will furnish all information and reports required by Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, and by the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor, or pursuant thereto, and will permit access to its books, records, and accounts by HUD and the Secretary of Labor for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with such rules, regulations and orders.
6. In the event of the contractor's noncompliance with the nondiscrimination clauses of this contract or with any of the rules, regulations, or orders, the contract may be canceled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the contractor may be declared ineligible for further contracts in accordance with procedures authorized in Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, and such other sanctions as may be imported and remedies invoked as provided in Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, or by rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor or as otherwise provided by law.
7. The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (7) in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by the rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued pursuant to section 204 of Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order

as the Government may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance; provided, however, that in the event a contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the Government, the contractor may request the United States to enter into such litigation to protect the interest of the United States.

- B. The owner agrees to be bound by the above nondiscrimination clause with respect to his or her own employment practices when participating in federally assisted construction work.
- C. The owner agrees to assist and cooperate actively with HUD and the Secretary of Labor in obtaining the compliance of contractors and subcontractors with the nondiscrimination clause and the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor, to furnish HUD and the Secretary of Labor such information as they may require for the supervision of such compliance, and to otherwise assist HUD in the discharge of HUD's primary responsibility for securing compliance.
- D. The owner further agrees to refrain from entering into any contract or contract modification subject to Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, with a contractor debarred from, or who has not demonstrated eligibility for, Government contracts and federally assisted construction contracts pursuant to the Executive Order and will carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of the nondiscrimination clause as may be imposed upon contractors and subcontractors by HUD or the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the Executive Order. In addition, if the owner fails or refuses to comply with these undertakings, HUD may take any or all of the following actions; cancel, terminate, or suspend in whole or in part this Agreement; refrain from extending any further assistance to the owner under the program with respect to which the failure or refusal occurred until satisfactory assurance of future compliance has been received from the owner, and refer the case to the Department of Justice for appropriate legal proceedings.

2.2 Reserved

2.3 HUD—Federal Labor Standards Provisions

The owner is responsible for inserting the entire text of section 2.3 of this Agreement in all construction contracts and, if the owner performs any rehabilitation work on the project, the owner must comply with all provisions of section 2.3. (Note: Sections 2.3(b) and (c) apply only when the amount of the prime contract exceeds \$100,000.)

(a)(1) Minimum Wages. (i) All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work (or under the United States Housing Act of 1937 or under the Housing Act of 1949 in the construction or development of the project) will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made part hereof regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section l(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv); also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs, which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period.

Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(ii) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321)) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

(ii)(A) Any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. HUD shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:

(1) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination;

(2) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and

(3) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(B) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and HUD or its designee agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by HUD or its designee to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, D. C. 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise HUD or its designee or will notify HUD or its designee within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(C) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and HUD or its designee do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), HUD or its designee shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of HUD or its designee, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise HUD or its designee or will notify HUD or its designee within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(D) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to subparagraphs (1)(B) or (C) of this paragraph, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

(iii) Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determinations or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

(iv) If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program: Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

(2) Withholding. HUD or its designee shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractors under this contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee or helper, employed or working on the site of the work (or under the United States Housing Act of 1937 or under the Housing Act of 1949 in the construction or development of the project), all or part of the wages required by the contract, HUD or its designee may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased. HUD or its designee may, after written notice to the contractor, disburse such amounts withheld for and on account of the contractor or subcontractor to the respective employees to whom they are due.

(3)(i) Payrolls and Basic Records. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work (or under the United States Housing Act of 1937, or under the Housing Act of 1949, in the construction or development of the project). Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the

Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5 (a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

(ii)(A) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to HUD the PHA. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included in weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g. the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at: <http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/forms/wh347instr.htm> or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to HUD or its designee if the agency is a party to the contract, but if the agency is not such a party, the contractor will submit them to the applicant, sponsor, or owner, as the case may be, for transmission to HUD, the contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the sponsoring government agency (or the applicant, sponsor, or owner).

(B) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his

or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:

(1) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(ii), the appropriate information is being maintained under 29 CFR 5.5 (a)(3)(i) and that such information is correct and complete;

(2) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in 29 CFR part 3;

(3) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(C) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph (a)(3)(ii)(B) of this section.

(D) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of Title 18 and section 231 of Title 31 of the United States Code.

(iii) The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph (a)(3)(i) of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of HUD or its designee or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, HUD or its designee may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

(4) Apprentices and Trainees.(i) Apprentices. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and

individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed. Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination. In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employee and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(ii) Trainees. Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and

individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration. The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(iii) Equal Employment Opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

(5) Compliance with Copeland Act Requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3 which are incorporated by reference in this Agreement.

(6) Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor will insert in any subcontracts the clauses contained in section 2.3(a)(1) through (11) and such other clauses as HUD or its designee may by appropriate instructions require, and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the

compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in this section 2.3(a).

(7) Contract Terminations; Debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

(8) Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act Requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.

(9) Disputes Concerning Labor Standards. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the PHA, HUD, the U. S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

(10) Certification of Eligibility. (i) By entering into this Agreement, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1) or to be awarded HUD contracts or participate in HUD programs pursuant to 24 CFR part 24.

(ii) No part of this Agreement shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1) or to be awarded HUD contracts or participate in HUD programs pursuant to 24 CFR part 24.

(iii) The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001. Additionally, U.S. Criminal Code, section 1010, Title 18, U.S.C., "Federal Housing Administration transactions, provides in part: "Whoever, for the purpose of ...influencing in any way the action of such Administration...makes, utters or publishes any statement, knowing the same to be false... shall be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned not more than two years, or both."

11. Complaints, Proceedings, or Testimony by Employees. No laborer or mechanic to whom the wage, salary, or other labor

standards provisions of this Agreement are applicable shall be discharged or in any other manner discriminated against by the Contractor or any subcontractor because such employee has filed any complaint or instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding or has testified or is about to testify in any proceeding under or relating to the labor standards applicable under this Agreement to his employer.

(b) Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. The provisions of this paragraph (b) are applicable only where the amount of the prime contract exceeds \$100,000. As used in this paragraph, the terms “laborers” and “mechanics” include watchmen and guards.

(1) Overtime Requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.

(2) Violation; Liability for Unpaid Wages; Liquidated Damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefore shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, in the sum of \$25 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph.

(3) Withholding for Unpaid Wages and Liquidated Damages. HUD or its designee shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any monies payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by

the same prime contractor such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph.

(4) Subcontractors. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in subparagraph (1) through (4) of this paragraph and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in subparagraphs (1) through (4) of this paragraph.

(c) Health and Safety. The provisions of this paragraph (c) are applicable only where the amount of the prime contract exceeds \$100,000.

(1) No laborer or mechanic shall be required to work in surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his health and safety as established under construction safety and health standards promulgated by the Secretary of Labor by regulation.

(2) The contractor shall comply with all regulations issue by the Secretary of Labor pursuant to Title 29 part 1926 and failure to comply may result in imposition of sanctions pursuant to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, 40 USC 3701 et seq.

(3) The contractor shall include the provisions of this paragraph in every subcontract so that such provisions will be binding on each subcontractor. The contractor shall take such action with respect to any subcontract as the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development or the Secretary of Labor shall direct as a means of enforcing such provisions.

2.4 Reserved

2.5 Reserved

2.6 Reserved

2.7 Wage and Claims Adjustments

The owner shall be responsible for the correction of all violations under section 2.3, including violations committed by other contractors. In cases where there is evidence of underpayment of salaries or wages to any laborers or mechanics (including apprentices and trainees) by the owner or other contractor or a failure by the owner or other contractor to submit payrolls and related reports, the owner shall be required to place an amount in escrow, as determined by HUD sufficient to pay persons employed on the work covered by the Agreement the difference between the salaries or wages actually paid such employees for the total number of hours worked and the full amount of wages required under this Agreement, as well as an amount determined by HUD to be sufficient to satisfy any liability of the owner or other contractor for liquidated damages pursuant to section 2.3. The amounts withheld may be disbursed by HUD for and on account of the owner or other contractor to the respective employees to whom they are due, and to the Federal Government in satisfaction of liquidated damages under section 2.3.

2.8 Reserved

2.9 Evidence of Unit(s) Completion; Escrow

- A. The owner shall evidence the completion of the unit(s) by furnishing the PHA, in addition to the requirements listed in Part I of this Agreement, a certification of compliance with the provisions of sections 2.3 and 2.7 of this Agreement, and that to the best of the owner's knowledge and belief there are no claims of underpayment to laborers or mechanics in alleged violation of these provisions of the Agreement. In the event there are any such pending claims to the knowledge of the owner, the PHA, or HUD, the owner will place a sufficient amount in escrow, as directed by the PHA or HUD, to assure such payments.
- B. The escrows required under this section and section 2.7 of shall be paid to HUD, as escrowee, or to an escrowee designated by HUD, and the conditions and manner of releasing such escrows shall be designated and approved by HUD.

2.10 Flood Insurance

If the project is located in an area that has been identified by the Federal Emergency Management Agency as an area having special flood hazards and if

the sale of flood insurance has been made available under the National Flood Insurance Program, the owner agrees that: (1) the project will be covered, during the life of the property, by flood insurance in an amount at least equal to its development or project cost (less estimated land cost) or to the limit of coverage made available with respect to the particular type of property under the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, whichever is less; and (2) that it will advise any prospective purchaser or transferee of the property in writing of the continuing statutory requirement to maintain such flood insurance during the life of the property.

Exhibit C

§ 982.643

its discretion, permit a family that has defaulted on its mortgage to move to a new unit with continued voucher homeownership assistance if the PHA determines that the default is due to catastrophic medical reasons or due to the impact of a federally declared major disaster or emergency. The requirements of §§ 982.627(a)(5) and 982.627(e) do not apply to such a family.

[66 FR 33613, June 22, 2001]

§ 982.643 Homeownership option: Downpayment assistance grants.

(a) *General.* (1) A PHA may provide a single downpayment assistance grant for a participant that has received tenant-based or project-based rental assistance in the Housing Choice Voucher Program.

(2) The downpayment assistance grant must be applied toward the downpayment required in connection with the purchase of the home and/or reasonable and customary closing costs in connection with the purchase of the home.

(3) If the PHA permits the downpayment grant to be applied to closing costs, the PHA must define what fees and charges constitute reasonable and customary closing costs. However, if the purchase of a home is financed with FHA mortgage insurance, such financing is subject to FHA mortgage insurance requirements, including any requirements concerning closing costs (see § 982.632(b) of this part regarding the applicability of FHA requirements to voucher homeownership assistance and § 203.27 of this title regarding allowable fees, charges and discounts for FHA-insured mortgages).

(b) *Maximum downpayment grant.* A downpayment assistance grant may not exceed twelve times the difference between the payment standard and the total tenant payment.

(c) *Payment of downpayment grant.* The downpayment assistance grant shall be paid at the closing of the family's purchase of the home.

(d) *Administrative fee.* For each downpayment assistance grant made by the PHA, HUD will pay the PHA a one-time administrative fee in accordance with § 982.152(a)(1)(iii).

(e) *Return to tenant-based assistance.* A family that has received a downpay-

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ment assistance grant may apply for and receive tenant-based rental assistance, in accordance with program requirements and PHA policies. However, the PHA may not commence tenant-based rental assistance for occupancy of the new unit so long as any member of the family owns any title or other interest in the home purchased with homeownership assistance. Further, eighteen months must have passed since the family's receipt of the downpayment assistance grant.

(f) *Implementation of downpayment assistance grants.* A PHA may not offer downpayment assistance under this paragraph until HUD publishes a notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

[67 FR 64494, Oct. 18, 2002]

PART 983—PROJECT-BASED VOUCHER (PBV) PROGRAM

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 - 983.3 PBV definitions.
 - 983.4 Cross-reference to other Federal requirements.
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- 983.51 Owner proposal selection procedures.
- 983.52 Housing type.
- 983.53 Prohibition of assistance for ineligible units.
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Subpart C—Dwelling Units

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- 983.301 Determining the rent to owner.
- 983.302 Redetermination of rent to owner.
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- 983.351 PHA payment to owner for occupied unit.
- 983.352 Vacancy payment.
- 983.353 Tenant rent; payment to owner.
- 983.354 Other fees and charges.

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 1437f and 3535(d).

SOURCE: 70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General**§ 983.1 When the PBV rule (24 CFR part 983) applies.**

Part 983 applies to the project-based voucher (PBV) program. The PBV program is authorized by section 8(o)(13) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f(o)(13)).

§ 983.2 When the tenant-based voucher rule (24 CFR part 982) applies.

(a) *24 CFR Part 982.* Part 982 is the basic regulation for the tenant-based voucher program. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section describe the provisions of part 982 that do not apply to the PBV program. The rest of part 982 applies to the PBV program. For use and applicability of voucher program definitions at § 982.4, see § 983.3.

(b) *Types of 24 CFR part 982 provisions that do not apply to PBV.* The following types of provisions in 24 CFR part 982 do not apply to PBV assistance under part 983.

(1) Provisions on issuance or use of a voucher;

(2) Provisions on portability;

(3) Provisions on the following special housing types: Shared housing, manufactured home space rental, and the homeownership option.

(c) *Specific 24 CFR part 982 provisions that do not apply to PBV assistance.* Except as specified in this paragraph, the following specific provisions in 24 CFR part 982 do not apply to PBV assistance under part 983.

(1) In subpart E of part 982: paragraph (b)(2) of § 982.202 and paragraph (d) of § 982.204;

(2) Subpart G of part 982 does not apply, with the following exceptions:

(i) Section 982.310 (owner termination of tenancy) applies to the PBV program, but to the extent that those provisions differ from § 983.257, the provisions of § 983.257 govern; and

(ii) Section 982.312 (absence from unit) applies to the PBV Program, but to the extent that those provisions differ from § 983.256(g), the provisions of § 983.256(g) govern; and

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(iii) Section 982.316 (live-in aide) applies to the PBV Program;

(3) Subpart H of part 982;

(4) In subpart I of part 982: § 982.401(j); paragraphs (a)(3), (c), and (d) of § 982.402; § 982.403; § 982.405(a); and § 982.407;

(5) In subpart J of part 982: § 982.455;

(6) Subpart K of Part 982: subpart K does not apply, except that the following provisions apply to the PBV Program:

(i) Section 982.503 (for determination of the payment standard amount and schedule for a Fair Market Rent (FMR) area or for a designated part of an FMR area). However, provisions authorizing approval of a higher payment standard as a reasonable accommodation for a particular family that includes a person with disabilities do not apply (since the payment standard amount does not affect availability of a PBV unit for occupancy by a family or the amount paid by the family);

(ii) Section 982.516 (family income and composition; regular and interim examinations);

(iii) Section 982.517 (utility allowance schedule);

(7) In subpart M of part 982:

(i) Sections 982.603, 982.607, 982.611, 982.613(c)(2), 982.619(a), (b)(1), (b)(4), (c); and

(ii) Provisions concerning shared housing (§ 982.615 through § 982.618), manufactured home space rental (§ 982.622 through § 982.624), and the homeownership option (§ 982.625 through § 982.641).

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36165, June 25, 2014; 81 FR 12377, Mar. 8, 2016]

§ 983.3 PBV definitions.

(a) *Use of PBV definitions*—(1) *PBV terms (defined in this section)*. This section defines PBV terms that are used in this part 983. For PBV assistance, the definitions in this section apply to use of the defined terms in part 983 and in applicable provisions of 24 CFR part 982. (Section 983.2 specifies which provisions in part 982 apply to PBV assistance under part 983.)

(2) *Other voucher terms (terms defined in 24 CFR 982.4)*. (i) The definitions in this section apply instead of definitions of the same terms in 24 CFR 982.4.

(ii) Other voucher terms are defined in § 982.4, but are not defined in this section. Those § 982.4 definitions apply to use of the defined terms in this part 983 and in provisions of part 982 that apply to part 983.

(b) *PBV definitions. 1937 Act*. The United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437 *et seq.*).

Activities of daily living. Eating, bathing, grooming, dressing, and home management activities.

Admission. The point when the family becomes a participant in the PHA's tenant-based or project-based voucher program (initial receipt of tenant-based or project-based assistance). After admission, and so long as the family is continuously assisted with tenant-based or project-based voucher assistance from the PHA, a shift from tenant-based or project-based assistance to the other form of voucher assistance is not a new admission.

Agreement to enter into HAP contract (Agreement). The Agreement is a written contract between the PHA and the owner in the form prescribed by HUD. The Agreement defines requirements for development of housing to be assisted under this section. When development is completed by the owner in accordance with the Agreement, the PHA enters into a HAP contract with the owner. The Agreement is not used for existing housing assisted under this section. HUD will keep the public informed about changes to the Agreement and other forms and contracts related to this program through appropriate means.

Assisted living facility. A residence facility (including a facility located in a larger multifamily property) that meets all the following criteria:

(1) The facility is licensed and regulated as an assisted living facility by the state, municipality, or other political subdivision;

(2) The facility makes available supportive services to assist residents in carrying out activities of daily living; and

(3) The facility provides separate dwelling units for residents and includes common rooms and other facilities appropriate and actually available to provide supportive services for the residents.

Comparable rental assistance. A subsidy or other means to enable a family to obtain decent housing in the PHA jurisdiction renting at a gross rent that is not more than 40 percent of the family's adjusted monthly gross income.

Contract units. The housing units covered by a HAP contract.

Covered housing provider. For Project-Based Voucher (PBV) program, "covered housing provider," as such term is used in HUD's regulations in 24 CFR part 5, subpart L (Protection for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking) refers to the PHA or owner (as defined in 24 CFR 982.4), as applicable given the responsibilities of the covered housing provider as set forth in 24 CFR part 5, subpart L. For example, the PHA is the covered housing provider responsible for providing the notice of occupancy rights under VAWA and certification form described at 24 CFR 5.2005(a). In addition, the owner is the covered housing provider that may choose to bifurcate a lease as described at 24 CFR 5.2009(a), while the PHA is the covered housing provider responsible for complying with emergency transfer plan provisions at 24 CFR 5.2005(e).

Development. Construction or rehabilitation of PBV housing after the proposal selection date.

Excepted units (units in a multifamily project not counted against the 25 percent per-project cap). See § 983.56(b)(2)(i).

Existing housing. Housing units that already exist on the proposal selection date and that substantially comply with the HQS on that date. (The units must fully comply with the HQS before execution of the HAP contract.)

Household. The family and any PHA-approved live-in aide.

Housing assistance payment. The monthly assistance payment for a PBV unit by a PHA, which includes:

(1) A payment to the owner for rent to owner under the family's lease minus the tenant rent; and

(2) An additional payment to or on behalf of the family, if the utility allowance exceeds the total tenant payment, in the amount of such excess.

Housing credit agency. For purposes of performing subsidy layering reviews

for proposed PBV projects, a housing credit agency includes a State housing finance agency, a State participating jurisdiction under HUD's HOME program (see 24 CFR part 92), or other State housing agencies that meet the definition of "housing credit agency" as defined by section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

Housing quality standards (HQS). The HUD minimum quality standards for housing assisted under the program. See 24 CFR 982.401.

Lease. A written agreement between an owner and a tenant for the leasing of a PBV dwelling unit by the owner to the tenant. The lease establishes the conditions for occupancy of the dwelling unit by a family with housing assistance payments under a HAP contract between the owner and the PHA.

Multifamily building. A building with five or more dwelling units (assisted or unassisted).

Newly constructed housing. Housing units that do not exist on the proposal selection date and are developed after the date of selection pursuant to an Agreement between the PHA and owner for use under the PBV program.

Partially assisted project. A project in which there are fewer contract units than residential units.

PHA-owned unit. A dwelling unit owned by the PHA that administers the voucher program. PHA-owned means that the PHA or its officers, employees, or agents hold a direct or indirect interest in the building in which the unit is located, including an interest as titleholder or lessee, or as a stockholder, member or general or limited partner, or member of a limited liability corporation, or an entity that holds any such direct or indirect interest.

Premises. The project in which the contract unit is located, including common areas and grounds.

Program. The voucher program under section 8 of the 1937 Act, including tenant-based or project-based assistance.

Project. A project is a single building, multiple contiguous buildings, or multiple buildings on contiguous parcels of land. *Contiguous* in this definition includes "adjacent to", as well as touching along a boundary or a point.

Project-based certificate (PBC) program. The program in which project-based assistance is attached to units pursuant to an Agreement executed by a PHA and owner before January 16, 2001 (see § 983.10).

Proposal selection date. The date the PHA gives written notice of PBV proposal selection to an owner whose proposal is selected in accordance with the criteria established in the PHA's administrative plan.

Qualifying families (for purpose of exception to 25 percent per-project cap). See § 983.56(b)(2)(i).

Rehabilitated housing. Housing units that exist on the proposal selection date, but do not substantially comply with the HQS on that date, and are developed, pursuant to an Agreement between the PHA and owner, for use under the PBV program.

Release of funds (for purposes of environmental review). Release of funds in the case of the project-based voucher program, under 24 CFR 58.1(b)(6)(iii) and § 983.58, means that HUD approves the local PHA's Request for Release of Funds and Certification by issuing a Letter to Proceed (in lieu of using form HUD-7015.16) that authorizes the PHA to execute an "agreement to enter into housing assistance payment contract" (AHAP) or, for existing housing, to directly enter into a HAP with an owner of units selected under the PBV program.

Rent to owner. The total monthly rent payable by the family and the PHA to the owner under the lease for a contract unit. Rent to owner includes payment for any housing services, maintenance, and utilities to be provided by the owner in accordance with the lease. (Rent to owner must not include charges for non-housing services including payment for food, furniture, or supportive services provided in accordance with the lease.)

Responsible entity (RE) (for environmental review). The unit of general local government within which the project is located that exercises land use responsibility or, if HUD determines this infeasible, the county or, if HUD determines that infeasible, the state.

Single-family building. A building with no more than four dwelling units (assisted or unassisted).

Site. The grounds where the contract units are located, or will be located after development pursuant to the Agreement.

Special housing type. Subpart M of 24 CFR part 982 states the special regulatory requirements for single-room occupancy (SRO) housing, congregate housing, group homes, and manufactured homes. Subpart M provisions on shared housing, manufactured home space rental, and the homeownership option do not apply to PBV assistance under this part.

Tenant-paid utilities. Utility service that is not included in the tenant rent (as defined in 24 CFR 982.4), and which is the responsibility of the assisted family.

Total tenant payment. The amount described in 24 CFR 5.628.

Utility allowance. See 24 CFR 5.603.

Utility reimbursement. See 24 CFR 5.603.

Wrong-size unit. A unit occupied by a family that does not conform to the PHA's subsidy guideline for family size, by being either too large or too small compared to the guideline.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36165, June 25, 2014; 81 FR 80818, Nov. 16, 2016]

§ 983.4 Cross-reference to other Federal requirements.

The following provisions apply to assistance under the PBV program.

Civil money penalty. Penalty for owner breach of HAP contract. See 24 CFR 30.68.

Debarment. Prohibition on use of debarred, suspended, or ineligible contractors. See 24 CFR 5.105(c) and 2 CFR part 2424.

Definitions. See 24 CFR part 5, subpart D.

Disclosure and verification of income information. See 24 CFR part 5, subpart B.

Environmental review. See 24 CFR parts 50 and 58 (see also provisions on PBV environmental review at § 983.58).

Fair housing. Nondiscrimination and equal opportunity. See 24 CFR 5.105(a) and section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act.

Fair market rents. See 24 CFR part 888, subpart A.

Fraud. See 24 CFR part 792. PHA retention of recovered funds.

Funds. See 24 CFR part 791. HUD allocation of voucher funds.

Income and family payment. See 24 CFR part 5, subpart F (especially § 5.603 (definitions), § 5.609 (annual income), § 5.611 (adjusted income), § 5.628 (total tenant payment), § 5.630 (minimum rent), § 5.603 (utility allowance), § 5.603 (utility reimbursements), and § 5.661 (section 8 project-based assistance programs: approval for police or other security personnel to live in project)).

Labor standards. Regulations implementing the Davis-Bacon Act, Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3701-3708), 29 CFR part 5, and other federal laws and regulations pertaining to labor standards applicable to development (including rehabilitation) of a project comprising nine or more assisted units.

Lead-based paint. Regulations implementing the Lead-based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821-4846) and the Residential Lead-based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 4851-4856). See 24 CFR part 35, subparts A, B, H, and R.

Lobbying restriction. Restrictions on use of funds for lobbying. See 24 CFR 5.105(b).

Noncitizens. Restrictions on assistance. See 24 CFR part 5, subpart E.

Program accessibility. Regulations implementing Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794). See 24 CFR parts 8 and 9.

Protection for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking. See 24 CFR part 5, subpart L.

Protection for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. See 24 CFR part 5, subpart L (Protection for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking). For purposes of compliance with HUD's regulations in 24 CFR part 5, subpart L, the covered housing provider is the PHA or owner, as applicable given the responsibilities of the covered housing provider as set forth in 24 CFR part 5, subpart L.

Relocation assistance. Regulations implementing the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (URA) (42 U.S.C. 4201-4655). See 49 CFR part 24.

Uniform financial reporting standards. See 24 CFR part 5, subpart H.

Waiver of HUD rules. See 24 CFR 5.110.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 72 FR 73497, Dec. 27, 2007; 73 FR 72345, Nov. 28, 2008; 75 FR 66264, Oct. 24, 2010; 79 FR 36165, June 25, 2014; 81 FR 80818, Nov. 16, 2016; 85 FR 61568, Sept. 29, 2020]

§ 983.5 Description of the PBV program.

(a) *How PBV works.* (1) The PBV program is administered by a PHA that already administers the tenant-based voucher program under an annual contributions contract (ACC) with HUD. In the PBV program, the assistance is "attached to the structure." (See description of the difference between "project-based" and "tenant-based" rental assistance at 24 CFR 982.1(b).)

(2) The PHA enters into a HAP contract with an owner for units in existing housing or in newly constructed or rehabilitated housing.

(3) In the case of newly constructed or rehabilitated housing, the housing is developed under an Agreement between the owner and the PHA. In the Agreement, the PHA agrees to execute a HAP contract after the owner completes the construction or rehabilitation of the units.

(4) During the term of the HAP contract, the PHA makes housing assistance payments to the owner for units leased and occupied by eligible families.

(b) *How PBV is funded.* (1) If a PHA decides to operate a PBV program, the PHA's PBV program is funded with a portion of appropriated funding (budget authority) available under the PHA's voucher ACC. This pool of funding is used to pay housing assistance for both tenant-based and project-based voucher units and to pay PHA administrative fees for administration of tenant-based and project-based voucher assistance.

(2) There is no special or additional funding for project-based vouchers. HUD does not reserve additional units for project-based vouchers and does not provide any additional funding for this purpose.

(c) *PHA discretion to operate PBV program.* A PHA has discretion whether to operate a PBV program. HUD approval is not required, except that the PHA

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must notify HUD of its intent to project-base its vouchers, in accordance with § 983.6(d).

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36165, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.6 Maximum amount of PBV assistance.

(a) The PHA may select owner proposals to provide project-based assistance for up to 20 percent of the amount of budget authority allocated to the PHA by HUD in the PHA voucher program. PHAs are not required to reduce the number of PBV units selected under an Agreement or HAP contract if the amount of budget authority is subsequently reduced.

(b) All PBC and project-based voucher units for which the PHA has issued a notice of proposal selection or which are under an Agreement or HAP contract for PBC or project-based voucher assistance count against the 20 percent maximum.

(c) The PHA is responsible for determining the amount of budget authority that is available for project-based vouchers and for ensuring that the amount of assistance that is attached to units is within the amounts available under the ACC.

(d) Before a PHA issues a Request for Proposals in accordance with § 983.51(b)(1) or makes a selection in accordance with § 983.51(b)(2), the PHA must submit the following information to a HUD field office for review:

(1) The total amount of annual budget authority;

(2) The percentage of annual budget authority available to be project-based; and

(3) The total amount of annual budget authority the PHA is planning to project-base pursuant to the selection and the number of units that such budget authority will support.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36165, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.7 Uniform Relocation Act.

(a) *Relocation assistance for displaced person.* (1) A displaced person must be provided relocation assistance at the levels described in and in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Prop-

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erty Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (URA) (42 U.S.C. 4201-4655) and implementing regulations at 49 CFR part 24.

(2) The cost of required relocation assistance may be paid with funds provided by the owner, or with local public funds, or with funds available from other sources. Relocation costs may not be paid from voucher program funds; however, provided payment of relocation benefits is consistent with state and local law, PHAs may use their administrative fee reserve to pay for relocation assistance after all other program administrative expenses are satisfied. Use of the administrative fee reserve in this manner must be consistent with legal and regulatory requirements, including the requirements of 24 CFR 982.155 and other official HUD issuances.

(b) *Real property acquisition requirements.* The acquisition of real property for a PBV project is subject to the URA and 49 CFR part 24, subpart B.

(c) *Responsibility of PHA.* The PHA must require the owner to comply with the URA and 49 CFR part 24.

(d) *Definition of initiation of negotiations.* In computing a replacement housing payment to a residential tenant displaced as a direct result of privately undertaken rehabilitation or demolition of the real property, the term "initiation of negotiations" means the execution of the Agreement between the owner and the PHA.

§ 983.8 Equal opportunity requirements.

(a) The PBV program requires compliance with all equal opportunity requirements under federal law and regulation, including the authorities cited at 24 CFR 5.105(a).

(b) The PHA must comply with the PHA Plan civil rights and affirmatively furthering fair housing certification submitted by the PHA in accordance with 24 CFR 903.7(o).

§ 983.9 Special housing types.

(a) *Applicability.* (1) For applicability of rules on special housing types at 24 CFR part 982, subpart M, see § 983.2.

(2) In the PBV program, the PHA may not provide assistance for shared housing, manufactured home space rental, or the homeownership option.

(b) *Group homes.* A group home may include one or more group home units. A separate lease is executed for each elderly person or person with disabilities who resides in a group home.

(c) *Cooperative housing.* (1) *Applicability of part 983.* Except as provided in paragraph (c)(3) of this section, assistance under this housing type is subject to the regulations of part 983, except the following sections of part 983, subpart F: §§ 983.256(b) and (c), 983.258 and 983.259 do not apply.

(2) *Applicability of part 982.* (i) Cooperative housing under the PBV program is also subject to the requirements of 24 CFR 982.619(b)(2), (b)(3), (b)(5), (d), and (e).

(ii) Cooperative housing under the PBV program is not subject to the requirements of 24 CFR 982.619(a), (b)(1), (b)(4), and (c).

(3) *Assistance in cooperative housing.* Rental assistance for PBV cooperative housing where families lease cooperative housing units from cooperative members is not a special housing type and all requirements of 24 CFR 983 apply.

(4) *Rent to owner.* The regulations of 24 CFR part 983, subpart G, apply to PBV housing under paragraph (c) of this section. The reasonable rent for a cooperative unit is determined in accordance with § 983.303. For cooperative housing, the rent to owner is the monthly carrying charge under the occupancy agreement/lease between the member and the cooperative.

(5) *Other fees and charges.* Fees such as application fees, credit report fees, and transfer fees shall not be included in the rent to owner.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36165, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.10 Project-based certificate (PBC) program.

(a) *What is it?* "PBC program" means project-based assistance attached to units pursuant to an Agreement executed by a PHA and owner before January 16, 2001, and in accordance with:

(1) The regulations for the PBC program at 24 CFR part 983, codified as of May 1, 2001 and contained in 24 CFR part 983 revised as of April 1, 2002; and

(2) Section 8(d)(2) of the 1937 Act, as in effect before October 21, 1998 (the

date of enactment of Title V of Public Law 105-276, the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998, codified at 42 U.S.C. 1437 *et seq.*).

(b) *What rules apply?* Units under the PBC program are subject to the provisions of 24 CFR part 983, codified as of May 1, 2001, with the following exceptions:

(1) *PBC renewals.* (i) *General.* Consistent with the PBC HAP contract, at the sole option of the PHA, HAP contracts may be renewed for terms for an aggregate total (including the initial and any renewal terms) of 15 years, subject to the availability of appropriated funds.

(ii) *Renewal of PBC as PBV.* At the sole discretion of the PHA, upon the request of an owner, PHAs may renew a PBC HAP contract as a PBV HAP contract. All PBV regulations (including 24 CFR part 983, subpart G—Rent to Owner) apply to a PBC HAP contract renewed as a PBV HAP contract with the exception of §§ 983.51, 983.56, and 983.57(b)(1). In addition, the following conditions apply:

(A) The term of the HAP contract for PBC contracts renewed as PBV contracts shall be consistent with § 983.205.

(B) A PHA must make the determination, within one year before expiration of a PBC HAP contract, that renewal of the contract under the PBV program is appropriate to continue providing affordable housing for low-income families.

(C) The renewal of PBC assistance as PBV assistance is effectuated by the execution of a PBV HAP contract addendum as prescribed by HUD and a PBV HAP contract for existing housing.

(2) *Housing quality standards.* The regulations in 24 CFR 982.401 (housing quality standards) (HQS) apply to units assisted under the PBC program.

(i) *Special housing types.* HQS requirements for eligible special housing types, under this program, apply (See 24 CFR 982.605, 982.609 and 982.614).

(ii) *Lead-based paint requirements.* (A) The lead-based paint requirements at 24 CFR 982.401(j) do not apply to the PBC program.

(B) The Lead-based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821-4846),

the Residential Lead-based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 4851-4856), and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 35, subparts A, B, H, and R, apply to the PBV program.

(iii) *HQS enforcement.* The regulations in 24 CFR parts 982 and 983 do not create any right of the family or any party, other than HUD or the PHA, to require enforcement of the HQS requirements or to assert any claim against HUD or the PHA for damages, injunction, or other relief for alleged failure to enforce the HQS.

(c) *Statutory notice requirements.* In addition to provisions of 24 CFR part 983 codified as of May 1, 2001, § 983.206 applies to the PBC program.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36166, June 25, 2014]

Subpart B—Selection of PBV Owner Proposals

§ 983.51 Owner proposal selection procedures.

(a) *Procedures for selecting PBV proposals.* The PHA administrative plan must describe the procedures for owner submission of PBV proposals and for PHA selection of PBV proposals. Before selecting a PBV proposal, the PHA must determine that the PBV proposal complies with HUD program regulations and requirements, including a determination that the property is eligible housing (§§ 983.53 and 983.54), complies with the cap on the number of PBV units per project (§ 983.56), and meets the site selection standards (§ 983.57).

(b) *Selection of PBV proposals.* The PHA must select PBV proposals in accordance with the selection procedures in the PHA administrative plan. The PHA must select PBV proposals by either of the following two methods.

(1) *PHA request for PBV Proposals.* The PHA may not limit proposals to a single site or impose restrictions that explicitly or practically preclude owner submission of proposals for PBV housing on different sites.

(2) *Selection based on previous competition.* The PHA may select, without competition, a proposal for housing assisted under a federal, State, or local government housing assistance, community development, or supportive

services program that required competitive selection of proposals (e.g., HOME, and units for which competitively awarded low-income housing tax credits (LIHTCs) have been provided), where the proposal has been selected in accordance with such program's competitive selection requirements within 3 years of the PBV proposal selection date, and the earlier competitively selected housing assistance proposal did not involve any consideration that the project would receive PBV assistance.

(c) *Public notice of PHA request for PBV proposals.* If the PHA will be selecting proposals under paragraph (b)(1) of this section, PHA procedures for selecting PBV proposals must be designed and actually operated to provide broad public notice of the opportunity to offer PBV proposals for consideration by the PHA. The public notice procedures may include publication of the public notice in a local newspaper of general circulation and other means designed and actually operated to provide broad public notice. The public notice of the PHA request for PBV proposals must specify the submission deadline. Detailed application and selection information must be provided at the request of interested parties.

(d) *PHA notice of owner selection.* The PHA must give prompt written notice to the party that submitted a selected proposal and must also give prompt public notice of such selection. Public notice procedures may include publication of public notice in a local newspaper of general circulation and other means designed and actually operated to provide broad public notice.

(e) *PHA-owned units.* A PHA-owned unit may be assisted under the PBV program only if the HUD field office or HUD-approved independent entity reviews the selection process and determines that the PHA-owned units were appropriately selected based on the selection procedures specified in the PHA administrative plan. Under no circumstances may PBV assistance be used with a public housing unit.

(f) *Public review of PHA selection decision documentation.* The PHA must make documentation available for public inspection regarding the basis for the PHA selection of a PBV proposal.

(g) Owner proposal selection does not require submission of form HUD-2530 or other HUD previous participation clearance.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36166, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.52 Housing type.

The PHA may attach PBV assistance for units in existing housing or for newly constructed or rehabilitated housing developed under and in accordance with an Agreement.

(a) *Existing housing*—A housing unit is considered an existing unit for purposes of the PBV program, if at the time of notice of PHA selection the units substantially comply with HQS.

(1) Units for which rehabilitation or new construction began after owner's proposal submission but prior to execution of the AHAP do not subsequently qualify as existing housing.

(2) Units that were newly constructed or rehabilitated in violation of program requirements also do not qualify as existing housing.

(b) Subpart D of this part applies to newly constructed and rehabilitated housing.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36166, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.53 Prohibition of assistance for ineligible units.

(a) *Ineligible unit.* The PHA may not attach or pay PBV assistance for units in the following types of housing:

(1) Shared housing;

(2) Units on the grounds of a penal, reformatory, medical, mental, or similar public or private institution;

(3) Nursing homes or facilities providing continuous psychiatric, medical, nursing services, board and care, or intermediate care. However, the PHA may attach PBV assistance for a dwelling unit in an assisted living facility that provides home health care services such as nursing and therapy for residents of the housing;

(4) Units that are owned or controlled by an educational institution or its affiliate and are designated for occupancy by students of the institution;

(5) Manufactured homes; and

(6) Transitional Housing.

(b) *Prohibition against assistance for owner-occupied unit.* The PHA may not

attach or pay PBV assistance for a unit occupied by an owner of the housing. A member of a cooperative who owns shares in the project assisted under the PBV program shall not be considered an owner for purposes of participation in the PBV program.

(c) *Prohibition against selecting unit occupied by an ineligible family.* Before a PHA selects a specific unit to which assistance is to be attached, the PHA must determine whether the unit is occupied and, if occupied, whether the unit's occupants are eligible for assistance. The PHA must not select or enter into an Agreement or HAP contract for a unit occupied by a family ineligible for participation in the PBV program.

(d) *Prohibition against assistance for units for which commencement of construction or rehabilitation occurred prior to AHAP.* The PHA may not attach or pay PBV assistance for units for which construction or rehabilitation has commenced as defined in § 983.152 after proposal submission and prior to execution of an AHAP.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36166, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.54 Prohibition of assistance for units in subsidized housing.

A PHA may not attach or pay PBV assistance to units in any of the following types of subsidized housing:

(a) A public housing dwelling unit;

(b) A unit subsidized with any other form of Section 8 assistance (tenant-based or project-based);

(c) A unit subsidized with any governmental rent subsidy (a subsidy that pays all or any part of the rent);

(d) A unit subsidized with any governmental subsidy that covers all or any part of the operating costs of the housing;

(e) A unit subsidized with Section 236 rental assistance payments (12 U.S.C. 1715z-1). However, the PHA may attach assistance to a unit subsidized with Section 236 interest reduction payments;

(f) A unit subsidized with rental assistance payments under Section 521 of the Housing Act of 1949, 42 U.S.C. 1490a (a Rural Housing Service Program). However, the PHA may attach assistance for a unit subsidized with Section

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515 interest reduction payments (42 U.S.C. 1485);

(g) A Section 202 project for non-elderly persons with disabilities (assistance under Section 162 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1987, 12 U.S.C. 1701q note);

(h) Section 811 project-based supportive housing for persons with disabilities (42 U.S.C. 8013);

(i) Section 202 supportive housing for the elderly (12 U.S.C. 1701q);

(j) A Section 101 rent supplement project (12 U.S.C. 1701s);

(k) A unit subsidized with any form of tenant-based rental assistance (as defined at 24 CFR 982.1(b)(2)) (e.g., a unit subsidized with tenant-based rental assistance under the HOME program, 42 U.S.C. 12701 *et seq.*);

(l) A unit with any other duplicative federal, state, or local housing subsidy, as determined by HUD or by the PHA in accordance with HUD requirements. For this purpose, "housing subsidy" does not include the housing component of a welfare payment; a social security payment; or a federal, state, or local tax concession (such as relief from local real property taxes).

§ 983.55 Prohibition of excess public assistance.

(a) *Subsidy layering requirements.* The PHA may provide PBV assistance only in accordance with HUD subsidy layering regulations (24 CFR 4.13) and other requirements. The subsidy layering review is intended to prevent excessive public assistance for the housing by combining (layering) housing assistance payment subsidy under the PBV program with other governmental housing assistance from federal, state, or local agencies, including assistance such as tax concessions or tax credits. The subsidy layering requirements are not applicable to existing housing. A further subsidy layering review is not required for housing selected as new construction or rehabilitation of housing, if HUD's designee has conducted a review, which included a review of PBV assistance, in accordance with HUD's PBV subsidy layering review guidelines.

(b) *When subsidy layering review is conducted.* The PHA may not enter into an Agreement or HAP contract until

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HUD or a housing credit agency approved by HUD has conducted any required subsidy layering review and determined that the PBV assistance is in accordance with HUD subsidy layering requirements.

(c) *Owner certification.* The HAP contract must contain the owner's certification that the project has not received and will not receive (before or during the term of the HAP contract) any public assistance for acquisition, development, or operation of the housing other than assistance disclosed in the subsidy layering review in accordance with HUD requirements.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36166, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.56 Cap on number of PBV units in each project.

(a) *25 percent per project cap.* Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the PHA may not select a proposal to provide PBV assistance for units in a project or enter into an Agreement or HAP contract to provide PBV assistance for units in a project, if the total number of dwelling units in the project that will receive PBV assistance during the term of the PBV HAP is more than 25 percent of the number of dwelling units (assisted or unassisted) in the project.

(b) *Exception to 25 percent per building cap—(1) When PBV units are not counted against cap.* In the following cases, PBV units are not counted against the 25 percent per project cap:

(i) Units in a single-family building;

(ii) Excepted units in a multifamily project.

(2) Terms (i) "Excepted units" means units in a multifamily project that are specifically made available for qualifying families.

(ii) "Qualifying families" means:

(A) Elderly and/or disabled families; and/or

(B) Families receiving supportive services. PHAs must include in the PHA administrative plan the type of services offered to families for a project to qualify for the exception and the extent to which such services will be provided. It is not necessary that the services be provided at or by the project, if they are approved services. To qualify, a family must have at least

one member receiving at least one qualifying supportive service. A PHA may not require participation in medical or disability-related services other than drug and alcohol treatment in the case of current abusers as a condition of living in an excepted unit, although such services may be offered. If a family at the time of initial tenancy is receiving, and while the resident of an excepted unit has received, FSS supportive services or any other supportive services as defined in the PHA administrative plan, and successfully completes the FSS contract of participation or the supportive services requirement, the unit continues to count as an excepted unit for as long as the family resides in the unit. If a family in an excepted unit fails without good cause to complete its FSS contract of participation or if the family fails to complete the supportive services requirement as outlined in the PHA administrative plan, the PHA will take the actions provided under § 983.262(d), and the owner may terminate the lease in accordance with § 983.257(c). Also, at the time of initial lease execution between the family and the owner, the family and the PHA must sign a statement of family responsibility. The statement of family responsibility must contain all family obligations including the family's participation in a service program under this section. Failure by the family without good cause to fulfill its service obligation will require the PHA to terminate assistance. If the unit at the time of such termination is an excepted unit, the exception continues to apply to the unit as long as the unit is made available to another qualifying family.

(C) The PHA must monitor the excepted family's continued receipt of supportive services and take appropriate action regarding those families that fail without good cause to complete their supportive services requirement. The PHA administrative plan must state the form and frequency of such monitoring.

(3) *Combining exception categories.* Exception categories in a multifamily housing project may be combined.

(4) *Set-aside for qualifying families.* (1) In leasing units in a multifamily project pursuant to the PBV HAP, the

owner must set aside the number of excepted units made available for occupancy by qualifying families.

(ii) The PHA may refer only qualifying families for occupancy of excepted units.

(c) *Additional, local requirements promoting partially assisted projects.* A PHA may establish local requirements designed to promote PBV assistance in partially assisted projects. For example, a PHA may:

(1) Establish a per-project cap on the number of units that will receive PBV assistance or other project-based assistance in a multifamily project containing excepted units or in a single-family building.

(2) Determine not to provide PBV assistance for excepted units, or

(3) Establish a per-project cap of less than 25 percent.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36167, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.57 Site selection standards.

(a) *Applicability.* The site selection requirements in paragraph (d) of this section apply only to site selection for existing housing and rehabilitated PBV housing. The site selection requirements in paragraph (e) of this section apply only to site selection for newly constructed PBV housing. Other provisions of this section apply to selection of a site for any form of PBV housing, including existing housing, newly constructed housing, and rehabilitated housing.

(b) *Compliance with PBV goals, civil rights requirements, and HQS.* The PHA may not select a proposal for existing, newly constructed, or rehabilitated PBV housing on a site or enter into an Agreement or HAP contract for units on the site, unless the PHA has determined that:

(1) Project-based assistance for housing at the selected site is consistent with the goal of deconcentrating poverty and expanding housing and economic opportunities. The standard for deconcentrating poverty and expanding housing and economic opportunities must be consistent with the PHA Plan under 24 CFR part 903 and the PHA Administrative Plan. In developing the standards to apply in determining whether a proposed PBV development

will be selected, a PHA must consider the following:

(i) Whether the census tract in which the proposed PBV development will be located is in a HUD-designated Enterprise Zone, Economic Community, or Renewal Community;

(ii) Whether a PBV development will be located in a census tract where the concentration of assisted units will be or has decreased as a result of public housing demolition;

(iii) Whether the census tract in which the proposed PBV development will be located is undergoing significant revitalization;

(iv) Whether state, local, or federal dollars have been invested in the area that has assisted in the achievement of the statutory requirement;

(v) Whether new market rate units are being developed in the same census tract where the proposed PBV development will be located and the likelihood that such market rate units will positively impact the poverty rate in the area;

(vi) If the poverty rate in the area where the proposed PBV development will be located is greater than 20 percent, the PHA should consider whether in the past five years there has been an overall decline in the poverty rate;

(vii) Whether there are meaningful opportunities for educational and economic advancement in the census tract where the proposed PBV development will be located.

(2) The site is suitable from the standpoint of facilitating and furthering full compliance with the applicable provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d-2000d(4)) and HUD's implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 1; Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3601-3629); and HUD's implementing regulations at 24 CFR parts 100 through 199; Executive Order 11063 (27 FR 11527; 3 CFR, 1959-1963 Comp., p. 652) and HUD's implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 107. The site must meet the section 504 site selection requirements described in 24 CFR 8.4(b)(5).

(3) The site meets the HQS site standards at 24 CFR 982.401(l).

(c) *PHA PBV site selection policy.* (1) The PHA administrative plan must establish the PHA's policy for selection

of PBV sites in accordance with this section.

(2) The site selection policy must explain how the PHA's site selection procedures promote the PBV goals.

(3) The PHA must select PBV sites in accordance with the PHA's site selection policy in the PHA administrative plan.

(d) *Existing and rehabilitated housing site and neighborhood standards.* A site for existing or rehabilitated housing must meet the following site and neighborhood standards. The site must:

(1) Be adequate in size, exposure, and contour to accommodate the number and type of units proposed, and adequate utilities and streets must be available to service the site. (The existence of a private disposal system and private sanitary water supply for the site, approved in accordance with law, may be considered adequate utilities.)

(2) Promote greater choice of housing opportunities and avoid undue concentration of assisted persons in areas containing a high proportion of low-income persons.

(3) Be accessible to social, recreational, educational, commercial, and health facilities and services and other municipal facilities and services that are at least equivalent to those typically found in neighborhoods consisting largely of unassisted, standard housing of similar market rents.

(4) Be so located that travel time and cost via public transportation or private automobile from the neighborhood to places of employment providing a range of jobs for lower-income workers is not excessive. While it is important that housing for the elderly not be totally isolated from employment opportunities, this requirement need not be adhered to rigidly for such projects.

(e) *New construction site and neighborhood standards.* A site for newly constructed housing must meet the following site and neighborhood standards:

(1) The site must be adequate in size, exposure, and contour to accommodate the number and type of units proposed, and adequate utilities (water, sewer, gas, and electricity) and streets must be available to service the site.

(2) The site must not be located in an area of minority concentration, except as permitted under paragraph (e)(3) of this section, and must not be located in a racially mixed area if the project will cause a significant increase in the proportion of minority to non-minority residents in the area.

(3) A project may be located in an area of minority concentration only if:

(i) Sufficient, comparable opportunities exist for housing for minority families in the income range to be served by the proposed project outside areas of minority concentration (see paragraph (e)(3)(iii), (iv), and (v) of this section for further guidance on this criterion); or

(ii) The project is necessary to meet overriding housing needs that cannot be met in that housing market area (see paragraph (e) (3)(vi)) of this section for further guidance on this criterion).

(iii) As used in paragraph (e)(3)(i) of this section, "sufficient" does not require that in every locality there be an equal number of assisted units within and outside of areas of minority concentration. Rather, application of this standard should produce a reasonable distribution of assisted units each year, that, over a period of several years, will approach an appropriate balance of housing choices within and outside areas of minority concentration. An appropriate balance in any jurisdiction must be determined in light of local conditions affecting the range of housing choices available for low-income minority families and in relation to the racial mix of the locality's population.

(iv) Units may be considered "comparable opportunities," as used in paragraph (e)(3)(i) of this section, if they have the same household type (elderly, disabled, family, large family) and tenure type (owner/renter); require approximately the same tenant contribution towards rent; serve the same income group; are located in the same housing market; and are in standard condition.

(v) Application of this sufficient, comparable opportunities standard involves assessing the overall impact of HUD-assisted housing on the availability of housing choices for low-in-

come minority families in and outside areas of minority concentration, and must take into account the extent to which the following factors are present, along with other factors relevant to housing choice:

(A) A significant number of assisted housing units are available outside areas of minority concentration.

(B) There is significant integration of assisted housing projects constructed or rehabilitated in the past 10 years, relative to the racial mix of the eligible population.

(C) There are racially integrated neighborhoods in the locality.

(D) Programs are operated by the locality to assist minority families that wish to find housing outside areas of minority concentration.

(E) Minority families have benefited from local activities (e.g., acquisition and write-down of sites, tax relief programs for homeowners, acquisitions of units for use as assisted housing units) undertaken to expand choice for minority families outside of areas of minority concentration.

(F) A significant proportion of minority households has been successful in finding units in non-minority areas under the tenant-based assistance programs.

(G) Comparable housing opportunities have been made available outside areas of minority concentration through other programs.

(vi) Application of the "overriding housing needs" criterion, for example, permits approval of sites that are an integral part of an overall local strategy for the preservation or restoration of the immediate neighborhood and of sites in a neighborhood experiencing significant private investment that is demonstrably improving the economic character of the area (a "revitalizing area"). An "overriding housing need," however, may not serve as the basis for determining that a site is acceptable, if the only reason the need cannot otherwise be feasibly met is that discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, familial status, or disability renders sites outside areas of minority concentration unavailable or if the use of this standard in recent years has had the effect

of circumventing the obligation to provide housing choice.

(4) The site must promote greater choice of housing opportunities and avoid undue concentration of assisted persons in areas containing a high proportion of low-income persons.

(5) The neighborhood must not be one that is seriously detrimental to family life or in which substandard dwellings or other undesirable conditions predominate, unless there is actively in progress a concerted program to remedy the undesirable conditions.

(6) The housing must be accessible to social, recreational, educational, commercial, and health facilities and services and other municipal facilities and services that are at least equivalent to those typically found in neighborhoods consisting largely of unassisted, standard housing of similar market rents.

(7) Except for new construction, housing designed for elderly persons, travel time, and cost via public transportation or private automobile from the neighborhood to places of employment providing a range of jobs for lower-income workers, must not be excessive.

§ 983.58 Environmental review.

(a) *HUD environmental regulations.* Activities under the PBV program are subject to HUD environmental regulations in 24 CFR parts 50 and 58.

(b) *Who performs the environmental review?* (1) Under 24 CFR part 58, a unit of general local government, a county or a state (the "responsible entity" or "RE") is responsible for the federal environmental review under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*) and related applicable federal laws and authorities in accordance with 24 CFR 58.5 and 58.6.

(2) If a PHA objects in writing to having the RE perform the federal environmental review, or if the RE declines to perform it, then HUD may perform the review itself (24 CFR 58.11). 24 CFR part 50 governs HUD performance of the review.

(c) *Existing housing.* In the case of existing housing under this part 983, the RE that is responsible for the environmental review under 24 CFR part 58 must determine whether or not PBV assistance is categorically excluded

from review under the National Environmental Policy Act and whether or not the assistance is subject to review under the laws and authorities listed in 24 CFR 58.5.

(d) *Limitations on actions before completion of the environmental review.* (1) The PHA may not enter into an Agreement or HAP contract with an owner, and the PHA, the owner, and its contractors may not acquire, rehabilitate, convert, lease, repair, dispose of, demolish, or construct real property or commit or expend program or local funds for PBV activities under this part, until one of the following occurs:

(i) The responsible entity has completed the environmental review procedures required by 24 CFR part 58, and HUD has approved the environmental certification and HUD has given a release of funds, as defined in § 983.3(b);

(ii) The responsible entity has determined that the project to be assisted is exempt under 24 CFR 58.34 or is categorically excluded and not subject to compliance with environmental laws under 24 CFR 58.35(b); or

(iii) HUD has performed an environmental review under 24 CFR part 50 and has notified the PHA in writing of environmental approval of the site.

(2) HUD will not approve the release of funds for PBV assistance under this part if the PHA, the owner, or any other party commits funds (*i.e.*, enters an Agreement or HAP contract or otherwise incurs any costs or expenditures to be paid or reimbursed with such funds) before the PHA submits and HUD approves its request for release of funds (where such submission is required).

(e) *PHA duty to supply information.* The PHA must supply all available, relevant information necessary for the RE (or HUD, if applicable) to perform any required environmental review for any site.

(f) *Mitigating measures.* The PHA must require the owner to carry out mitigating measures required by the RE (or HUD, if applicable) as a result of the environmental review.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36167, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.59 PHA-owned units.

(a) *Selection of PHA-owned units.* The selection of PHA-owned units must be done in accordance with § 983.51(e).

(b) *Inspection and determination of reasonable rent by independent entity.* In the case of PHA-owned units, the following program services may not be performed by the PHA, but must be performed instead by an independent entity approved by HUD.

(1) *Determination of rent to owner for the PHA-owned units.* Rent to owner for PHA-owned units is determined pursuant to §§ 983.301 through 983.305 in accordance with the same requirements as for other units, except that the independent entity approved by HUD must establish the initial contract rents based on PBV program requirements;

(2) *Initial and renewal HAP contract term.* The term of the HAP contract and any HAP contract renewal for PHA-owned units must be agreed upon by the PHA and the independent entity approved by HUD. Any costs associated with implementing this requirement must be paid for by the PHA; and

(3) *Inspection of PHA-owned units as required by § 983.103(f).*

(c) *Nature of independent entity.* The independent entity that performs these program services may be the unit of general local government for the PHA jurisdiction (unless the PHA is itself the unit of general local government or an agency of such government) or another HUD-approved public or private independent entity.

(d) *Payment to independent entity.* (1) The PHA may compensate the independent entity from PHA ongoing administrative fee income (including amounts credited to the administrative fee reserve). The PHA may not use other program receipts to compensate the independent entity for its services.

(2) The PHA, and the independent entity, may not charge the family any fee for the services provided by the independent entity.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36167, June 25, 2014]

Subpart C—Dwelling Units**§ 983.101 Housing quality standards.**

(a) *HQS applicability.* Except as otherwise provided in this section, 24 CFR 982.401 (housing quality standards) applies to the PBV program. The physical condition standards at 24 CFR 5.703 do not apply to the PBV program.

(b) *HQS for special housing types.* For special housing types assisted under the PBV program, HQS in 24 CFR part 982 apply to the PBV program. (Shared housing, manufactured home space rental, and the homeownership option are not assisted under the PBV program.) HQS contained within 24 CFR part 982 that are inapplicable to the PBV program pursuant to § 983.2 are also inapplicable to special housing types under the PBV program.

(c) *Lead-based paint requirements.* (1) The lead-based paint requirements at § 982.401(j) of this chapter do not apply to the PBV program.

(2) The Lead-based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821-4846), the Residential Lead-based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 4851-4856), and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 35, subparts A, B, H, and R, apply to the PBV program.

(d) *HQS enforcement.* Parts 982 and 983 of this chapter do not create any right of the family or any party, other than HUD or the PHA, to require enforcement of the HQS requirements or to assert any claim against HUD or the PHA for damages, injunction, or other relief for alleged failure to enforce the HQS.

(e) *Additional PHA quality and design requirements.* This section establishes the minimum federal housing quality standards for PBV housing. However, the PHA may elect to establish additional requirements for quality, architecture, or design of PBV housing, and any such additional requirements must be specified in the Agreement.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36167, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.102 Housing accessibility for persons with disabilities.

(a) *Program accessibility.* The housing must comply with program accessibility requirements of section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29

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U.S.C. 794) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 8. The PHA shall ensure that the percentage of accessible dwelling units complies with the requirements of section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), as implemented by HUD's regulations at 24 CFR part 8, subpart C.

(b) *Design and construction.* Housing first occupied after March 13, 1991, must comply with design and construction requirements of the Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988 and implementing regulations at 24 CFR 100.205, as applicable.

§ 983.103 Inspecting units.

(a) *Pre-selection inspection.*—(1) *Inspection of site.* The PHA must examine the proposed site before the proposal selection date.

(2) *Inspection of existing units.* If the units to be assisted already exist, the PHA must inspect all the units before the proposal selection date, and must determine whether the units substantially comply with the HQS. To qualify as existing housing, units must substantially comply with the HQS on the proposal selection date. However, the PHA may not execute the HAP contract until the units fully comply with the HQS.

(b) *Pre-HAP contract inspections.* The PHA must inspect each contract unit before execution of the HAP contract. The PHA may not enter into a HAP contract covering a unit until the unit fully complies with the HQS.

(c) *Turnover inspections.* Before providing assistance to a new family in a contract unit, the PHA must inspect the unit. The PHA may not provide assistance on behalf of the family until the unit fully complies with the HQS.

(d) *Biennial inspections.* (1) At least biennially during the term of the HAP contract, the PHA must inspect a random sample, consisting of at least 20 percent of the contract units in each building, to determine if the contract units and the premises are maintained in accordance with the HQS. Turnover inspections pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section are not counted toward meeting this inspection requirement.

(2) If more than 20 percent of the sample of inspected contract units in a building fail the initial inspection,

then the PHA must reinspect 100 percent of the contract units in the building.

(3) A PHA may also use the procedures applicable to HCV units in 24 CFR 982.406.

(e) *Other inspections.* (1) The PHA must inspect contract units whenever needed to determine that the contract units comply with the HQS and that the owner is providing maintenance, utilities, and other services in accordance with the HAP contract. The PHA must take into account complaints and any other information coming to its attention in scheduling inspections.

(2) The PHA must conduct follow-up inspections needed to determine if the owner (or, if applicable, the family) has corrected an HQS violation, and must conduct inspections to determine the basis for exercise of contractual and other remedies for owner or family violation of the HQS. (Family HQS obligations are specified in 24 CFR 982.404(b).)

(3) In conducting PHA supervisory quality control HQS inspections, the PHA should include a representative sample of both tenant-based and project-based units.

(f) *Inspecting PHA-owned units.* (1) In the case of PHA-owned units, the inspections required under this section must be performed by an independent agency designated in accordance with § 983.59, rather than by the PHA.

(2) The independent entity must furnish a copy of each inspection report to the PHA and to the HUD field office where the project is located.

(3) The PHA must take all necessary actions in response to inspection reports from the independent agency, including exercise of contractual remedies for violation of the HAP contract by the PHA owner.

(g) *Mixed-finance properties.* In the case of a property assisted with project-based vouchers (authorized at 42 U.S.C. 1437f(o)(13)) that is subject to an alternative inspection, the PHA may rely upon inspections conducted at least triennially to demonstrate compliance with the inspection requirement of 24 CFR 982.405(a).

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 81 FR 12377, Mar. 8, 2016]

Subpart D—Requirements for Rehabilitated and Newly Constructed Units

§ 983.151 Applicability.

This Subpart D applies to PBV assistance for newly constructed or rehabilitated housing. This Subpart D does not apply to PBV assistance for existing housing. Housing selected under this subpart cannot be selected as existing housing, as defined in § 983.52, at a later date.

§ 983.152 Purpose and content of the Agreement to enter into HAP contract.

(a) *Purpose of Agreement.* In the Agreement the owner agrees to develop the contract units to comply with the HQS, and the PHA agrees that, upon timely completion of such development in accordance with the terms of the Agreement, the PHA will enter into a HAP contract with the owner for the contract units.

(b) *Requirement.* The PHA must enter into an Agreement with the owner at such time as provided in § 983.153. The Agreement must be in the form required by HUD headquarters (see 24 CFR 982.162).

(c) *Commencement of construction or rehabilitation.* The PHA may not enter into an agreement if commencement of construction or rehabilitation has commenced after proposal submission.

(1) Construction begins when excavation or site preparation (including clearing of the land) begins for the housing;

(2) Rehabilitation begins with the physical commencement of rehabilitation activity on the housing.

(d) *Description of housing.* (1) At a minimum, the Agreement must describe the following features of the housing to be developed (newly constructed or rehabilitated) and assisted under the PBV program:

- (i) Site;
- (ii) Location of contract units on site;
- (iii) Number of contract units by area (size) and number of bedrooms and bathrooms;
- (iv) Services, maintenance, or equipment to be supplied by the owner with-

out charges in addition to the rent to owner;

(v) Utilities available to the contract units, including a specification of utility services to be paid by owner (without charges in addition to rent) and utility services to be paid by the tenant;

(vi) Indication of whether or not the design and construction requirements of the Fair Housing Act and implementing regulations at 24 CFR 100.205 and the accessibility requirements of section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR 8.22 and 8.23 apply to units under the Agreement. If these requirements are applicable, any required work item resulting from these requirements must be included in the description of work to be performed under the Agreement, as specified in paragraph (c)(i)(viii) of this section.

(vii) Estimated initial rents to owner for the contract units;

(viii) Description of the work to be performed under the Agreement. If the Agreement is for rehabilitation of units, the work description must include the rehabilitation work write up and, where determined necessary by the PHA, specifications, and plans. If the Agreement is for new construction, the work description must include the working drawings and specifications.

(2) At a minimum, the housing must comply with the HQS. The PHA may elect to establish additional requirements for quality, architecture, or design of PBV housing, over and above the HQS, and any such additional requirement must be specified in the Agreement.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36167, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.153 When Agreement is executed.

The agreement must be promptly executed, in accordance with the following conditions:

(a) *Prohibition of excess subsidy.* The PHA may not enter the Agreement with the owner until the subsidy layering review is completed (see § 983.55).

(b) *Environmental approval.* The PHA may not enter the Agreement with the owner until the environmental review is completed and the PHA has received

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the environmental approval (see § 983.58).

(c) *Prohibition on construction or rehabilitation.* The PHA shall not enter into the Agreement with the owner if construction or rehabilitation has commenced after proposal submission.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36167, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.154 Conduct of development work.

(a) *Development requirements.* The owner must carry out development work in accordance with the Agreement and the requirements of this section.

(b) *Labor standards.* (1) In the case of an Agreement for development of nine or more contract units (whether or not completed in stages), the owner and the owner's contractors and subcontractors must pay Davis-Bacon wages to laborers and mechanics employed in development of the housing.

(2) The HUD prescribed form of Agreement shall include the labor standards clauses required by HUD, such as those involving Davis-Bacon wage rates.

(3) The owner and the owner's contractors and subcontractors must comply with the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR part 5, and other applicable federal labor relations laws and regulations. The PHA must monitor compliance with labor standards.

(c) *Equal employment opportunity.* The owner must comply with federal equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Orders 11246 as amended (3 CFR, 1964-1965 Comp., p. 339), 11625 (3 CFR, 1971-1975 Comp., p. 616), 12432 (3 CFR, 1983 Comp., p. 198) and 12138 (3 CFR, 1977 Comp., p. 393).

(d) *Eligibility to participate in federal programs and activities.* The Agreement and HAP contract shall include a certification by the owner that the owner and other project principals (including the officers and principal members, shareholders, investors, and other parties having a substantial interest in the project) are not on the U.S. General Services Administration list of parties excluded from federal procurement and nonprocurement programs.

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(e) *Disclosure of conflict of interest.* The owner must disclose any possible conflict of interest that would be a violation of the Agreement, the HAP contract, or HUD regulations.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 85 FR 61568, Sept. 29, 2020]

§ 983.155 Completion of housing.

(a) *Completion deadline.* The owner must develop and complete the housing in accordance with the Agreement. The Agreement must specify the deadlines for completion of the housing and for submission by the owner of the required evidence of completion.

(b) *Required evidence of completion—(1) Minimum submission.* At a minimum, the owner must submit the following evidence of completion to the PHA in the form and manner required by the PHA:

(i) Owner certification that the work has been completed in accordance with the HQS and all requirements of the Agreement; and

(ii) Owner certification that the owner has complied with labor standards and equal opportunity requirements in development of the housing.

(2) *Additional documentation.* At the discretion of the PHA, the Agreement may specify additional documentation that must be submitted by the owner as evidence of housing completion. For example, such documentation may include:

(i) A certificate of occupancy or other evidence that the units comply with local requirements (such as code and zoning requirements); and

(ii) An architect's certification that the housing complies with:

(A) HUD housing quality standards;

(B) State, local, or other building codes;

(C) Zoning;

(D) The rehabilitation work write-up (for rehabilitated housing) or the work description (for newly constructed housing); or

(E) Any additional design or quality requirements pursuant to the Agreement.

§ 983.156 PHA acceptance of completed units.

(a) *PHA determination of completion.* When the PHA has received owner notice that the housing is completed:

(1) The PHA must inspect to determine if the housing has been completed in accordance with the Agreement, including compliance with the HQS and any additional requirement imposed by the PHA under the Agreement.

(2) The PHA must determine if the owner has submitted all required evidence of completion.

(3) If the work has not been completed in accordance with the Agreement, the PHA must not enter into the HAP contract.

(b) *Execution of HAP contract.* If the PHA determines that the housing has been completed in accordance with the Agreement and that the owner has submitted all required evidence of completion, the PHA must submit the HAP contract for execution by the owner and must then execute the HAP contract.

§ 983.157 Broadband infrastructure.

Any new construction or substantial rehabilitation, as substantial rehabilitation is defined by 24 CFR 5.100, of a building with more than 4 rental units and where the date of the notice of owner proposal selection or the start of the rehabilitation while under a HAP contract is after January 19, 2017 must include installation of broadband infrastructure, as this term is also defined in 24 CFR 5.100, except where the owner determines and documents the determination that:

(a) The location of the new construction or substantial rehabilitation makes installation of broadband infrastructure infeasible;

(b) The cost of installing broadband infrastructure would result in a fundamental alteration in the nature of its program or activity or in an undue financial burden; or

(c) The structure of the housing to be substantially rehabilitated makes installation of broadband infrastructure infeasible.

[81 FR 92639, Dec. 20, 2016]

Subpart E—Housing Assistance Payments Contract**§ 983.201 Applicability.**

Subpart E applies to all PBV assistance under part 983 (including assistance for existing, newly constructed, or rehabilitated housing).

§ 983.202 Purpose of HAP contract.

(a) *Requirement.* The PHA must enter into a HAP contract with the owner. With the exception of single family scattered site projects, a HAP contract shall cover a single project. If multiple projects exist, each project shall be covered by a separate HAP contract. The HAP contract must be in such form as may be prescribed by HUD.

(b) *Purpose of HAP contract.* (1) The purpose of the HAP contract is to provide housing assistance payments for eligible families.

(2) The PHA makes housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the HAP contract. Housing assistance is paid for contract units leased and occupied by eligible families during the HAP contract term.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36167, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.203 HAP contract information.

The HAP contract must specify:

(a) The total number of contract units by number of bedrooms;

(b) Information needed to identify the site and the building or buildings where the contract units are located. The information must include the project's name, street address, city or county, state and zip code, block and lot number (if known), and any other information necessary to clearly identify the site and the building;

(c) Information needed to identify the specific contract units in each building. The information must include the number of contract units in the building, the location of each contract unit, the area of each contract unit, and the number of bedrooms and bathrooms in each contract unit;

(d) Services, maintenance, and equipment to be supplied by the owner without charges in addition to the rent to owner;

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(e) Utilities available to the contract units, including a specification of utility services to be paid by the owner (without charges in addition to rent) and utility services to be paid by the tenant;

(f) Features provided to comply with program accessibility requirements of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794) and implementing regulations at 24 CFR part 8;

(g) The HAP contract term;

(h) The number of units in any project that will exceed the 25 percent per-project cap (as described in § 983.56), which will be set-aside for occupancy by qualifying families (elderly and/or disabled families and families receiving supportive services); and

(i) The initial rent to owner (for the first 12 months of the HAP contract term).

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36167, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.204 When HAP contract is executed.

(a) *PHA inspection of housing.* (1) Before execution of the HAP contract, the PHA must inspect each contract unit in accordance with § 983.103(b).

(2) The PHA may not enter into a HAP contract for any contract unit until the PHA has determined that the unit complies with the HQS.

(b) *Existing housing.* In the case of existing housing, the HAP contract must be executed promptly after PHA selection of the owner proposal and PHA inspection of the housing.

(c) *Newly constructed or rehabilitated housing.* (1) In the case of newly constructed or rehabilitated housing the HAP contract must be executed after the PHA has inspected the completed units and has determined that the units have been completed in accordance with the Agreement and the owner has furnished all required evidence of completion (see §§ 983.155 and 983.156).

(2) In the HAP contract, the owner certifies that the units have been completed in accordance with the Agreement. Completion of the units by the owner and acceptance of units by the PHA is subject to the provisions of the Agreement.

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§ 983.205 Term of HAP contract.

(a) *15-year initial term.* The PHA may enter into a HAP contract with an owner for an initial term of up to 15 years for each contract unit. The length of the term of the HAP contract for any contract unit may not be less than one year, nor more than 15 years. In the case of PHA-owned units, the term of the initial HAP contract shall be determined in accordance with § 983.59.

(b) *Extension of term.* A PHA may agree to enter into an extension at the time of the initial HAP contract term or any time before expiration of the contract, for an additional term of up to 15 years if the PHA determines an extension is appropriate to continue providing affordable housing for low-income families. A HAP contract extension may not exceed 15 years. A PHA may provide for multiple extensions; however, in no circumstance may such extensions exceed 15 years, cumulatively. Extensions after the initial extension are allowed at the end of any extension term provided that not more than 24 months prior to the expiration of the previous extension contract, the PHA agrees to extend the term, and that such extension is appropriate to continue providing affordable housing for low-income families or to expand housing opportunities. Extensions after the initial extension term shall not begin prior to the expiration date of the previous extension term. Subsequent extensions are subject to the same limitations described in this paragraph. Any extension of the term must be on the form and subject to the conditions prescribed by HUD at the time of the extension. In the case of PHA-owned units, any extension of the initial term of the HAP contract shall be determined in accordance with § 983.59.

(c) *Termination by PHA—insufficient funding.* (1) The HAP contract must provide that the term of the PHA's contractual commitment is subject to the availability of sufficient appropriated funding (budget authority) as determined by HUD or by the PHA in accordance with HUD instructions. For purposes of this section, "sufficient funding" means the availability of appropriations, and of funding under the

ACC from such appropriations, to make full payment of housing assistance payments payable to the owner for any contract year in accordance with the terms of the HAP contract.

(2) The availability of sufficient funding must be determined by HUD or by the PHA in accordance with HUD instructions. If it is determined that there may not be sufficient funding to continue housing assistance payments for all contract units and for the full term of the HAP contract, the PHA has the right to terminate the HAP contract by notice to the owner for all or any of the contract units. Such action by the PHA shall be implemented in accordance with HUD instructions.

(d) *Termination by owner—reduction below initial rent.* The owner may terminate the HAP contract, upon notice to the PHA, if the amount of the rent to owner for any contract unit, as adjusted in accordance with § 983.302, is reduced below the amount of the initial rent to owner (rent to owner at the beginning of the HAP contract term). In this case, the assisted families residing in the contract units will be offered tenant-based voucher assistance.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36168, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.206 Statutory notice requirements: Contract termination or expiration.

(a) Notices required in accordance with this section must be provided in the form prescribed by HUD.

(b) Not less than one year before termination of a PBV or PBC HAP contract, the owner must notify the PHA and assisted tenants of the termination.

(c) For purposes of this section, the term "termination" means the expiration of the HAP contract or an owner's refusal to renew the HAP contract.

(d)(1) If an owner does not give timely notice of termination, the owner must permit the tenants in assisted units to remain in their units for the required notice period with no increase in the tenant portion of their rent, and with no eviction as a result of an owner's inability to collect an increased tenant portion of rent.

(2) An owner may renew the terminating contract for a period of time

sufficient to give tenants one-year advance notice under such terms as HUD may require.

[79 FR 36168, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.207 HAP contract amendments (to add or substitute contract units).

(a) *Amendment to substitute contract units.* At the discretion of the PHA and subject to all PBV requirements, the HAP contract may be amended to substitute a different unit with the same number of bedrooms in the same building for a previously covered contract unit. Prior to such substitution, the PHA must inspect the proposed substitute unit and must determine the reasonable rent for such unit.

(b) *Amendment to add contract units.* At the discretion of the PHA, and provided that the total number of units in a project that will receive PBV assistance will not exceed 25 percent of the total number of dwelling units in the project (assisted and unassisted), (unless units were initially identified in the HAP contract as excepted from the 25 percent limitation in accordance with § 983.56(b)), or the 20 percent of authorized budget authority as provided in § 983.6, a HAP contract may be amended during the three-year period immediately following the execution date of the HAP contract to add additional PBV contract units in the same project. An amendment to the HAP contract is subject to all PBV requirements (e.g., rents are reasonable), except that a new PBV request for proposals is not required. The anniversary and expiration dates of the HAP contract for the additional units must be the same as the anniversary and expiration dates of the HAP contract term for the PBV units originally placed under HAP contract.

(c) *Staged completion of contract units.* Even if contract units are placed under the HAP contract in stages commencing on different dates, there is a single annual anniversary for all contract units under the HAP contract. The annual anniversary for all contract units is the annual anniversary date for the first contract units placed under the HAP contract. The expiration of the HAP contract for all the contract units completed in stages

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must be concurrent with the end of the HAP contract term for the units originally placed under HAP contract.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005. Redesignated and amended at 79 FR 36168, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.208 Condition of contract units.

(a) *Owner maintenance and operation.*

(1) The owner must maintain and operate the contract units and premises in accordance with the HQS, including performance of ordinary and extraordinary maintenance.

(2) The owner must provide all the services, maintenance, equipment, and utilities specified in the HAP contract with the PHA and in the lease with each assisted family.

(3) At the discretion of the PHA, the HAP contract may also require continuing owner compliance during the HAP term with additional housing quality requirements specified by the PHA (in addition to, but not in place of, compliance with the HUD-prescribed HQS). Such additional requirements may be designed to assure continued compliance with any design, architecture, or quality requirement specified in the Agreement.

(b) *Remedies for HQS violation.* (1) The PHA must vigorously enforce the owner's obligation to maintain contract units in accordance with the HQS. The PHA may not make any HAP payment to the owner for a contract unit covering any period during which the contract unit does not comply with the HQS.

(2) If the PHA determines that a contract unit is not in accordance with the housing quality standards (or other HAP contract requirement), the PHA may exercise any of its remedies under the HAP contract for all or any contract units. Such remedies include termination of housing assistance payments, abatement or reduction of housing assistance payments, reduction of contract units, and termination of the HAP contract.

(c) *Maintenance and replacement—Owner's standard practice.* Maintenance and replacement (including redecoration) must be in accordance with the

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standard practice for the building concerned as established by the owner.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005. Redesignated at 79 FR 36168, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.209 Owner responsibilities.

The owner is responsible for performing all of the owner responsibilities under the Agreement and the HAP contract. 24 CFR 982.452 (Owner responsibilities) applies.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005. Redesignated at 79 FR 36168, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.210 Owner certification.

By execution of the HAP contract, the owner certifies that at such execution and at all times during the term of the HAP contract:

(a) All contract units are in good and tenable condition. The owner is maintaining the premises and all contract units in accordance with the HQS.

(b) The owner is providing all the services, maintenance, equipment, and utilities as agreed to under the HAP contract and the leases with assisted families.

(c) Each contract unit for which the owner is receiving housing assistance payments is leased to an eligible family referred by the PHA, and the lease is in accordance with the HAP contract and HUD requirements.

(d) To the best of the owner's knowledge, the members of the family reside in each contract unit for which the owner is receiving housing assistance payments, and the unit is the family's only residence.

(e) The owner (including a principal or other interested party) is not the spouse, parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister, or brother of any member of a family residing in a contract unit.

(f) The amount of the housing assistance payment is the correct amount due under the HAP contract.

(g) The rent to owner for each contract unit does not exceed rents charged by the owner for other comparable unassisted units.

(h) Except for the housing assistance payment and the tenant rent as provided under the HAP contract, the

owner has not received and will not receive any payment or other consideration (from the family, the PHA, HUD, or any other public or private source) for rental of the contract unit.

(i) The family does not own or have any interest in the contract unit. The certification required by this section does not apply in the case of an assisted family's membership in a cooperative.

(j) Repair work on a project selected as an existing project that is performed after HAP execution within such post-execution period as specified by HUD may constitute development activity, and if determined to be development activity, the repair work undertaken shall be in compliance with Davis-Bacon wage requirements.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005. Redesignated and amended at 79 FR 36168, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.211 Removal of unit from HAP contract.

(a) Units occupied by families whose income has increased during their tenancy resulting in the tenant rent equaling the rent to the owner, shall be removed from the HAP Contract 180 days following the last housing assistance payment on behalf of the family.

(b) If the project is fully assisted, a PHA may reinstate the unit removed under paragraph (a) of this section to the HAP contract after the ineligible family vacates the property. If the project is partially assisted, a PHA may substitute a different unit for the unit removed under paragraph (a) of this section to the HAP contract when the first eligible substitute becomes available.

(c) A reinstatement or substitution of units under the HAP contract, in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section, must be permissible under § 983.207. The anniversary and expiration dates of the HAP contract for the unit must be the same as it was when it was originally placed under the HAP contract. The PHA must refer eligible families to the owner in accordance with the PHA's selection policies.

[79 FR 36168, June 25, 2014]

Subpart F—Occupancy

§ 983.251 How participants are selected.

(a) *Who may receive PBV assistance?*

(1) The PHA may select families who are participants in the PHA's tenant-based voucher program and families who have applied for admission to the voucher program.

(2) Except for voucher participants (determined eligible at original admission to the voucher program), the PHA may only select families determined eligible for admission at commencement of PBV assistance.

(3) The protections for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking in 24 CFR part 5, subpart L, apply to admission to the project-based program.

(4) A PHA may not approve a tenancy if the owner (including a principal or other interested party) of a unit is the parent, child, grandparent, grandchild, sister, or brother of any member of the family, unless the PHA determines that approving the unit would provide reasonable accommodation for a family member who is a person with disabilities.

(b) *Protection of in-place families.* (1) The term "in-place family" means an eligible family residing in a proposed contract unit on the proposal selection date.

(2) In order to minimize displacement of in-place families, if a unit to be placed under contract that is either an existing unit or one requiring rehabilitation is occupied by an eligible family on the proposal selection date, the in-place family must be placed on the PHA's waiting list (if the family is not already on the list) and, once its continued eligibility is determined, given an absolute selection preference and referred to the project owner for an appropriately sized PBV unit in the project. (However, the PHA may deny assistance for the grounds specified in 24 CFR 982.552 and 982.553.) Admission of such families is not subject to income-targeting under 24 CFR 982.201(b)(2)(i), and such families must be referred to the owner from the PHA's waiting list. A PHA shall give such families priority for admission to the PBV program. This protection does

not apply to families that are not eligible to participate in the program on the proposal selection date.

(c) *Selection from PHA waiting list.* (1) Applicants who will occupy PBV units must be selected by the PHA from the PHA waiting list. The PHA must select applicants from the waiting list in accordance with the policies in the PHA administrative plan.

(2) The PHA may use a separate waiting list for admission to PBV units or may use the same waiting list for both tenant-based assistance and PBV assistance. If the PHA chooses to use a separate waiting list for admission to PBV units, the PHA must offer to place applicants who are listed on the waiting list for tenant-based assistance on the waiting list for PBV assistance.

(3) The PHA may use separate waiting lists for PBV units in individual projects or buildings (or for sets of such units) or may use a single waiting list for the PHA's whole PBV program. In either case, the waiting list may establish criteria or preferences for occupancy of particular units.

(4) The PHA may merge the waiting list for PBV assistance with the PHA waiting list for admission to another assisted housing program.

(5) The PHA may place families referred by the PBV owner on its PBV waiting list.

(6) Not less than 75 percent of the families admitted to a PHA's tenant-based and project-based voucher programs during the PHA fiscal year from the PHA waiting list shall be extremely low-income families. The income-targeting requirements at 24 CFR 982.201(b)(2) apply to the total of admissions to the PHA's project-based voucher program and tenant-based voucher program during the PHA fiscal year from the PHA waiting list for such programs.

(7) In selecting families to occupy PBV units with special accessibility features for persons with disabilities, the PHA must first refer families who require such accessibility features to the owner (see 24 CFR 8.26 and 100.202).

(d) *Preference for services offered.* In selecting families, PHAs may give preference to disabled families who need services offered at a particular project in accordance with the limits under

this paragraph. The prohibition on granting preferences to persons with a specific disability at 24 CFR 982.207(b)(3) continues to apply.

(1) *Preference limits.* (i) The preference is limited to the population of families (including individuals) with disabilities that significantly interfere with their ability to obtain and maintain themselves in housing;

(ii) Who, without appropriate supportive services, will not be able to obtain or maintain themselves in housing; and

(iii) For whom such services cannot be provided in a nonsegregated setting.

(2) Disabled residents shall not be required to accept the particular services offered at the project.

(3) In advertising the project, the owner may advertise the project as offering services for a particular type of disability; however, the project must be open to all otherwise eligible persons with disabilities who may benefit from services provided in the project.

(e) *Offer of PBV assistance.* (1) If a family refuses the PHA's offer of PBV assistance, such refusal does not affect the family's position on the PHA waiting list for tenant-based assistance.

(2) If a PBV owner rejects a family for admission to the owner's PBV units, such rejection by the owner does not affect the family's position on the PHA waiting list for tenant-based assistance.

(3) The PHA may not take any of the following actions against an applicant who has applied for, received, or refused an offer of PBV assistance:

(1) Refuse to list the applicant on the PHA waiting list for tenant-based assistance;

(ii) Deny any admission preference for which the applicant is currently qualified;

(iii) Change the applicant's place on the waiting list based on preference, date, and time of application, or other factors affecting selection under the PHA selection policy;

(iv) Remove the applicant from the waiting list for tenant-based voucher assistance.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 73 FR 72345, Nov. 28, 2008; 75 FR 66264, Oct. 27, 2010; 79 FR 36168, June 25, 2014; 81 FR 80818, Nov. 16, 2016]

§ 983.252 PHA information for accepted family.

(a) *Oral briefing.* When a family accepts an offer of PBV assistance, the PHA must give the family an oral briefing. The briefing must include information on the following subjects:

(1) A description of how the program works; and

(2) Family and owner responsibilities.

(b) *Information packet.* The PHA must give the family a packet that includes information on the following subjects:

(1) How the PHA determines the total tenant payment for a family;

(2) Family obligations under the program; and

(3) Applicable fair housing information.

(c) *Providing information for persons with disabilities.* (1) If the family head or spouse is a disabled person, the PHA must take appropriate steps to assure effective communication, in accordance with 24 CFR 8.6, in conducting the oral briefing and in providing the written information packet, including in alternative formats.

(2) The PHA shall have some mechanism for referring to accessible PBV units a family that includes a person with mobility impairment.

(d) *Providing information for persons with limited English proficiency.* The PHA should take reasonable steps to assure meaningful access by persons with limited English proficiency in accordance with obligations contained in Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and Executive Order 13166.

§ 983.253 Leasing of contract units.

(a) *Owner selection of tenants.* (1) During the term of the HAP contract, the owner must lease contract units only to eligible families selected and referred by the PHA from the PHA waiting list.

(2) The owner is responsible for adopting written tenant selection procedures that are consistent with the purpose of improving housing opportunities for very low-income families and reasonably related to program eligibility and an applicant's ability to perform the lease obligations.

(3) An owner must promptly notify in writing any rejected applicant of the grounds for any rejection.

(4) The owner must comply with 24 CFR part 5, subpart L (Protection for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking).

(b) *Size of unit.* The contract unit leased to each family must be appropriate for the size of the family under the PHA's subsidy standards.

(c) The protections for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking in 24 CFR part 5, subpart L, apply to tenant screening.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 81 FR 80818, Nov. 16, 2016]

§ 983.254 Vacancies.

(a) *Filling vacant units.* (1) The owner must promptly notify the PHA of any vacancy or expected vacancy in a contract unit. After receiving the owner notice, the PHA must make every reasonable effort to refer promptly a sufficient number of families for the owner to fill such vacancies.

(2) The owner must lease vacant contract units only to eligible families on the PHA waiting list referred by the PHA.

(3) The PHA and the owner must make reasonable good faith efforts to minimize the likelihood and length of any vacancy.

(b) *Reducing number of contract units.* If any contract units have been vacant for a period of 120 or more days since owner notice of vacancy (and notwithstanding the reasonable good faith efforts of the PHA to fill such vacancies), the PHA may give notice to the owner amending the HAP contract to reduce the number of contract units by subtracting the number of contract units (by number of bedrooms) that have been vacant for such period.

§ 983.255 Tenant screening.

(a) *PHA option.* (1) The PHA has no responsibility or liability to the owner or any other person for the family's behavior or suitability for tenancy. However, the PHA may opt to screen applicants for family behavior or suitability for tenancy and may deny admission to an applicant based on such screening.

(2) The PHA must conduct any such screening of applicants in accordance with policies stated in the PHA administrative plan.

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(b) *Owner responsibility.* (1) The owner is responsible for screening and selection of the family to occupy the owner's unit.

(2) The owner is responsible for screening of families on the basis of their tenancy histories. An owner may consider a family's background with respect to such factors as:

- (i) Payment of rent and utility bills;
- (ii) Caring for a unit and premises;
- (iii) Respecting the rights of other residents to the peaceful enjoyment of their housing;
- (iv) Drug-related criminal activity or other criminal activity that is a threat to the health, safety, or property of others; and

(v) Compliance with other essential conditions of tenancy;

(c) *Providing tenant information to owner.* (1) The PHA must give the owner:

(i) The family's current and prior address (as shown in the PHA records); and

(ii) The name and address (if known to the PHA) of the landlord at the family's current and any prior address.

(2) When a family wants to lease a dwelling unit, the PHA may offer the owner other information in the PHA possession about the family, including information about the tenancy history of family members or about drug trafficking and criminal activity by family members.

(3) The PHA must give the family a description of the PHA policy on providing information to owners.

(4) The PHA policy must provide that the PHA will give the same types of information to all owners.

(d) The protections for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking in 24 CFR part 5, subpart L, apply to tenant screening.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 73 FR 72345, Nov. 28, 2008; 75 FR 66264, Oct. 27, 2010; 81 FR 80818, Nov. 16, 2016]

§ 983.256 Lease.

(a) *Tenant's legal capacity.* The tenant must have legal capacity to enter a lease under state and local law. "Legal capacity" means that the tenant is bound by the terms of the lease and may enforce the terms of the lease against the owner.

(b) *Form of lease.* (1) The tenant and the owner must enter a written lease for the unit. The lease must be executed by the owner and the tenant.

(2) If the owner uses a standard lease form for rental to unassisted tenants in the locality or the premises, the lease must be in such standard form, except as provided in paragraph (b)(4) of this section. If the owner does not use a standard lease form for rental to unassisted tenants, the owner may use another form of lease, such as a PHA model lease.

(3) In all cases, the lease must include a HUD-required tenancy addendum. The tenancy addendum must include, word-for-word, all provisions required by HUD.

(4) The PHA may review the owner's lease form to determine if the lease complies with state and local law. The PHA may decline to approve the tenancy if the PHA determines that the lease does not comply with state or local law.

(c) *Required information.* The lease must specify all of the following:

(1) The names of the owner and the tenant;

(2) The unit rented (address, apartment number, if any, and any other information needed to identify the leased contract unit);

(3) The term of the lease (initial term and any provision for renewal);

(4) The amount of the tenant rent to owner. The tenant rent to owner is subject to change during the term of the lease in accordance with HUD requirements;

(5) A specification of what services, maintenance, equipment, and utilities are to be provided by the owner; and

(6) The amount of any charges for food, furniture, or supportive services.

(d) *Tenancy addendum.* (1) The tenancy addendum in the lease shall state:

(i) The program tenancy requirements (as specified in this part);

(ii) The composition of the household as approved by the PHA (names of family members and any PHA-approved live-in aide).

(2) All provisions in the HUD-required tenancy addendum must be included in the lease. The terms of the tenancy addendum shall prevail over other provisions of the lease.

(e) *Changes in lease.* (1) If the tenant and the owner agree to any change in the lease, such change must be in writing, and the owner must immediately give the PHA a copy of all such changes.

(2) The owner must notify the PHA in advance of any proposed change in lease requirements governing the allocation of tenant and owner responsibilities for utilities. Such changes may be made only if approved by the PHA and in accordance with the terms of the lease relating to its amendment. The PHA must redetermine reasonable rent, in accordance with § 983.303(c), based on any change in the allocation of responsibility for utilities between the owner and the tenant, and the redetermined reasonable rent shall be used in calculation of rent to owner from the effective date of the change.

(f) *Term of lease.* (1) The initial lease term must be for at least one year.

(2) The lease must provide for automatic renewal after the initial term of the lease. The lease may provide either:

(i) For automatic renewal for successive definite terms (e.g., month-to-month or year-to-year); or

(ii) For automatic indefinite extension of the lease term.

(3) The term of the lease terminates if any of the following occurs:

(i) The owner terminates the lease for good cause;

(ii) The tenant terminates the lease;

(iii) The owner and the tenant agree to terminate the lease;

(iv) The PHA terminates the HAP contract; or

(v) The PHA terminates assistance for the family.

(g) *Lease provisions governing absence from the unit.* The lease may specify a maximum period of family absence from the unit that may be shorter than the maximum period permitted by PHA policy. (PHA termination-of-assistance actions due to family absence from the unit are subject to 24 CFR 982.312, except that the unit is not terminated from the HAP contract if the family is absent for longer than the maximum period permitted.)

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36168, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.257 Owner termination of tenancy and eviction.

(a) In general. 24 CFR 982.310 applies with the exception that § 982.310(d)(1)(iii) and (iv) do not apply to the PBV program. (In the PBV program, "good cause" does not include a business or economic reason or desire to use the unit for an individual, family, or non-residential rental purpose.) 24 CFR 5.858 through 5.861 on eviction for drug and alcohol abuse apply to this part. 24 CFR part 5, subpart L (Protection for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking) applies to this part.

(b) If a family resides in a project-based unit excepted from the 25 percent per-project cap on project-basing because of participation in an FSS or other supportive services program, and the family fails without good cause to complete its FSS contract of participation or supportive services requirement, such failure is grounds for lease termination by the owner.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 73 FR 72345, Nov. 28, 2008; 75 FR 66265, Oct. 27, 2010; 79 FR 36169, June 25, 2014; 81 FR 80818, Nov. 16, 2016]

§ 983.258 Continuation of housing assistance payments.

Housing assistance payments shall continue until the tenant rent equals the rent to owner. The cessation of housing assistance payments at such point will not affect the family's other rights under its lease, nor will such cessation preclude the resumption of payments as a result of later changes in income, rents, or other relevant circumstances if such changes occur within 180 days following the date of the last housing assistance payment by the PHA. After the 180-day period, the unit shall be removed from the HAP contract pursuant to § 983.211.

[79 FR 36169, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.259 Security deposit: amounts owed by tenant.

(a) The owner may collect a security deposit from the tenant.

(b) The PHA may prohibit security deposits in excess of private market practice, or in excess of amounts

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charged by the owner to unassisted tenants.

(c) When the tenant moves out of the contract unit, the owner, subject to state and local law, may use the security deposit, including any interest on the deposit, in accordance with the lease, as reimbursement for any unpaid tenant rent, damages to the unit, or other amounts which the tenant owes under the lease.

(d) The owner must give the tenant a written list of all items charged against the security deposit and the amount of each item. After deducting the amount used to reimburse the owner, the owner must promptly refund the full amount of the balance to the tenant.

(e) If the security deposit is not sufficient to cover amounts the tenant owes under the lease, the owner may seek to collect the balance from the tenant. However, the PHA has no liability or responsibility for payment of any amount owed by the family to the owner.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005. Redesignated at 79 FR 36169, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.260 Overcrowded, under-occupied, and accessible units.

(a) *Family occupancy of wrong-size or accessible unit.* The PHA subsidy standards determine the appropriate unit size for the family size and composition. If the PHA determines that a family is occupying a:

(1) Wrong-size unit, or

(2) Unit with accessibility features that the family does not require, and the unit is needed by a family that requires the accessibility features, the PHA must promptly notify the family and the owner of this determination, and of the PHA's offer of continued assistance in another unit pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) *PHA offer of continued assistance.*

(1) If a family is occupying a:

(i) Wrong-size unit, or

(ii) Unit with accessibility features that the family does not require, and the unit is needed by a family that requires the accessibility features, the PHA must offer the family the opportunity to receive continued housing assistance in another unit.

(2) The PHA policy on such continued housing assistance must be stated in the administrative plan and may be in the form of:

(i) Project-based voucher assistance in an appropriate-size unit (in the same project or in another project);

(ii) Other project-based housing assistance (*e.g.*, by occupancy of a public housing unit);

(iii) Tenant-based rental assistance under the voucher program; or

(iv) Other comparable public or private tenant-based assistance (*e.g.*, under the HOME program).

(c) *PHA termination of housing assistance payments.* (1) If the PHA offers the family the opportunity to receive tenant-based rental assistance under the voucher program, the PHA must terminate the housing assistance payments for a wrong-sized or accessible unit at the earlier of the expiration of the term of the family's voucher (including any extension granted by the PHA) or the date upon which the family vacates the unit. If the family does not move out of the wrong-sized unit or accessible unit by the expiration date of the term of the family's voucher, the PHA must remove the unit from the HAP contract.

(2) If the PHA offers the family the opportunity for another form of continued housing assistance in accordance with paragraph (b)(2) of this section (not in the tenant-based voucher program), and the family does not accept the offer, does not move out of the PBV unit within a reasonable time as determined by the PHA, or both, the PHA must terminate the housing assistance payments for the wrong-sized or accessible unit, at the expiration of a reasonable period as determined by the PHA, and remove the unit from the HAP contract.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005. Redesignated and amended at 79 FR 36169, June 25, 2014]

§ 983.261 Family right to move.

(a) The family may terminate the assisted lease at any time after the first year of occupancy. The family must give the owner advance written notice of intent to vacate (with a copy to the PHA) in accordance with the lease.

(b) If the family has elected to terminate the lease in this manner, the PHA

must offer the family the opportunity for continued tenant-based rental assistance, in the form of either assistance under the voucher program or other comparable tenant-based rental assistance.

(c) Before providing notice to terminate the lease under paragraph (a) of this section, a family must contact the PHA to request comparable tenant-based rental assistance if the family wishes to move with continued assistance. If voucher or other comparable tenant-based rental assistance is not immediately available upon termination of the family's lease of a PBV unit, the PHA must give the family priority to receive the next available opportunity for continued tenant-based rental assistance.

(1) The above policies do not apply when the family or a member of the family is or has been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, as provided in 24 CFR part 5, subpart L, and the move is needed to protect the health or safety of the family or family member, or any family member has been the victim of a sexual assault that occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period preceding the family's request to move. A PHA may not terminate assistance if the family, with or without prior notification to the PHA, moves out of a unit in violation of the lease, if such move occurs to protect the health or safety of a family member who is or has been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking and who reasonably believed he or she was threatened with imminent harm from further violence if he or she remained in the dwelling unit, or any family member has been the victim of a sexual assault that occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period preceding the family's request to move.

(2) If a family breaks up as a result of an occurrence of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, as provided in 24 CFR part 5, subpart L, the PHA may offer the victim the opportunity for continued tenant-based rental assistance.

(d) If the family terminates the assisted lease before the end of one year, the family relinquishes the oppor-

tunity for continued tenant-based assistance.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005. Redesignated at 79 FR 36169, June 25, 2014; 81 FR 80818, Nov. 16, 2016]

§ 983.262 When occupancy may exceed 25 percent cap on the number of PBV units in each project.

(a) Except as provided in § 983.56(b), the PHA may not pay housing assistance under the HAP contract for contract units in excess of the 25 percent cap pursuant to § 983.56(a).

(b) In referring families to the owner for admission to excepted units, the PHA must give preference to elderly and/or disabled families, or to families receiving supportive services.

(c) If a family at the time of initial tenancy is receiving and while the resident of an excepted unit has received FSS supportive services or any other service as defined in the PHA administrative plan, and successfully completes the FSS contract of participation or the supportive services requirement, the unit continues to count as an excepted unit for as long as the family resides in the unit.

(d) A family (or the remaining members of the family) residing in an excepted unit that no longer meets the criteria for a "qualifying family" in connection with the 25 percent per project cap exception (i.e., a family that does not successfully complete its FSS contract of participation or the supportive services requirement as defined in the PHA administrative plan or the remaining members of a family that no longer qualifies for elderly or disabled family status where the PHA does not exercise its discretion under paragraph (e) of this section) must vacate the unit within a reasonable period of time established by the PHA, and the PHA shall cease paying housing assistance payments on behalf of the non-qualifying family. If the family fails to vacate the unit within the established time, the unit must be removed from the HAP contract unless the project is partially assisted, and it is possible for the HAP contract to be amended to substitute a different unit in the project in accordance with § 983.207(a); or the owner terminates the

lease and evicts the family. The housing assistance payments for a family residing in an excepted unit that is not in compliance with its family obligations (e.g., a family fails, without good cause, to successfully complete its FSS contract of participation or supportive services requirement) shall be terminated by the PHA.

(e) The PHA may allow a family that initially qualified for occupancy of an excepted unit based on elderly or disabled family status to continue to reside in a unit, where through circumstances beyond the control of the family (e.g., death of the elderly or disabled family member or long term or permanent hospitalization or nursing care), the elderly or disabled family member no longer resides in the unit. In this case, the unit may continue to count as an excepted unit for as long as the family resides in that unit. Once the family vacates the unit, in order to continue as an excepted unit under the HAP contract, the unit must be made available to and occupied by a qualifying family.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005. Redesignated and amended at 79 FR 36169, June 25, 2014]

Subpart G—Rent to Owner

§ 983.301 Determining the rent to owner.

(a) *Initial and redetermined rents.* (1) The amount of the initial and redetermined rent to owner is determined in accordance with this section and § 983.302.

(2) The amount of the initial rent to owner is established at the beginning of the HAP contract term. For rehabilitated or newly constructed housing, the Agreement states the estimated amount of the initial rent to owner, but the actual amount of the initial rent to owner is established at the beginning of the HAP contract term.

(3) The rent to owner is also redetermined in accordance with § 983.302.

(b) *Amount of rent to owner.* Except for certain tax credit units as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, the rent to owner must not exceed the lowest of:

(1) An amount determined by the PHA, not to exceed 110 percent of the applicable fair market rent (or any ex-

ception payment standard approved by the Secretary) for the unit bedroom size minus any utility allowance;

(2) The reasonable rent; or

(3) The rent requested by the owner.

(c) *Rent to owner for certain tax credit units.* (1) This paragraph (c) applies if:

(i) A contract unit receives a low-income housing tax credit under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (see 26 U.S.C. 42);

(ii) The contract unit is not located in a qualified census tract;

(iii) In the same building, there are comparable tax credit units of the same unit bedroom size as the contract unit and the comparable tax credit units do not have any form of rental assistance other than the tax credit; and

(iv) The tax credit rent exceeds the applicable fair market rental (or any exception payment standard) as determined in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section.

(2) In the case of a contract unit described in paragraph (c)(1) of this section, the rent to owner must not exceed the lowest of:

(i) The tax credit rent minus any utility allowance;

(ii) The reasonable rent; or

(iii) The rent requested by the owner.

(3) The "tax credit rent" is the rent charged for comparable units of the same bedroom size in the building that also receive the low-income housing tax credit but do not have any additional rental assistance (e.g., additional assistance such as tenant-based voucher assistance).

(4) A "qualified census tract" is any census tract (or equivalent geographic area defined by the Bureau of the Census) in which:

(i) At least 50 percent of households have an income of less than 60 percent of Area Median Gross Income (AMGI); or

(ii) Where the poverty rate is at least 25 percent and where the census tract is designated as a qualified census tract by HUD.

(d) *Rent to owner for other tax credit units.* Except in the case of a tax-credit unit described in paragraph (c)(1) of this section, the rent to owner for all

other tax credit units may be determined by the PHA pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section.

(e) *Reasonable rent.* The PHA shall determine the reasonable rent in accordance with §983.303. The rent to the owner for each contract unit may at no time exceed the reasonable rent, except in cases where, the PHA has elected within the HAP contract not to reduce rents below the initial rent to owner and, upon redetermination of the rent to owner, the reasonable rent would result in a rent below the initial rent. If the PHA has not elected within the HAP contract to establish the initial rent to owner as the rent floor, the rent to owner shall not at any time exceed the reasonable rent.

(f) *Use of FMRs and utility allowance schedule in determining the amount of rent to owner—(1) Amounts used.* (i) *Determination of initial rent (at beginning of HAP contract term).* When determining the initial rent to owner, the PHA shall use the most recently published FMR in effect and the utility allowance schedule in effect at execution of the HAP contract. At its discretion, the PHA may use the amounts in effect at any time during the 30-day period immediately before the beginning date of the HAP contract.

(ii) *Redetermination of rent to owner.* When redetermining the rent to owner, the PHA shall use the most recently published FMR and the PHA utility allowance schedule in effect at the time of redetermination. At its discretion, the PHA may use the amounts in effect at any time during the 30-day period immediately before the redetermination date.

(3) *Exception payment standard and PHA utility allowance schedule.* (i) Any HUD-approved exception payment standard amount under 24 CFR 982.503(c) applies to both the tenant-based and project-based voucher programs. HUD will not approve a different exception payment standard amount for use in the PBV program.

(ii) The PHA may not establish or apply different utility allowance amounts for the PBV program. The same PHA utility allowance schedule applies to both the tenant-based and PBV programs.

(g) *PHA-owned units.* For PHA-owned PBV units, the initial rent to owner and the annual redetermination of rent at the annual anniversary of the HAP contract are determined by the independent entity approved by HUD in accordance with §983.59. The PHA must use the rent to owner established by the independent entity.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36169, June 25, 2014; 81 FR 80583, Nov. 16, 2016]

§ 983.302 Redetermination of rent to owner.

(a) The PHA must redetermine the rent to owner:

(1) Upon the owner's request; or

(2) When there is a 10 percent decrease in the published FMR.

(b) *Rent increase.* (1) The PHA may not make any rent increase other than an increase in the rent to owner as determined pursuant to §983.301. (Provisions for special adjustments of contract rent pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 1437f(b)(2)(B) do not apply to the voucher program.)

(2) The owner must request an increase in the rent to owner at the annual anniversary of the HAP contract by written notice to the PHA. The length of the required notice period of the owner request for a rent increase at the annual anniversary may be established by the PHA. The request must be submitted in the form and manner required by the PHA.

(3) The PHA may not approve and the owner may not receive any increase of rent to owner until and unless the owner has complied with all requirements of the HAP contract, including compliance with the HQS. The owner may not receive any retroactive increase of rent for any period of non-compliance.

(c) *Rent decrease.* (1) If there is a decrease in the rent to owner, as established in accordance with §983.301, the rent to owner must be decreased, regardless of whether the owner requested a rent adjustment.

(2) If the PHA has elected within the HAP contract to not reduce rents below the initial rent to owner, the rent to owner shall not be reduced below the initial rent to owner for

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dwelling units under the initial HAP contract, except:

(i) To correct errors in calculations in accordance with HUD requirements;

(ii) If additional housing assistance has been combined with PBV assistance after the execution of the initial HAP contract and a rent decrease is required pursuant to § 983.55; or

(iii) If a decrease in rent to owner is required based on changes in the allocation of responsibility for utilities between the owner and the tenant.

(d) *Notice of rent redetermination.* Rent to owner is redetermined by written notice by the PHA to the owner specifying the amount of the redetermined rent (as determined in accordance with §§ 983.301 and 983.302). The PHA notice of the rent adjustment constitutes an amendment of the rent to owner specified in the HAP contract.

(e) *Contract year and annual anniversary of the HAP contract.* (1) The contract year is the period of 12 calendar months preceding each annual anniversary of the HAP contract during the HAP contract term. The initial contract year is calculated from the first day of the first calendar month of the HAP contract term.

(2) The annual anniversary of the HAP contract is the first day of the first calendar month after the end of the preceding contract year. The adjusted rent to owner amount applies for the period of 12 calendar months from the annual anniversary of the HAP contract.

(3) See § 983.207(c) for information on the annual anniversary of the HAP contract for contract units completed in stages.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36170, June 25, 2014; 81 FR 80583, Nov. 16, 2016]

§ 983.303 Reasonable rent.

(a) *Comparability requirement.* At all times during the term of the HAP contract, the rent to the owner for a contract unit may not exceed the reasonable rent as determined by the PHA, except that where the PHA has elected in the HAP contract to not reduce rents below the initial rent under the initial HAP contract, the rent to owner shall not be reduced below the initial rent in accordance with § 983.302(e)(2).

(b) *Redetermination.* The PHA must redetermine the reasonable rent:

(1) Whenever there is a 10 percent decrease in the published FMR in effect 60 days before the contract anniversary (for the unit sizes specified in the HAP contract) as compared with the FMR in effect 1 year before the contract anniversary.

(2) Whenever the PHA approves a change in the allocation of responsibility for utilities between the owner and the tenant;

(3) Whenever the HAP contract is amended to substitute a different contract unit in the same building or project; and

(4) Whenever there is any other change that may substantially affect the reasonable rent.

(c) *How to determine reasonable rent.*

(1) The reasonable rent of a contract unit must be determined by comparison to rent for other comparable unassisted units.

(2) In determining the reasonable rent, the PHA must consider factors that affect market rent, such as:

(i) The location, quality, size, unit type, and age of the contract unit; and

(ii) Amenities, housing services, maintenance, and utilities to be provided by the owner.

(d) *Comparability analysis.* (1) For each unit, the PHA comparability analysis must use at least three comparable units in the private unassisted market, which may include comparable unassisted units in the premises or project.

(2) The PHA must retain a comparability analysis that shows how the reasonable rent was determined, including major differences between the contract units and comparable unassisted units.

(3) The comparability analysis may be performed by PHA staff or by another qualified person or entity. A person or entity that conducts the comparability analysis and any PHA staff or contractor engaged in determining the housing assistance payment based on the comparability analysis may not have any direct or indirect interest in the property.

(e) *Owner certification of comparability.* By accepting each monthly housing assistance payment from the PHA, the

owner certifies that the rent to owner is not more than rent charged by the owner for comparable unassisted units in the premises. The owner must give the PHA information requested by the PHA on rents charged by the owner for other units in the premises or elsewhere.

(f) *Determining reasonable rent for PHA-owned units.* (1) For PHA-owned units, the amount of the reasonable rent must be determined by an independent agency approved by HUD in accordance with §983.59, rather than by the PHA. The reasonable rent must be determined in accordance with this section.

(2) The independent entity must furnish a copy of the independent entity determination of reasonable rent for PHA-owned units to the PHA and to the HUD field office where the project is located.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 79 FR 36170, June 25, 2014; 81 FR 80583, Nov. 16, 2016]

§983.304 Other subsidy: effect on rent to owner.

(a) *General.* In addition to the rent limits established in accordance with §983.301 and 24 CFR 982.302, the following restrictions apply to certain units.

(b) *HOME.* For units assisted under the HOME program, rents may not exceed rent limits as required by the HOME program (24 CFR 92.252).

(c) *Subsidized projects.* (1) This paragraph (c) applies to any contract units in any of the following types of federally subsidized project:

(i) An insured or non-insured Section 236 project;

(ii) A formerly insured or non-insured Section 236 project that continues to receive Interest Reduction Payment following a decoupling action;

(iii) A Section 221(d)(3) below market interest rate (BMIR) project;

(iv) A Section 515 project of the Rural Housing Service;

(v) Any other type of federally subsidized project specified by HUD.

(2) The rent to owner may not exceed the subsidized rent (basic rent) as determined in accordance with requirements for the applicable federal pro-

gram listed in paragraph (c)(1) of this section.

(d) *Combining subsidy.* Rent to owner may not exceed any limitation required to comply with HUD subsidy layering requirements. See §983.55.

(e) *Other subsidy: rent reduction.* To comply with HUD subsidy layering requirements, at the direction of HUD or its designee, a PHA shall reduce the rent to owner because of other governmental subsidies, including tax credits or tax exemptions, grants, or other subsidized financing.

(f) *Prohibition of other subsidy.* For provisions that prohibit PBV assistance to units in certain types of subsidized housing, see §983.54.

[70 FR 59913, Oct. 13, 2005, as amended at 72 FR 65207, Nov. 19, 2007; 79 FR 36170, June 25, 2014]

§983.305 Rent to owner: effect of rent control and other rent limits.

In addition to the limitation to 110 percent of the FMR in §983.301(b)(1), the rent reasonableness limit under §§983.301(b)(2) and 983.303, the rental termination provisions of §983.301(f), the special limitations for tax credit units under §983.301(c), and other rent limits under this part, the amount of rent to owner also may be subject to rent control or other limits under local, state, or federal law.

Subpart H—Payment to Owner

§983.351 PHA payment to owner for occupied unit.

(a) *When payments are made.* (1) During the term of the HAP contract, the PHA shall make housing assistance payments to the owner in accordance with the terms of the HAP contract. The payments shall be made for the months during which a contract unit is leased to and actually occupied by an eligible family.

(2) Except for discretionary vacancy payments in accordance with §983.352, the PHA may not make any housing assistance payment to the owner for any month after the month when the family moves out of the unit (even if household goods or property are left in the unit).

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(b) *Monthly payment.* Each month, the PHA shall make a housing assistance payment to the owner for each contract unit that complies with the HQS and is leased to and occupied by an eligible family in accordance with the HAP contract.

(c) *Calculating amount of payment.* The monthly housing assistance payment by the PHA to the owner for a contract unit leased to a family is the rent to owner minus the tenant rent (total tenant payment minus the utility allowance).

(d) *Prompt payment.* The housing assistance payment by the PHA to the owner under the HAP contract must be paid to the owner on or about the first day of the month for which payment is due, unless the owner and the PHA agree on a later date.

(e) *Owner compliance with contract.* To receive housing assistance payments in accordance with the HAP contract, the owner must comply with all the provisions of the HAP contract. Unless the owner complies with all the provisions of the HAP contract, the owner does not have a right to receive housing assistance payments.

§ 983.352 Vacancy payment.

(a) *Payment for move-out month.* If an assisted family moves out of the unit, the owner may keep the housing assistance payment payable for the calendar month when the family moves out ("move-out month"). However, the owner may not keep the payment if the PHA determines that the vacancy is the owner's fault.

(b) *Vacancy payment at PHA discretion.* (1) At the discretion of the PHA, the HAP contract may provide for vacancy payments to the owner (in the amounts determined in accordance with paragraph (b)(2) of this section) for a PHA-determined period of vacancy extending from the beginning of the first calendar month after the move-out month for a period not exceeding two full months following the move-out month.

(2) The vacancy payment to the owner for each month of the maximum two-month period will be determined by the PHA, and cannot exceed the monthly rent to owner under the assisted lease, minus any portion of the

rental payment received by the owner (including amounts available from the tenant's security deposit). Any vacancy payment may cover only the period the unit remains vacant.

(3) The PHA may make vacancy payments to the owner only if:

(i) The owner gives the PHA prompt, written notice certifying that the family has vacated the unit and containing the date when the family moved out (to the best of the owner's knowledge and belief);

(ii) The owner certifies that the vacancy is not the fault of the owner and that the unit was vacant during the period for which payment is claimed;

(iii) The owner certifies that it has taken every reasonable action to minimize the likelihood and length of vacancy; and

(iv) The owner provides any additional information required and requested by the PHA to verify that the owner is entitled to the vacancy payment.

(4) The owner must submit a request for vacancy payments in the form and manner required by the PHA and must provide any information or substantiation required by the PHA to determine the amount of any vacancy payment.

§ 983.353 Tenant rent; payment to owner.

(a) *PHA determination.* (1) The tenant rent is the portion of the rent to owner paid by the family. The PHA determines the tenant rent in accordance with HUD requirements.

(2) Any changes in the amount of the tenant rent will be effective on the date stated in a notice by the PHA to the family and the owner.

(b) *Tenant payment to owner.* (1) The family is responsible for paying the tenant rent (total tenant payment minus the utility allowance).

(2) The amount of the tenant rent as determined by the PHA is the maximum amount the owner may charge the family for rent of a contract unit. The tenant rent is payment for all housing services, maintenance, equipment, and utilities to be provided by the owner without additional charge to the tenant, in accordance with the HAP contract and lease.

(3) The owner may not demand or accept any rent payment from the tenant in excess of the tenant rent as determined by the PHA. The owner must immediately return any excess payment to the tenant.

(4) The family is not responsible for payment of the portion of the rent to owner covered by the housing assistance payment under the HAP contract. The owner may not terminate the tenancy of an assisted family for non-payment of the PHA housing assistance payment.

(c) *Limit of PHA responsibility.* (1) The PHA is responsible only for making housing assistance payments to the owner on behalf of a family in accordance with the HAP contract. The PHA is not responsible for paying the tenant rent, or for paying any other claim by the owner.

(2) The PHA may not use housing assistance payments or other program funds (including any administrative fee reserve) to pay any part of the tenant rent or to pay any other claim by the owner. The PHA may not make any payment to the owner for any damage to the unit, or for any other amount owed by a family under the family's lease or otherwise.

(d) *Utility reimbursement.* (1) If the amount of the utility allowance exceeds the total tenant payment, the PHA shall pay the amount of such excess as a reimbursement for tenant-paid utilities ("utility reimbursement") and the tenant rent to the owner shall be zero.

(2) The PHA either may pay the utility reimbursement to the family or may pay the utility bill directly to the utility supplier on behalf of the family.

(3) If the PHA chooses to pay the utility supplier directly, the PHA must notify the family of the amount paid to the utility supplier.

§ 983.354 Other fees and charges.

(a) *Meals and supportive services.* (1) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, the owner may not require the tenant or family members to pay charges for meals or supportive services. Non-payment of such charges is not grounds for termination of tenancy.

(2) In assisted living developments receiving project-based assistance, owners may charge tenants, family members, or both for meals or supportive services. These charges may not be included in the rent to owner, nor may the value of meals and supportive services be included in the calculation of reasonable rent. Non-payment of such charges is grounds for termination of the lease by the owner in an assisted living development.

(b) *Other charges by owner.* The owner may not charge the tenant or family members extra amounts for items customarily included in rent in the locality or provided at no additional cost to unsubsidized tenants in the premises.

PART 984—SECTION 8 AND PUBLIC HOUSING FAMILY SELF-SUFFICIENCY PROGRAM

Subpart A—General

- Sec.
- 984.101 Purpose, applicability, and scope.
 - 984.102 Program objectives.
 - 984.103 Definitions.
 - 984.104 Basic requirements of the FSS program.
 - 984.105 Minimum program size.
 - 984.106 Cooperative Agreements.
 - 984.107 FSS award funds formula.

Subpart B—Program Development and Approval Procedures

- 984.201 Action Plan.
- 984.202 Program Coordinating Committee (PCC).
- 984.203 FSS family selection procedures.
- 984.204 On-site facilities.

Subpart C—Program Operations

- 984.301 Program implementation.
- 984.302 FSS funds.
- 984.303 Contract of Participation (CoP).
- 984.304 Amount of rent paid by FSS family and increases in family income.
- 984.305 FSS escrow account.
- 984.306 HCV portability requirements for FSS participants.

Subpart D—Reporting

- 984.401 Reporting.

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 1437f, 1437u, and 3535(d).

SOURCE: 87 FR 30047, May 17, 2022, unless otherwise noted.

Exhibit D

§ 982.401

24 CFR Ch. IX (4-1-23 Edition)

§ 982.401 Housing quality standards (HQS).

(a) *Performance and acceptability requirements.* (1) This section states the housing quality standards (HQS) for housing assisted under the HCV program.

(2)(i) The HQS consist of:

(A) Performance requirements; and

(B) Acceptability criteria or HUD approved variations in the acceptability criteria.

(ii) This section states performance and acceptability criteria for these key aspects of housing quality:

(A) Sanitary facilities;

(B) Food preparation and refuse disposal;

(C) Space and security;

(D) Thermal environment;

(E) Illumination and electricity;

(F) Structure and materials;

(G) Interior air quality;

(H) Water supply;

(I) Lead-based paint;

(J) Access;

(K) Site and neighborhood;

(L) Sanitary condition; and

(M) Smoke detectors.

(3) All program housing must meet the HQS performance requirements both at commencement of assisted occupancy, and throughout the assisted tenancy.

(4)(i) In addition to meeting HQS performance requirements, the housing must meet the acceptability criteria stated in this section, unless variations are approved by HUD.

(ii) HUD may approve acceptability criteria variations for the following purposes:

(A) Variations which apply standards in local housing codes or other codes adopted by the PHA; or

(B) Variations because of local climatic or geographic conditions.

(iii) Acceptability criteria variations may only be approved by HUD pursuant to paragraph (a)(4)(ii) of this section if such variations either:

(A) Meet or exceed the performance requirements; or

(B) Significantly expand affordable housing opportunities for families assisted under the program.

(iv) HUD will not approve any acceptability criteria variation if HUD believes that such variation is likely to

adversely affect the health or safety of participant families, or severely restrict housing choice.

(b) *Sanitary facilities*—(1) *Performance requirements.* The dwelling unit must include sanitary facilities located in the unit. The sanitary facilities must be in proper operating condition, and adequate for personal cleanliness and the disposal of human waste. The sanitary facilities must be usable in privacy.

(2) *Acceptability criteria.* (i) The bathroom must be located in a separate private room and have a flush toilet in proper operating condition.

(ii) The dwelling unit must have a fixed basin in proper operating condition, with a sink trap and hot and cold running water.

(iii) The dwelling unit must have a shower or a tub in proper operating condition with hot and cold running water.

(iv) The facilities must utilize an approvable public or private disposal system (including a locally approvable septic system).

(c) *Food preparation and refuse disposal*—(1) *Performance requirement.* (i) The dwelling unit must have suitable space and equipment to store, prepare, and serve foods in a sanitary manner.

(ii) There must be adequate facilities and services for the sanitary disposal of food wastes and refuse, including facilities for temporary storage where necessary (e.g., garbage cans).

(2) *Acceptability criteria.* (i) The dwelling unit must have an oven, and a stove or range, and a refrigerator of appropriate size for the family. All of the equipment must be in proper operating condition. The equipment may be supplied by either the owner or the family. A microwave oven may be substituted for a tenant-supplied oven and stove or range. A microwave oven may be substituted for an owner-supplied oven and stove or range if the tenant agrees and microwave ovens are furnished instead of an oven and stove or range to both subsidized and unsubsidized tenants in the building or premises.

(ii) The dwelling unit must have a kitchen sink in proper operating condition, with a sink trap and hot and cold running water. The sink must drain

into an approvable public or private system.

(iii) The dwelling unit must have space for the storage, preparation, and serving of food.

(iv) There must be facilities and services for the sanitary disposal of food waste and refuse, including temporary storage facilities where necessary (e.g., garbage cans).

(d) *Space and security*—(1) *Performance requirement.* The dwelling unit must provide adequate space and security for the family.

(2) *Acceptability criteria.* (i) At a minimum, the dwelling unit must have a living room, a kitchen area, and a bathroom.

(ii) The dwelling unit must have at least one bedroom or living/sleeping room for each two persons. Children of opposite sex, other than very young children, may not be required to occupy the same bedroom or living/sleeping room.

(iii) Dwelling unit windows that are accessible from the outside, such as basement, first floor, and fire escape windows, must be lockable (such as window units with sash pins or sash locks, and combination windows with latches). Windows that are nailed shut are acceptable only if these windows are not needed for ventilation or as an alternate exit in case of fire.

(iv) The exterior doors of the dwelling unit must be lockable. Exterior doors are doors by which someone can enter or exit the dwelling unit.

(e) *Thermal environment*—(1) *Performance requirement.* The dwelling unit must have and be capable of maintaining a thermal environment healthy for the human body.

(2) *Acceptability criteria.* (i) There must be a safe system for heating the dwelling unit (and a safe cooling system, where present). The system must be in proper operating condition. The system must be able to provide adequate heat (and cooling, if applicable), either directly or indirectly, to each room, in order to assure a healthy living environment appropriate to the climate.

(ii) The dwelling unit must not contain unvented room heaters that burn gas, oil, or kerosene. Electric heaters are acceptable.

(f) *Illumination and electricity*—(1) *Performance requirement.* Each room must have adequate natural or artificial illumination to permit normal indoor activities and to support the health and safety of occupants. The dwelling unit must have sufficient electrical sources so occupants can use essential electrical appliances. The electrical fixtures and wiring must ensure safety from fire.

(2) *Acceptability criteria.* (i) There must be at least one window in the living room and in each sleeping room.

(ii) The kitchen area and the bathroom must have a permanent ceiling or wall light fixture in proper operating condition. The kitchen area must also have at least one electrical outlet in proper operating condition.

(iii) The living room and each bedroom must have at least two electrical outlets in proper operating condition. Permanent overhead or wall-mounted light fixtures may count as one of the required electrical outlets.

(g) *Structure and materials*—(1) *Performance requirement.* The dwelling unit must be structurally sound. The structure must not present any threat to the health and safety of the occupants and must protect the occupants from the environment.

(2) *Acceptability criteria.* (i) Ceilings, walls, and floors must not have any serious defects such as severe bulging or leaning, large holes, loose surface materials, severe buckling, missing parts, or other serious damage.

(ii) The roof must be structurally sound and weathertight.

(iii) The exterior wall structure and surface must not have any serious defects such as serious leaning, buckling, sagging, large holes, or defects that may result in air infiltration or vermin infestation.

(iv) The condition and equipment of interior and exterior stairs, halls, porches, walkways, etc., must not present a danger of tripping and falling. For example, broken or missing steps or loose boards are unacceptable.

(v) Elevators must be working and safe.

(h) *Interior air quality*—(1) *Performance requirement.* The dwelling unit must be free of pollutants in the air at levels

that threaten the health of the occupants.

(2) *Acceptability criteria.* (i) The dwelling unit must be free from dangerous levels of air pollution from carbon monoxide, sewer gas, fuel gas, dust, and other harmful pollutants.

(ii) There must be adequate air circulation in the dwelling unit.

(iii) Bathroom areas must have one openable window or other adequate exhaust ventilation.

(iv) Any room used for sleeping must have at least one window. If the window is designed to be openable, the window must work.

(i) *Water supply*—(1) *Performance requirement.* The water supply must be free from contamination.

(2) *Acceptability criteria.* The dwelling unit must be served by an approvable public or private water supply that is sanitary and free from contamination.

(j) *Lead-based paint performance requirement.* The Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4821-4846), the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 4851-4856), and implementing regulations at part 35, subparts A, B, M, and R of this title apply to units assisted under this part.

(k) *Access performance requirement.* The dwelling unit must be able to be used and maintained without unauthorized use of other private properties. The building must provide an alternate means of exit in case of fire (such as fire stairs or egress through windows).

(l) *Site and Neighborhood*—(1) *Performance requirement.* The site and neighborhood must be reasonably free from disturbing noises and reverberations and other dangers to the health, safety, and general welfare of the occupants.

(2) *Acceptability criteria.* The site and neighborhood may not be subject to serious adverse environmental conditions, natural or manmade, such as dangerous walks or steps; instability; flooding, poor drainage, septic tank back-ups or sewage hazards; mudslides; abnormal air pollution, smoke or dust; excessive noise, vibration or vehicular traffic; excessive accumulations of trash; vermin or rodent infestation; or fire hazards.

(m) *Sanitary condition*—(1) *Performance requirement.* The dwelling unit and its equipment must be in sanitary condition.

(2) *Acceptability criteria.* The dwelling unit and its equipment must be free of vermin and rodent infestation.

(n) *Smoke detectors performance requirement*—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (n)(2) of this section, each dwelling unit must have at least one battery-operated or hard-wired smoke detector, in proper operating condition, on each level of the dwelling unit, including basements but excepting crawl spaces and unfinished attics. Smoke detectors must be installed in accordance with and meet the requirements of the National Fire Protection Association Standard (NFPA) 74 (or its successor standards). If the dwelling unit is occupied by any hearing-impaired person, smoke detectors must have an alarm system, designed for hearing-impaired persons as specified in NFPA 74 (or successor standards).

(2) For units assisted prior to April 24, 1993, owners who installed battery-operated or hard-wired smoke detectors prior to April 24, 1993 in compliance with HUD's smoke detector requirements, including the regulations published on July 30, 1992, (57 FR 33846), will not be required subsequently to comply with any additional requirements mandated by NFPA 74 (i.e., the owner would not be required to install a smoke detector in a basement not used for living purposes, nor would the owner be required to change the location of the smoke detectors that have already been installed on the other floors of the unit).

[60 FR 34695, July 3, 1995, as amended at 61 FR 27163, May 30, 1996; 63 FR 23861, Apr. 30, 1998; 64 FR 26646, May 14, 1999; 64 FR 49658, Sept. 14, 1999; 64 FR 50230, Sept. 15, 1999; 80 FR 8246, Feb. 17, 2015]

§ 982.402 Subsidy standards.

(a) *Purpose.* (1) The PHA must establish subsidy standards that determine the number of bedrooms needed for families of different sizes and compositions.

(2) For each family, the PHA determines the appropriate number of bedrooms under the PHA subsidy standards (family unit size).

Exhibit E

Executive Summary Form WALKER PBV

| General Information | |
|----------------------|--|
| Property Name | |
| Property Address | |
| Year Built | |
| Census Tract | |
| Total Poverty Number | |
| Total Population | |
| Zoning | |

| Resident Information | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| Occupancy Rate (12 Months) | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | | |
| Bedroom Distribution | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Total | | | | | | | | |
| Total # of Residents | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current # Subsidized Units | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of Evictions for Cause | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | | |
| Reported Crime Incidents | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | | |

| Current Ownership/Management/Service Provider | |
|---|--|
| Owner Name | |
| Owner Address | |
| Owner Phone No | |
| Owner Email | |
| Prop Management Name | |
| P/M Address | |
| P/M Phone | |
| P/M Email | |
| Service Provider Name | |
| Service Provider Address | |
| Service Provider Phone No | |
| Service Provider Email | |

| Services/Notices | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Community Notices | |
| State Notices | |
| List Services Offered by Property | |
| List Certifications | |

US Department of Housing and Urban Development
Office of Housing/Federal Housing Commissioner

US Department of Agriculture
Farmers Home Administration

| | | | |
|---|----------------------------|--|---|
| Part I to be completed by Controlling Participant(s) of Covered Projects (See instructions) Reason for submission: | | For HUD HQ/FmHA use only | |
| 1. Agency name and City where the application is filed | | 2. Project Name, Project Number, City and Zip Code | |
| 3. Loan or Contract amount \$ | 4. Number of Units or Beds | 5. Section of Act | 6. Type of Project (check one) <input type="checkbox"/> Existing <input type="checkbox"/> Rehabilitation <input type="checkbox"/> Proposed (New) |

7. List all proposed Controlling Participants and attach complete organization chart for all organizations showing ownership %

| Name and address (Last, First, Middle Initial) of controlling participant(s) proposing to participate | 8 Role of Each Principal in Project | 9. SSN or IRS Employer Number (TIN) |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

1. Schedule A contains a listing, for the last ten years, of every project assisted or insured by HUD, USDA FmHA and/or State and local government housing finance agencies in which the controlling participant(s) have participated or are now participating.
 2. For the period beginning 10 years prior to the date of this certification, and except as shown on the certification:
 - a. No mortgage on a project listed has ever been in default, assigned to the Government or foreclosed, nor has it received mortgage relief from the mortgagee;
 - b. The controlling participants have no defaults or noncompliance under any Conventional Contract or Turnkey Contract of Sale in connection with a public housing project;
 - c. There are no known unresolved findings as a result of HUD audits, management reviews or other Governmental investigations concerning the controlling participants or their projects;
 - d. There has not been a suspension or termination of payments under any HUD assistance contract due to the controlling participant's fault or negligence;
 - e. The controlling participants have not been convicted of a felony and are not presently the subject of a complaint or indictment charging a felony. (A felony is defined as any offense punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year, but does not include any offense classified as a misdemeanor under the laws of a State and punishable by imprisonment of two years or less);
 - f. The controlling participants have not been suspended, debarred or otherwise restricted by any Department or Agency of the Federal Government or of a State Government from doing business with such Department or Agency;
 - g. The controlling participants have not defaulted on an obligation covered by a surety or performance bond and have not been the subject of a claim under an employee fidelity bond;
 3. All the names of the controlling participants who propose to participate in this project are listed above.
 4. None of the controlling participants is a HUD/FmHA employee or a member of a HUD/FmHA employee's immediate household as defined in Standards of Ethical Conduct for Employees of the Executive Branch in 5 C.F.R. Part 2635 (57 FR 35006) and HUD's Standard of Conduct in 24 C.F.R. Part 0 and USDA's Standard of Conduct in 7 C.F.R. Part 0 Subpart B.
 5. None of the controlling participants is a participant in an assisted or insured project as of this date on which construction has stopped for a period in excess of 20 days or which has been substantially completed for more than 90 days and documents for closing, including final cost certification, have not been filed with HUD or FmHA.
 6. None of the controlling participants have been found by HUD or FmHA to be in noncompliance with any applicable fair housing and civil rights requirements in 24 CFR 5.105(a). (If any controlling participants have been found to be in noncompliance with any requirements, attach a signed statement explaining the relevant facts, circumstances, and resolution, if any).
 7. None of the controlling participants is a Member of Congress or a Resident Commissioner nor otherwise prohibited or limited by law from contracting with the Government of the United States of America.
 8. Statements above (if any) to which the controlling participant(s) cannot certify have been deleted by striking through the words with a pen, and the controlling participant(s) have initialed each deletion (if any) and have attached a true and accurate signed statement (if applicable) to explain the facts and circumstances.
- I/We, the undersigned, certify under penalty of perjury that the information provided above is true and correct. WARNING: Anyone who knowingly submits a false claim or makes a false statement is subject to criminal and/or civil penalties, including confinement for up to 5 years, fines, and civil and administrative penalties. (18 U.S.C. §§ 287, 1001, 1010, 1012, 1014; 31 U.S.C. §3729, 3802).

| Name of Controlling Participant | Signature of Controlling Participant | Certification Date (mm/dd/yyyy) | Area Code and Tel. No. |
|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| This form prepared by (print name) | | | Area Code and Tel. No. |

Schedule A: List of Previous Projects and Section 8 Contracts. Below is a complete list of the controlling participants' previous participation projects and participation history in covered projects as per 24 CFR, part 200 §200.214 and multifamily Housing programs of FmHA, State and local Housing Finance Agencies, if applicable. **Note:** Read and follow the instruction sheet carefully. Make full disclosure. Add extra sheets if you need more space. Double check for accuracy. If no previous projects, write by your name, **"No previous participation, First Experience"**.

| 1. Controlling Participants' Name (Last, First) | 2. List of previous projects (Project name, project ID and, Govt. agency involved) | 3. List Participants' Role(s) (indicate dates participated, and if fee or identity of interest participant) | 4. Status of loan (current, defaulted, assigned, foreclosed) | 5. Was the Project ever in default during your participation Yes No If yes, explain | | 6. Last MOR rating and Physical Insp. Score and date |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| | | | | | | |

Part II- For HUD Internal Processing Only

Received and checked by me for accuracy and completeness; recommend approval or refer to Headquarters after checking appropriate box.

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Date (mm/dd/yyyy) | Tel No. and area code | <input type="checkbox"/> A. No adverse information; form HUD-2530 approval recommended. <input type="checkbox"/> B. Name match in system <input type="checkbox"/> C. Disclosure or Certification problem <input type="checkbox"/> D. Other (attach memorandum) | |
| Staff | Processing and Control | | |
| Signature of authorized reviewer | Signature of authorized reviewer | Approved <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No | Date (mm/dd/yyyy) |

Instructions for Completing the Previous Participation Certificate, form HUD-2530

Carefully read these instructions and the applicable regulations. A copy of the regulations published at 24 C.F.R. part 200, subpart H, § 200.210-200.222 can be obtained on-line at www.gpo.gov and from the Account Executive at any HUD Office. Type or print neatly in ink when filling out this form. Incomplete form will be returned to the applicant.

Attach extra sheets as you need them. Be sure to indicate "Continued on Attachments" wherever appropriate. Sign each additional page that you attach if it refers to you or your record. **Carefully read the certification before you sign it.** Any questions regarding the form or how to complete it can be answered by your HUD Account Executive.

Purpose: This form provides HUD/USDA FmHA with a certified report of all previous participation in relevant HUD/USDA programs by those parties submitting the application. The information requested in this form is used by HUD/USDA to determine if you meet the standards established to ensure that all controlling participants in HUD/USDA projects will honor their legal, financial and contractual obligations and are of acceptable risks from the underwriting standpoint of an insurer, lender or governmental agency. HUD requires that you certify and submit your record of previous participation, in relevant projects, by completing and signing this form, before your participation can be approved.

HUD approval of your certification is a necessary precondition for your participation in the project and in the capacity that you propose. If you do not file this certification, do not furnish the information requested accurately, or do not meet established standards, HUD will not approve your certification.

Note that approval of your certification does not obligate HUD to approve your project application, and it does not satisfy all other HUD program requirements relative to your qualifications.

Who Must Sign and File Form HUD-2530: Form HUD-2530 must be completed and signed by all Controlling Participants of Covered Projects, as such terms are defined in 24 CFR part 200 §200.212, and as further clarified by the Processing Guide (HUD notice H 2016-15) referenced in 24 CFR §200.210(b) and available on the HUD website at: http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program_offices/housing/mfh/prevparticipation.

Where and When Form HUD-2530 Must Be Filed: The original of this form must be submitted to the HUD Office where your project application will be processed at the same time you file your initial project application. This form must be filed with applications for projects listed in 24 CFR §200.214 and for the Triggering Events listed at 24 CFR §200.218.

Review of Adverse Determination: If approval of your participation in a HUD project is denied, withheld, or conditionally granted on the basis of your record of previous participation, you will be notified by the HUD Office. You may request reconsideration in accordance with 24 CFR §200.222 and further clarified by the Processing Guide. Request must be made in writing within 30 days from your receipt of the notice of determination.

The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is authorized to collect this information by law 42 U.S.C. 3535(d) and by regulation at 24 CFR 200.210. This information is needed so that principals applying to participate in multifamily programs can become HUD-approved controlling participants. The information you provide will enable HUD to evaluate your record with respect to established standards of performance, responsibility and eligibility. Without prior approval, a controlling participant may not participate in a proposed or existing multifamily or healthcare project. HUD uses this information to evaluate whether or not controlling participants pose an unsatisfactory underwriting risk. The information is used to evaluate the potential controlling participants and approve only individuals and organizations that will honor their legal, financial and contractual obligations.

Privacy Act Statement: The Housing and Community Development Act of 1987, 42 U.S.C. 3543 requires persons applying for a Federally-insured or guaranteed loan to furnish his/her Social Security Number (SSN). HUD must have your SSN for identification of your records. HUD may use your SSN for automated processing of your records and to make requests for information about you and your previous records with other public agencies and private sector sources. HUD may disclose certain information to Federal, State and local agencies when relevant to civil, criminal, or regulatory investigations and prosecutions. It will not be otherwise disclosed or released outside of HUD, except as required and permitted by law. You must provide all of the information requested in this application, including your SSN. Failure to provide any of the information will result in your disapproval of participation in this HUD program. APPS SORN could be accessed in Federal Register / Vol. 81, No. 146 / Friday, July 29, 2016 / Notices ([Docket No. FR-5921-N-10] Implementation of the Privacy Act of 1974, as Amended; Amended System of Records Notice, Active Partners Performance System).

PRA Statement: The public reporting burden is estimated at 3 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering, and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions to reduce this burden, to the Reports Management Officer, Paperwork Reduction Project, to the Office of Information Technology, US Department of Housing and Urban Development, Washington, DC 20410-3600. When providing comments, please refer to OMB Approval No. 2502-0118. HUD may not conduct and sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection displays a valid control number.

The collection is authorized by 12 U.S.C 1702-1715z; 42 U.S.C. 3535(d). HUD form 2530 is created to collect information as mandated by 24 CFR Part 200. The HUD-2530 form is used to protect HUD's Multifamily Housing and Healthcare programs by comprehensively assessing industry participants' risk. It is the Department's policy that participants in its housing programs honor their legal, financial, and contractual obligations. Accordingly, uniform standards are established for approvals, disapprovals, or withholding actions on principals in projects, based upon their past performances as well as other relevant information. Respondents such as owners, management agents, master tenants, general contractors, and nursing home operators are subject to review. The information on this form needs to be collected by the Department to evaluate participants' previous performance and compliance with contracts, regulations, and directives.

Allowance for Tenant-Furnished Utilities and Other Services

See Public Reporting Statement and Instructions on back

| | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Locality | Unit Type | Date(mm/dd/yyyy) |
| DALLAS HOUSING AUTHORITY | APT / CONDO / TOWNHOUSE | 10/01/2023 |

| Utility or Service | Monthly Dollar Allowances | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| | 0BR | 1BR | 2BR | 3BR | 4BR | 5BR | |
| Heating | a. Natural Gas | \$40 | \$43 | \$45 | \$47 | \$49 | \$51 |
| | b. Bottle Gas | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | c. Oil / Electric | \$17 | \$19 | \$23 | \$27 | \$34 | \$43 |
| | d. Coal/Other | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Cooking | a. Natural Gas | \$3 | \$4 | \$5 | \$7 | \$8 | \$10 |
| | b. Bottle Gas | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | c. Oil / Electric | \$6 | \$7 | \$10 | \$13 | \$16 | \$18 |
| | d. Coal/Other | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other Electric | \$22 | \$26 | \$36 | \$45 | \$55 | \$65 | |
| Air Conditioning | \$18 | \$21 | \$28 | \$35 | \$42 | \$51 | |
| Water Heating | a. Natural Gas | \$7 | \$8 | \$11 | \$15 | \$18 | \$21 |
| | b. Bottle Gas | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | c. Oil / Electric | \$13 | \$16 | \$20 | \$24 | \$27 | \$31 |
| | d. Coal/Other | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Water | \$24 | \$28 | \$51 | \$107 | \$175 | \$244 | |
| Sewer | \$42 | \$46 | \$72 | \$112 | \$152 | \$192 | |
| Trash Collection | \$34 | \$34 | \$34 | \$34 | \$34 | \$34 | |
| Range (If tenant supplies) | \$16 | \$16 | \$16 | \$16 | \$16 | \$16 | |
| Refrigerator (if tenant supplies) | \$11 | \$11 | \$11 | \$11 | \$11 | \$11 | |
| Other -- Microwave (if tenant supplies) | | | | | | | |

| | | |
|--|--------------------|----------------|
| Actual Family Allowances To be used by the family to compute allowance. Complete Below for the actual unit rented. | Utility or Service | Per Month Cost |
| | Heating | |
| Name of Family | Cooking | |
| | Other Electric | |
| | Air Conditioning | |
| | Water Heating | |
| | Water | |
| Address of Unit | Sewer | |
| | Trash Collection | |
| | Range/Microwave | |
| | Refrigerator | |
| | Other | |
| Number of Bedrooms | | |
| | Total | |

Allowance for Tenant-Furnished Utilities and Other Services

U.S. Department of Housing
and Urban Development
Office of Public and Indian Housing

OMB Approval No. 2577-0169
(exp. 4/30/2014)

See Public Reporting Statement and Instructions on back

| Locality | | Unit Type | | | | | Date(mm/dd/yyyy) | | | |
|---|-------------------|---------------------------|------|------|-------|-------|------------------|-------|-------|--|
| DALLAS HOUSING AUTHORITY | | SINGLE FAMILY / DUPLEX | | | | | 10/01/2023 | | | |
| Utility or Service | | Monthly Dollar Allowances | | | | | | | | |
| | | 0BR | 1BR | 2BR | 3BR | 4BR | 5BR | 6 BR | 7 BR | |
| Heating | a. Natural Gas | \$47 | \$50 | \$53 | \$56 | \$59 | \$61 | \$73 | \$88 | |
| | b. Bottle Gas | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| | c. Oil / Electric | \$30 | \$35 | \$43 | \$54 | \$67 | \$75 | \$90 | \$108 | |
| | d. Coal/Other | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Cooking | a. Natural Gas | \$3 | \$4 | \$5 | \$7 | \$8 | \$10 | \$12 | \$14 | |
| | b. Bottle Gas | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| | c. Oil / Electric | \$6 | \$7 | \$10 | \$12 | \$15 | \$18 | \$22 | \$26 | |
| | d. Coal/Other | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Other Electric | | \$32 | \$38 | \$52 | \$67 | \$81 | \$95 | \$114 | \$137 | |
| Air Conditioning | | \$26 | \$31 | \$41 | \$52 | \$64 | \$77 | \$92 | \$110 | |
| Water Heating | a. Natural Gas | \$8 | \$10 | \$14 | \$18 | \$23 | \$27 | \$32 | \$38 | |
| | b. Bottle Gas | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| | c. Oil / Electric | \$17 | \$19 | \$24 | \$29 | \$34 | \$48 | \$58 | \$70 | |
| | d. Coal/Other | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Water | | \$24 | \$28 | \$51 | \$107 | \$175 | \$244 | \$293 | \$352 | |
| Sewer | | \$42 | \$46 | \$72 | \$112 | \$152 | \$192 | \$230 | \$276 | |
| Trash Collection | | \$34 | \$34 | \$34 | \$34 | \$34 | \$34 | \$34 | \$34 | |
| Range (if tenant supplies) | | \$16 | \$16 | \$16 | \$16 | \$16 | \$16 | \$16 | \$16 | |
| Refrigerator (if tenant supplies) | | \$11 | \$11 | \$11 | \$11 | \$11 | \$11 | \$11 | \$11 | |
| Other -- Microwave (if tenant supplies) | | | | | | | | | | |

Actual Family Allowances To be used by the family to compute allowance.
Complete Below for the actual unit rented.

| Utility or Service | Per Month Cost |
|--------------------|----------------|
| Heating | |
| Cooking | |
| Other Electric | |
| Air Conditioning | |
| Water Heating | |
| Water | |
| Sewer | |
| Trash Collection | |
| Range/Microwave | |
| Refrigerator | |
| Other | |
| Total | |

Exhibit H

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 301.01 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.2% | 1.1% | | |
| 301.02 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.5% | 1.1% | | |
| 302.01 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.4% | 9.6% | | |
| 302.02 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.9% | 8.1% | | |
| 302.04 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.2% | 12.0% | | |
| 302.05 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.5% | 12.0% | | |
| 302.06 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.6% | 10.7% | | |
| 302.07 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.1% | 11.0% | | |
| 303.01 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.8% | 11.1% | | |
| 303.02 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.7% | 6.1% | | |
| 303.03 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.3% | 8.6% | | |
| 303.04 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.1% | 5.7% | | |
| 303.06 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.8% | 5.8% | | |
| 303.07 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.4% | 5.5% | | |
| 304.03 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.3% | 7.9% | | |
| 304.04 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.2% | 10.4% | | |
| 304.05 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.1% | 15.2% | | |
| 304.06 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.7% | 13.2% | | |
| 304.07 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.7% | 5.8% | | |
| 304.09 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.3% | 14.6% | | |
| 304.1 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.2% | 11.4% | | |
| 305.04 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.3% | 13.2% | | |
| 305.05 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.2% | 13.0% | | |
| 305.06 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.6% | 9.6% | | |
| 305.07 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.7% | 4.6% | | |
| 305.09 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.4% | 6.9% | | |
| 305.1 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.2% | 13.8% | | |
| 305.11 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.5% | 5.1% | | |
| 305.12 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 3.6% | | |
| 305.15 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.0% | 13.4% | | |
| 305.16 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.9% | 12.8% | | |
| 305.17 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.8% | 13.2% | | |
| 305.18 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.0% | 5.9% | | |
| 305.19 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.6% | 10.8% | | |
| 305.2 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.3% | 15.5% | | |
| 305.21 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.6% | 13.2% | | |
| 305.24 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.4% | 12.1% | | |
| 305.25 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.3% | 5.0% | | |
| 305.29 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.2% | 10.1% | | |
| 305.31 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.0% | 4.9% | | |
| 305.32 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.4% | 4.7% | | |
| 305.33 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.7% | 3.9% | | |
| 305.34 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.4% | 5.7% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 305.35 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.3% | 4.5% | | |
| 305.36 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.3% | 13.5% | | |
| 305.37 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.9% | 8.2% | | |
| 305.38 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.7% | 18.5% | | |
| 305.39 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.1% | 16.1% | | |
| 305.4 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.8% | 26.3% | | |
| 305.41 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 9.8% | | |
| 305.42 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.5% | 13.4% | | |
| 305.43 | Collin | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 25.7% | 16.7% | | |
| 305.44 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.1% | 8.3% | | |
| 305.45 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.1% | 3.4% | | |
| 305.46 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.4% | 10.6% | | |
| 305.47 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.2% | 9.5% | | |
| 305.48 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.0% | 13.3% | | |
| 305.49 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.5% | 13.6% | | |
| 305.5 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.0% | 12.9% | | |
| 306.04 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.3% | 19.6% | | |
| 306.05 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.4% | 22.1% | | |
| 306.06 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.5% | 20.9% | | |
| 306.07 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.0% | 3.9% | | |
| 306.08 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.6% | 13.8% | | |
| 306.09 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.2% | 13.8% | | |
| 307.01 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.1% | 10.9% | | |
| 307.02 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.9% | 7.0% | | |
| 308.01 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.2% | 21.7% | | |
| 308.02 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.0% | 13.3% | | |
| 309.01 | Collin | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 35.7% | 28.2% | | |
| 309.02 | Collin | | - | 0.0% | | |
| 309.03 | Collin | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 27.9% | 11.7% | | |
| 310.03 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.6% | 15.8% | | |
| 310.05 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.5% | 3.4% | | |
| 310.06 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.6% | 2.4% | | |
| 310.07 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.9% | 8.8% | | |
| 310.08 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.5% | 1.1% | | |
| 311.01 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.2% | 4.3% | | |
| 311.02 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.3% | 2.0% | | |
| 312.01 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.5% | 5.2% | | |
| 312.02 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.0% | 7.4% | | |
| 313.08 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.1% | 11.2% | | |
| 313.14 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.3% | 8.9% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 313.18 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.4% | 14.2% | | |
| 313.19 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.4% | 19.5% | | |
| 313.2 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.8% | 8.4% | | |
| 313.21 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.7% | 13.1% | | |
| 313.22 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.5% | 9.4% | | |
| 313.23 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.3% | 14.5% | | |
| 313.24 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.6% | 10.1% | | |
| 313.25 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.3% | 7.8% | | |
| 313.26 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.8% | 6.5% | | |
| 313.27 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 6.7% | | |
| 313.28 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.7% | 9.9% | | |
| 313.29 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.1% | 12.5% | | |
| 313.3 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.2% | 10.6% | | |
| 313.31 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.2% | 9.7% | | |
| 313.32 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.0% | 19.6% | | |
| 313.33 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.1% | 13.2% | | |
| 313.34 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.1% | 7.6% | | |
| 313.35 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.7% | 11.1% | | |
| 313.36 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.7% | 11.5% | | |
| 314.08 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.0% | 10.9% | | |
| 314.11 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.9% | 11.8% | | |
| 314.12 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.5% | 8.9% | | |
| 314.13 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.6% | 11.5% | | |
| 314.14 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 7.5% | | |
| 314.15 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.8% | 5.5% | | |
| 314.16 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 6.3% | | |
| 314.17 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.5% | 8.6% | | |
| 314.18 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.0% | 6.5% | | |
| 314.19 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.4% | 2.9% | | |
| 314.2 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.7% | 0.6% | | |
| 314.21 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.0% | 12.3% | | |
| 314.22 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.3% | 8.5% | | |
| 314.23 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 11.5% | | |
| 314.24 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.2% | 11.0% | | |
| 314.25 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.1% | 11.4% | | |
| 315.04 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.1% | 7.9% | | |
| 315.07 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.0% | 11.2% | | |
| 315.08 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.8% | 12.7% | | |
| 315.09 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.3% | 7.2% | | |
| 315.1 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.5% | 6.5% | | |
| 315.11 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.7% | 15.4% | | |
| 315.12 | Collin | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.2% | 14.3% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 316.11 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.4% | 14.2% | | |
| 316.13 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.1% | 3.6% | | |
| 316.21 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.8% | 10.3% | | |
| 316.22 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.0% | 8.2% | | |
| 316.23 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.5% | 8.5% | | |
| 316.24 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.2% | 9.7% | | |
| 316.25 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.2% | 4.6% | | |
| 316.26 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.9% | 3.5% | | |
| 316.27 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.1% | 5.4% | | |
| 316.28 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.1% | 8.2% | | |
| 316.29 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.2% | 8.8% | | |
| 316.3 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.0% | 7.7% | | |
| 316.31 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.7% | 14.8% | | |
| 316.32 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.8% | 15.5% | | |
| 316.33 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.9% | 8.3% | | |
| 316.34 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.7% | 10.1% | | |
| 316.35 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.4% | 20.7% | | |
| 316.36 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.5% | 6.8% | | |
| 316.39 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.6% | 9.1% | | |
| 316.41 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.3% | 4.4% | | |
| 316.42 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.4% | 5.9% | | |
| 316.43 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.5% | 6.9% | | |
| 316.45 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.0% | 1.9% | | |
| 316.46 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.7% | 5.4% | | |
| 316.47 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.9% | 11.4% | | |
| 316.49 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.2% | 6.7% | | |
| 316.54 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.1% | 3.0% | | |
| 316.55 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.9% | 9.3% | | |
| 316.57 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.1% | 11.9% | | |
| 316.59 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.6% | 9.1% | | |
| 316.6 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.2% | 4.9% | | |
| 316.61 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.2% | 6.8% | | |
| 316.62 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.6% | 6.9% | | |
| 316.63 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.4% | 7.5% | | |
| 316.64 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.0% | 4.7% | | |
| 316.65 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.3% | 23.6% | | |
| 316.66 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.0% | 9.8% | | |
| 316.67 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.2% | 6.1% | | |
| 316.68 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.8% | 3.5% | | |
| 316.69 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.4% | 9.4% | | |
| 316.7 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.2% | 6.9% | | |
| 316.71 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.4% | 11.0% | | |
| 316.72 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.1% | 15.3% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 316.73 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.8% | 7.0% | | |
| 316.74 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.4% | 7.2% | | |
| 316.75 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.0% | 8.7% | | |
| 316.76 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.0% | 11.0% | | |
| 316.77 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.2% | 3.4% | | |
| 316.78 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.9% | 5.4% | | |
| 316.79 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.0% | 4.8% | | |
| 316.8 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.1% | 2.3% | | |
| 316.81 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.2% | 3.9% | | |
| 316.82 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.0% | 9.2% | | |
| 317.04 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.6% | 17.2% | | |
| 317.06 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.9% | 3.8% | | |
| 317.08 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.2% | 12.7% | | |
| 317.09 | Collin | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.3% | 9.3% | | |
| 317.11 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.8% | 14.5% | | |
| 317.13 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.4% | 33.5% | | |
| 317.15 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.2% | 9.6% | | |
| 317.16 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.3% | 11.1% | | |
| 317.17 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.2% | 19.0% | | |
| 317.18 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.3% | 5.4% | | |
| 317.19 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.1% | 6.5% | | |
| 317.2 | Collin | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 35.3% | 18.5% | | |
| 317.21 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.1% | 16.3% | | |
| 317.22 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.8% | 41.3% | | |
| 317.23 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.2% | 27.3% | | |
| 317.24 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 18.0% | 30.1% | | |
| 318.06 | Collin | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.5% | 7.4% | | |
| 318.07 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.1% | 4.0% | | |
| 318.08 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.8% | 3.5% | | |
| 318.09 | Collin | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 26.6% | 21.0% | | |
| 318.1 | Collin | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 42.2% | 14.0% | | |
| 318.11 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.5% | 12.8% | | |
| 318.12 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.9% | 3.4% | | |
| 318.13 | Collin | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 82.7% | 6.3% | | |
| 318.14 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.3% | 1.7% | | |
| 318.15 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.9% | 6.6% | | |
| 318.16 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.8% | 8.1% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 319.01 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.3% | 26.0% | | |
| 319.02 | Collin | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.2% | 16.1% | | |
| 319.03 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.6% | 20.0% | | |
| 319.04 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.2% | 19.0% | | |
| 320.03 | Collin | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 26.7% | 8.6% | | |
| 320.08 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.3% | 8.2% | | |
| 320.1 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.2% | 13.2% | | |
| 320.12 | Collin | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 23.1% | 9.4% | | |
| 320.13 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.0% | 13.6% | | |
| 320.14 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.0% | 7.3% | | |
| 320.15 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.9% | 14.3% | | |
| 320.16 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.3% | 6.7% | | |
| 320.17 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.9% | 10.3% | | |
| 320.18 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.7% | 9.8% | | |
| 320.19 | Collin | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.0% | 6.8% | | |
| 1 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.6% | 3.3% | | |
| 2.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.5% | 0.8% | | |
| 2.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.6% | 1.6% | | |
| 3 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.2% | 2.0% | | |
| 4.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 29.8% | 19.0% | | |
| 4.05 | Dallas | Not Eligible - PH | 17.0% | 33.1% | Yes | |
| 4.07 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.1% | 7.8% | | |
| 4.08 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.0% | 10.2% | | |
| 4.09 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.6% | 14.1% | | |
| 4.1 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.0% | 2.1% | | |
| 5.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.1% | 13.4% | | |
| 5.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.8% | 3.1% | | |
| 5.03 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.5% | 8.9% | | |
| 6.05 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.4% | 4.6% | | |
| 6.06 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.5% | 2.4% | | |
| 6.07 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.5% | 3.8% | | |
| 6.08 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.5% | 7.1% | | |
| 6.09 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.7% | 10.1% | | |
| 6.1 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.3% | 13.2% | | |
| 6.11 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.6% | 14.2% | | |
| 7.03 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.1% | 4.2% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 7.04 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.7% | 4.2% | | |
| 7.05 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.1% | 3.5% | | |
| 7.06 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.1% | 2.5% | | |
| 8.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.9% | 25.4% | | Yes |
| 8.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.0% | 11.3% | | Yes |
| 9.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.3% | 3.9% | | |
| 9.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.0% | 8.5% | | |
| 10.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.5% | 1.7% | | |
| 10.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.3% | 1.2% | | |
| 11.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.6% | 4.3% | | |
| 11.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.9% | 1.2% | | |
| 12.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.2% | 12.5% | | |
| 12.03 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.0% | 0.8% | | |
| 12.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.2% | 2.1% | | |
| 13.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.3% | 5.1% | | |
| 13.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 29.4% | 11.0% | | |
| 14 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.6% | 13.6% | | |
| 15.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 29.6% | 13.3% | | |
| 15.03 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 35.0% | 24.5% | | |
| 15.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 28.6% | 18.6% | | |
| 16.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 35.0% | 49.8% | | |
| 16.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.6% | 13.5% | | |
| 17.03 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.9% | 4.3% | | |
| 17.05 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.8% | 6.3% | | |
| 18.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.1% | 5.2% | | |
| 18.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.7% | 3.4% | | |
| 19.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - PH | 13.8% | 4.8% | Yes | |
| 19.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - PH | 9.8% | 13.7% | Yes | |
| 20.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.6% | 25.9% | | |
| 20.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 30.5% | 12.5% | | |
| 21 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.1% | 23.2% | | |
| 22 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.3% | 19.9% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 24 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.0% | 3.4% | | |
| 25 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.2% | 23.8% | | |
| 27.03 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 17.9% | 65.3% | | |
| 31.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.1% | 16.6% | | |
| 31.03 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.5% | 23.0% | | |
| 37 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 17.1% | 68.8% | | |
| 42.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.9% | 6.3% | | |
| 42.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.4% | 5.2% | | |
| 43 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.0% | 22.1% | | |
| 44 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.6% | 7.1% | | |
| 45 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.9% | 3.5% | | |
| 46 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.2% | 11.0% | | |
| 47 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.4% | 4.2% | | |
| 48 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.5% | 5.2% | | |
| 50 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.0% | 3.6% | | |
| 51 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.3% | 2.9% | | |
| 52 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.7% | 2.4% | | |
| 53 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.7% | 1.4% | | |
| 54 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.9% | 26.2% | | |
| 55 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 29.3% | 37.0% | | |
| 56 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 29.2% | 16.8% | | |
| 57 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 28.6% | 38.6% | | |
| 59.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 21.5% | 47.8% | | |
| 59.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 30.7% | 58.6% | | |
| 60.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 24.4% | 18.8% | | |
| 60.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 25.4% | 59.3% | | |
| 61 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 28.2% | 46.0% | | |
| 62 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.8% | 29.8% | | |
| 63.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.4% | 6.1% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 63.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.3% | 2.6% | | |
| 64.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 24.6% | 0.7% | | |
| 64.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 27.4% | 0.6% | | |
| 65.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.5% | 1.3% | | |
| 65.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.1% | 1.3% | | |
| 67.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 28.3% | 1.5% | | |
| 67.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 28.9% | 2.8% | | |
| 68 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.6% | 11.9% | | |
| 69 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.6% | 12.0% | | |
| 71.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.7% | 1.4% | | |
| 71.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.5% | 27.8% | | |
| 72.03 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.7% | 6.7% | | |
| 72.04 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.8% | 4.5% | | |
| 72.05 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 28.2% | 2.6% | | |
| 72.06 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 40.0% | 4.9% | | |
| 73.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.7% | 0.2% | | |
| 73.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.8% | 3.3% | | |
| 76.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.3% | 2.2% | | |
| 76.04 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.4% | 1.3% | | |
| 76.05 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.3% | 0.9% | | |
| 77.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.1% | 1.2% | | |
| 77.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.3% | 0.9% | | |
| 78.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.5% | 1.8% | | |
| 78.05 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.6% | 19.5% | | |
| 78.09 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.2% | 17.9% | | |
| 78.1 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.5% | 24.9% | | |
| 78.12 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.1% | 2.0% | | |
| 78.15 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 29.2% | 21.4% | | |
| 78.19 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 25.9% | 26.0% | | |
| 78.21 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.7% | 20.6% | | |
| 78.22 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.6% | 17.1% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 78.23 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.7% | 20.5% | | |
| 78.24 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.0% | 1.6% | | |
| 78.25 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.4% | 24.4% | | |
| 78.26 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.6% | 20.6% | | |
| 78.27 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.1% | 42.1% | | |
| 78.28 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 13.2% | 60.7% | | |
| 78.29 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 23.1% | 56.7% | | |
| 78.3 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 39.5% | 31.0% | | |
| 78.31 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 24.5% | 31.7% | | |
| 78.32 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 45.7% | 20.6% | | |
| 78.33 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 44.9% | 30.8% | | |
| 78.34 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 22.4% | 65.3% | | |
| 78.35 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 12.2% | 47.6% | | |
| 79.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.1% | 3.5% | | |
| 79.03 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.0% | 4.4% | | |
| 79.06 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.0% | 0.8% | | |
| 79.09 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.4% | 11.7% | | |
| 79.1 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.9% | 12.0% | | |
| 79.12 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.9% | 10.5% | | |
| 79.13 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.3% | 9.0% | | |
| 79.14 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 26.7% | 8.3% | | |
| 79.15 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.1% | 10.9% | | |
| 79.16 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.1% | 6.4% | | |
| 80 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.4% | 0.6% | | |
| 81.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.6% | 8.0% | | |
| 81.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.1% | 1.7% | | |
| 82 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.8% | 10.8% | | |
| 84.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.9% | 4.1% | | |
| 84.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.3% | 4.0% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 85 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.2% | 11.6% | | |
| 86.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 39.0% | 65.4% | | |
| 87.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 41.6% | 73.9% | | |
| 87.03 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 33.7% | 40.7% | | |
| 87.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 52.2% | 69.5% | | |
| 87.05 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 41.9% | 54.4% | | |
| 88.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 17.9% | 59.1% | | |
| 88.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 27.9% | 51.8% | | |
| 90.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.1% | 20.6% | | |
| 90.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.0% | 23.2% | | |
| 91.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.6% | 18.7% | | |
| 91.03 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 29.5% | 19.9% | | |
| 91.04 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.3% | 11.4% | | |
| 91.05 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 39.5% | 6.5% | | |
| 92.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 28.4% | 7.0% | | |
| 92.03 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 26.7% | 9.0% | | |
| 92.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.8% | 21.8% | | |
| 93.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.3% | 4.0% | | |
| 93.03 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.6% | 12.2% | | |
| 93.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 52.6% | 56.4% | | |
| 94.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.3% | 2.1% | | |
| 94.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.2% | 1.5% | | |
| 95 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.0% | 1.1% | | |
| 96.03 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.0% | 4.5% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 96.04 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.5% | 9.5% | | |
| 96.05 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.9% | 7.0% | | |
| 96.07 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.6% | 3.5% | | |
| 96.08 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.4% | 3.8% | | |
| 96.09 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.7% | 1.9% | | |
| 96.1 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.6% | 2.7% | | |
| 96.11 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.6% | 6.1% | | |
| 97.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.6% | 3.0% | | |
| 97.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.4% | 3.0% | | |
| 98.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.7% | 1.8% | | |
| 98.03 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.6% | 5.7% | | |
| 98.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 29.0% | 1.8% | | |
| 99 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.4% | 18.3% | | |
| 100.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 20.2% | 46.5% | | |
| 100.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | - | 47.1% | | |
| 100.03 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 23.6% | 21.1% | | |
| 101.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 34.7% | 32.3% | | |
| 101.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.4% | 4.4% | | |
| 105 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 29.6% | 25.8% | | |
| 106.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.5% | 2.6% | | |
| 106.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 23.2% | 19.1% | | |
| 107.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 29.8% | 11.1% | | |
| 107.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 38.3% | 27.2% | | |
| 108.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 33.8% | 30.9% | | |
| 108.05 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.5% | 25.5% | | |
| 108.06 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.7% | 28.6% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 108.07 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 34.2% | 35.0% | | |
| 108.08 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.0% | 15.3% | | |
| 108.09 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.5% | 12.9% | | |
| 109.03 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 21.2% | 57.7% | | |
| 109.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 29.9% | 72.3% | | |
| 109.05 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 41.5% | 85.8% | | |
| 109.06 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 22.3% | 67.1% | | |
| 110.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 19.9% | 65.1% | | |
| 110.03 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 26.5% | 72.9% | | |
| 110.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 17.8% | 73.2% | | |
| 111.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 10.2% | 74.0% | | |
| 111.03 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 32.1% | 36.0% | | |
| 111.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 29.4% | 57.0% | | |
| 111.05 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 26.0% | 51.1% | | |
| 112.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 26.5% | 68.3% | | |
| 112.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 21.9% | 66.7% | | |
| 113 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 24.7% | 77.5% | | |
| 114.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 41.3% | 76.1% | | |
| 115 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 32.5% | 37.4% | | |
| 116.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 29.5% | 43.5% | | |
| 116.03 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.9% | 5.1% | | |
| 116.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 24.8% | 14.2% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 117.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 30.0% | 17.8% | | |
| 117.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.1% | 8.6% | | |
| 118.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 27.0% | 30.0% | | |
| 118.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.2% | 11.4% | | |
| 119.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.3% | 24.1% | | |
| 119.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 27.0% | 18.3% | | |
| 120 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 26.7% | 37.1% | | |
| 121.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 32.5% | 55.2% | | |
| 121.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.6% | 29.8% | | |
| 122.06 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.4% | 36.4% | | |
| 122.07 | Dallas | Not eligible by agreement | 13.1% | 40.5% | | |
| 122.08 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 37.5% | 37.5% | | |
| 122.09 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.6% | 15.8% | | |
| 122.1 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 29.8% | 40.9% | | |
| 122.11 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.3% | 33.2% | | |
| 122.12 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.7% | 18.8% | | |
| 122.13 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.7% | 14.6% | | |
| 123.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.2% | 10.2% | | |
| 123.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 38.6% | 37.4% | | |
| 124 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.5% | 3.1% | | |
| 125.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.5% | 3.7% | | |
| 125.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.9% | 3.6% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 126.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.1% | 14.1% | | |
| 126.03 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.9% | 4.5% | | |
| 126.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 27.3% | 36.5% | | |
| 127.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 30.9% | 4.6% | | |
| 127.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.0% | 5.2% | | |
| 128.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.5% | 2.6% | | |
| 128.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.5% | 4.9% | | |
| 129 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.9% | 6.1% | | |
| 130.05 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.9% | 2.2% | | |
| 130.07 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.9% | 9.1% | | |
| 130.08 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.7% | 8.6% | | |
| 130.09 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.3% | 28.1% | | |
| 130.1 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.8% | 31.8% | | |
| 130.11 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.0% | 31.5% | | |
| 130.12 | Dallas | Not Eligible - PH | 2.0% | 7.1% | Yes | Yea |
| 130.13 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.2% | 2.2% | | |
| 131.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.0% | 1.9% | | |
| 131.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.2% | 2.2% | | |
| 131.04 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.7% | 7.6% | | |
| 131.06 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.7% | 12.2% | | |
| 131.07 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.8% | 27.8% | | |
| 132.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 3.0% | | |
| 132.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.5% | 20.8% | | |
| 133 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.5% | 1.4% | | |
| 134 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.8% | 1.1% | | |
| 135 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.4% | 1.6% | | |
| 136.05 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.5% | 3.2% | | |
| 136.06 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.7% | 11.3% | | |
| 136.07 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.8% | 4.9% | | |
| 136.08 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.4% | 1.9% | | |
| 136.09 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.8% | 13.4% | | |
| 136.1 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.0% | 6.3% | | |
| 136.11 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.8% | 7.0% | | |
| 136.15 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.6% | 21.8% | | |
| 136.17 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.5% | 6.7% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 136.18 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.6% | 6.9% | | |
| 136.19 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.5% | 3.4% | | |
| 136.2 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.5% | 17.3% | | |
| 136.21 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.5% | 22.7% | | |
| 136.22 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.2% | 19.3% | | |
| 136.24 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.4% | 31.2% | | |
| 136.25 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.7% | 32.3% | | |
| 136.26 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.5% | 21.4% | | |
| 136.27 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.7% | 23.3% | | |
| 136.28 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.9% | 13.1% | | |
| 136.29 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 53.6% | 24.6% | | |
| 136.3 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.8% | 26.9% | | |
| 136.31 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.0% | 23.7% | | |
| 137.15 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.4% | 3.8% | | |
| 137.16 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.9% | 7.0% | | |
| 137.17 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.6% | 3.6% | | |
| 137.18 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.5% | 5.0% | | |
| 137.19 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.0% | 8.9% | | |
| 137.2 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.0% | 8.1% | | |
| 137.21 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.1% | 8.1% | | |
| 137.22 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.3% | 22.4% | | |
| 137.25 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.0% | 16.7% | | |
| 137.26 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.8% | 8.5% | | |
| 137.27 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.2% | 23.8% | | |
| 137.28 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.1% | 3.8% | | |
| 137.29 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.3% | 4.1% | | |
| 138.04 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.8% | 4.9% | | |
| 138.05 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.1% | 18.0% | | |
| 138.06 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.6% | 22.2% | | |
| 138.07 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.7% | 1.5% | | |
| 138.08 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.6% | 5.1% | | |
| 139.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.9% | 1.2% | | |
| 139.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.8% | 1.6% | | |
| 140.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.8% | 4.4% | | |
| 140.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.6% | 16.7% | | |
| 141.19 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.3% | 3.6% | | |
| 141.2 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.9% | 2.9% | | |
| 141.21 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.9% | 16.9% | | |
| 141.23 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.5% | 2.7% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 141.24 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.9% | 6.5% | | |
| 141.26 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.1% | 2.7% | | |
| 141.28 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.9% | 5.9% | | |
| 141.3 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.1% | 11.7% | | |
| 141.32 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.3% | 26.6% | | |
| 141.34 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.9% | 4.1% | | |
| 141.35 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.4% | 7.0% | | |
| 141.38 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.6% | 8.8% | | |
| 141.39 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.8% | 34.9% | | |
| 141.4 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.3% | 26.6% | | |
| 141.41 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.6% | 14.9% | | |
| 141.42 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 18.0% | 28.0% | | |
| 141.43 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.5% | 9.9% | | |
| 141.44 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.5% | 13.9% | | |
| 141.45 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 3.4% | 44.2% | | |
| 141.46 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.7% | 23.2% | | |
| 141.47 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.2% | 40.3% | | |
| 141.48 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.7% | 26.3% | | |
| 141.49 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.9% | 12.3% | | |
| 141.5 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.3% | 5.3% | | |
| 141.51 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.0% | 7.1% | | |
| 141.52 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.4% | 13.9% | | |
| 141.53 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.0% | 12.7% | | |
| 141.54 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.6% | 21.3% | | |
| 141.55 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.1% | 11.5% | | |
| 141.56 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.8% | 3.3% | | |
| 141.57 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.4% | 17.8% | | |
| 141.58 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 33.4% | 39.9% | | |
| 141.59 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.1% | 2.4% | | |
| 141.6 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.6% | 20.2% | | |
| 141.61 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 4.6% | 48.8% | | |
| 142.03 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.4% | 3.5% | | |
| 142.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.7% | 12.0% | | |
| 142.05 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.4% | 4.7% | | |
| 142.07 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.3% | 18.6% | | |
| 142.08 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.3% | 16.8% | | |
| 142.09 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.1% | 19.5% | | |
| 143.06 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.3% | 4.8% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 143.08 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.9% | 13.1% | | |
| 143.09 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 23.3% | 24.8% | | |
| 143.1 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.6% | 30.0% | | |
| 143.13 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.8% | 16.7% | | |
| 143.14 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.1% | 15.8% | | |
| 143.15 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.8% | 3.8% | | |
| 143.16 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.5% | 3.6% | | |
| 143.17 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.8% | 20.4% | | |
| 143.18 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.2% | 6.7% | | |
| 143.19 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.5% | 17.6% | | |
| 143.2 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.4% | 12.8% | | |
| 144.05 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.1% | 4.6% | | |
| 144.06 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.1% | 3.8% | | |
| 144.07 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.7% | 17.9% | | |
| 144.08 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.8% | 16.1% | | |
| 144.09 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.0% | 35.1% | | |
| 144.1 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.8% | 28.9% | | |
| 145.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.4% | 4.5% | | |
| 145.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.2% | 5.0% | | |
| 146.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.3% | 5.9% | | |
| 146.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.5% | 4.5% | | |
| 146.03 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.7% | 5.0% | | |
| 147.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.6% | 4.8% | | |
| 147.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.7% | 2.9% | | |
| 149.03 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.7% | 3.2% | | |
| 150.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.4% | 2.9% | | |
| 150.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.0% | 3.3% | | |
| 151.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.7% | 5.2% | | |
| 151.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 36.9% | 5.1% | | |
| 152.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.3% | 4.5% | | |
| 152.05 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 32.0% | 3.5% | | |
| 152.06 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.1% | 4.5% | | |
| 152.07 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.5% | 5.6% | | |
| 152.08 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.9% | 2.4% | | |
| 153.03 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.5% | 3.9% | | |
| 153.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.9% | 3.0% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 153.05 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.7% | 9.3% | | |
| 153.06 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.7% | 8.4% | | |
| 154.03 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.5% | 18.4% | | |
| 154.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 32.4% | 26.3% | | |
| 154.05 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.4% | 21.4% | | |
| 154.06 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.2% | 16.9% | | |
| 155 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.1% | 8.3% | | |
| 156 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.9% | 1.7% | | |
| 157 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.9% | 1.2% | | |
| 159 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.2% | 15.0% | | |
| 160.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 30.5% | 4.1% | | |
| 160.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 49.3% | 10.2% | | |
| 161 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.7% | 28.2% | | |
| 162.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.4% | 8.7% | | |
| 162.03 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.8% | 23.1% | | |
| 162.04 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.0% | 3.7% | | |
| 163.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.4% | 9.2% | | |
| 163.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.4% | 5.9% | | |
| 164.06 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.1% | 16.0% | | |
| 164.07 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.8% | 13.1% | | |
| 164.09 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.4% | 22.3% | | |
| 164.1 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 18.1% | 21.1% | | |
| 164.12 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.1% | 24.7% | | |
| 164.14 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.2% | 38.8% | | |
| 164.15 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.5% | 26.2% | | |
| 164.16 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.8% | 37.2% | | |
| 164.17 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.7% | 20.2% | | |
| 164.18 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.7% | 31.5% | | |
| 164.19 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.3% | 19.2% | | |
| 164.2 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.3% | 12.6% | | |
| 164.21 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.8% | 14.6% | | |
| 165.11 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 9.5% | 53.4% | | |
| 165.13 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.3% | 36.1% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 165.16 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.1% | 24.9% | | |
| 165.17 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.4% | 32.4% | | |
| 165.18 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.1% | 28.9% | | |
| 165.19 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.2% | 15.7% | | |
| 165.21 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.9% | 38.4% | | |
| 165.22 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 23.2% | 33.8% | | |
| 165.24 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.9% | 22.4% | | |
| 165.25 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.0% | 42.1% | | |
| 165.26 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.1% | 41.1% | | |
| 165.27 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.8% | 37.4% | | |
| 165.28 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 0.8% | 44.9% | | |
| 165.29 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 8.3% | 48.3% | | |
| 165.3 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 3.3% | 47.5% | | |
| 165.31 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.1% | 37.6% | | |
| 165.32 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.2% | 18.3% | | |
| 165.33 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.1% | 14.8% | | |
| 165.34 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.4% | 38.0% | | |
| 165.35 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.4% | 28.4% | | |
| 165.36 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 30.1% | 8.4% | | |
| 166.07 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 33.5% | 82.4% | | |
| 166.1 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 9.6% | 77.3% | | |
| 166.15 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 7.0% | 60.3% | | |
| 166.16 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 6.1% | 53.2% | | |
| 166.17 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 3.8% | 65.0% | | |
| 166.18 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 4.8% | 64.3% | | |
| 166.19 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 16.3% | 67.4% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 166.2 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 10.8% | 64.5% | | |
| 166.21 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 11.5% | 56.6% | | |
| 166.22 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 14.2% | 62.9% | | |
| 166.23 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 12.8% | 60.4% | | |
| 166.24 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 3.7% | 64.3% | | |
| 166.26 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 16.0% | 54.1% | | |
| 166.27 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 0.0% | 59.6% | | |
| 166.28 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 3.8% | 73.7% | | |
| 166.29 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 15.8% | 55.8% | | |
| 166.3 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 3.3% | 70.8% | | |
| 166.31 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 9.5% | 76.4% | | |
| 166.32 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 6.9% | 63.5% | | |
| 166.33 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 16.5% | 78.4% | | |
| 166.34 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 25.9% | 20.0% | | |
| 166.35 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 37.9% | 87.6% | | |
| 166.36 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.3% | 40.1% | | |
| 166.37 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 12.3% | 57.1% | | |
| 166.38 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 0.9% | 63.3% | | |
| 167.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 19.9% | 64.7% | | |
| 167.06 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 43.4% | 64.7% | | |
| 167.07 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 4.4% | 77.2% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 167.08 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 5.0% | 81.1% | | |
| 167.09 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 53.5% | 43.3% | | |
| 167.1 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 21.3% | 71.1% | | |
| 167.11 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 17.2% | 72.7% | | |
| 168.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 13.9% | 53.7% | | |
| 168.03 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 26.8% | 49.5% | | |
| 168.05 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 4.1% | 85.4% | | |
| 168.06 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 8.1% | 79.6% | | |
| 169.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 32.8% | 38.1% | | |
| 169.03 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.7% | 26.4% | | |
| 170.05 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.0% | 19.8% | | |
| 170.06 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.4% | 12.5% | | |
| 170.07 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 26.3% | 10.8% | | |
| 170.08 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.7% | 22.7% | | |
| 170.09 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 29.1% | 4.1% | | |
| 170.1 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.5% | 17.6% | | |
| 171.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.4% | 13.8% | | Yes |
| 171.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 27.2% | 14.1% | | |
| 172.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.9% | 17.7% | | |
| 172.03 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.7% | 32.4% | | |
| 172.04 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.8% | 26.4% | | |
| 173.07 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.5% | 32.1% | | |
| 173.08 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.1% | 32.1% | | |
| 173.09 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 3.4% | 44.0% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 173.1 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.6% | 33.8% | | |
| 173.11 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.9% | 19.2% | | |
| 173.12 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.3% | 19.4% | | |
| 173.13 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 3.2% | 53.4% | | |
| 173.14 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.3% | 33.1% | | |
| 173.15 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.3% | 24.5% | | |
| 174 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.9% | 15.4% | | |
| 175 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.9% | 18.7% | | |
| 176.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 23.7% | 16.6% | | |
| 176.04 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.5% | 14.2% | | |
| 176.05 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.3% | 30.0% | | |
| 176.06 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.8% | 20.7% | | |
| 177.03 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.9% | 21.7% | | |
| 177.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.4% | 16.7% | | |
| 177.05 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 24.1% | 44.8% | | |
| 177.06 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.7% | 25.5% | | |
| 178.05 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.4% | 30.1% | | |
| 178.06 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.9% | 13.6% | | |
| 178.08 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.4% | 19.3% | | |
| 178.11 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.5% | 18.0% | | |
| 178.12 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.7% | 14.2% | | |
| 178.14 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.6% | 15.8% | | |
| 178.15 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.8% | 30.1% | | |
| 178.16 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.9% | 17.5% | | |
| 178.17 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 1.8% | 45.2% | | |
| 178.18 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.4% | 29.2% | | |
| 178.19 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 7.2% | 43.3% | | |
| 178.2 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.7% | 11.3% | | |
| 179 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.5% | 8.8% | | |
| 180.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.4% | 16.5% | | |
| 180.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.3% | 10.7% | | |
| 181.05 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.8% | 9.5% | | |
| 181.1 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.2% | 9.9% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 181.11 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.0% | 21.1% | | |
| 181.2 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.1% | 17.7% | | |
| 181.21 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.1% | 16.8% | | |
| 181.26 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.8% | 15.7% | | |
| 181.27 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.2% | 8.6% | | |
| 181.28 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.1% | 24.9% | | |
| 181.29 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.7% | 19.8% | | |
| 181.3 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.2% | 41.3% | | |
| 181.32 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.3% | 19.4% | | |
| 181.33 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.5% | 10.6% | | |
| 181.34 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.9% | 19.4% | | |
| 181.35 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.8% | 17.6% | | |
| 181.37 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.8% | 27.1% | | |
| 181.38 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.6% | 38.8% | | |
| 181.4 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.8% | 23.6% | | |
| 181.41 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.8% | 32.7% | | |
| 181.42 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.4% | 18.9% | | |
| 181.43 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.7% | 18.9% | | |
| 181.44 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.5% | 20.6% | | |
| 181.45 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.3% | 11.1% | | |
| 181.46 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.7% | 11.6% | | |
| 181.47 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.0% | 21.4% | | |
| 181.48 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.5% | 24.0% | | |
| 181.49 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.6% | 23.4% | | |
| 181.5 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.6% | 18.8% | | |
| 181.51 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.2% | 20.5% | | |
| 181.52 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.6% | 15.1% | | |
| 181.53 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.3% | 12.6% | | |
| 181.54 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.3% | 9.9% | | |
| 181.55 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.2% | 8.9% | | |
| 181.56 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.5% | 17.3% | | |
| 181.57 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.2% | 19.0% | | |
| 181.58 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.7% | 22.6% | | |
| 181.59 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.0% | 7.5% | | |
| 182.03 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.3% | 21.3% | | |
| 182.04 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 24.8% | 13.7% | | |
| 182.05 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.1% | 14.7% | | |
| 182.06 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 36.5% | 4.2% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 183 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.6% | 3.9% | | |
| 184.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.5% | 9.2% | | |
| 184.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 25.6% | 7.8% | | |
| 184.03 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.0% | 27.0% | | |
| 185.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.1% | 7.0% | | |
| 185.05 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 29.4% | 51.6% | | |
| 185.06 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 25.9% | 69.6% | | |
| 185.07 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 13.1% | 67.2% | | |
| 185.08 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 2.7% | 54.9% | | |
| 186 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.3% | 6.2% | | |
| 187 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.5% | 4.3% | | |
| 188.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.5% | 5.6% | | |
| 188.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.3% | 19.0% | | |
| 189 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.2% | 9.8% | | |
| 190.13 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 32.2% | 15.8% | | |
| 190.16 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.4% | 35.1% | | |
| 190.18 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.3% | 32.2% | | |
| 190.19 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 31.8% | 44.8% | | |
| 190.2 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.1% | 14.4% | | |
| 190.23 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.5% | 10.6% | | |
| 190.24 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.7% | 17.9% | | |
| 190.25 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.2% | 15.3% | | |
| 190.26 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.8% | 12.1% | | |
| 190.27 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.9% | 18.6% | | |
| 190.28 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.7% | 14.6% | | |
| 190.29 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.9% | 19.6% | | |
| 190.31 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.6% | 9.9% | | |
| 190.32 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.9% | 5.5% | | |
| 190.33 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.1% | 6.8% | | |
| 190.34 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.7% | 40.0% | | |
| 190.35 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 34.2% | 44.4% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 190.36 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.9% | 5.1% | | |
| 190.37 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.9% | 7.8% | | |
| 190.39 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.8% | 10.8% | | |
| 190.4 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.6% | 32.6% | | |
| 190.41 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.0% | 12.1% | | |
| 190.42 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.2% | 19.2% | | |
| 190.44 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.7% | 13.3% | | |
| 190.45 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.6% | 15.3% | | |
| 190.46 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.9% | 7.6% | | |
| 190.47 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.7% | 13.1% | | |
| 190.48 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.1% | 12.8% | | |
| 190.49 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.3% | 13.1% | | |
| 190.5 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.7% | 5.4% | | |
| 190.51 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.9% | 6.9% | | |
| 190.52 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.1% | 21.6% | | |
| 190.53 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.3% | 21.3% | | |
| 191.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.6% | 27.4% | | |
| 191.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.6% | 10.2% | | |
| 192.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.8% | 8.7% | | |
| 192.03 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.4% | 3.9% | | |
| 192.05 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.9% | 2.9% | | |
| 192.08 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.1% | 10.3% | | |
| 192.1 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.4% | 0.9% | | |
| 192.11 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.3% | 9.3% | | |
| 192.12 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 30.1% | 5.5% | | |
| 192.13 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 36.1% | 18.8% | | |
| 192.14 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 28.8% | 11.6% | | |
| 192.15 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.1% | 4.6% | | |
| 192.16 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.8% | 3.1% | | |
| 193.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.7% | 0.2% | | |
| 193.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.7% | 4.1% | | |
| 194 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.6% | 0.8% | | |
| 195.01 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.7% | 0.4% | | |
| 195.02 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.9% | 0.4% | | |
| 196 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.2% | 0.9% | | |
| 197 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.5% | 0.4% | | |
| 198 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.1% | 1.0% | | |
| 199 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.7% | 1.4% | | |
| 200 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.4% | 2.6% | | |
| 201 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.7% | 3.8% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 202 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 33.9% | 68.0% | | |
| 203 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 30.1% | 72.8% | | |
| 204.01 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 43.4% | 15.9% | | |
| 204.02 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 23.7% | 27.2% | | |
| 205 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 29.1% | 55.3% | | |
| 206 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.0% | 0.4% | | |
| 207 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.3% | 8.4% | | |
| 208 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 35.2% | 70.4% | | |
| 209 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 22.4% | 66.7% | | |
| 210 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 43.8% | 44.4% | | |
| 211 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 47.8% | 48.7% | | |
| 212 | Dallas | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.1% | 12.0% | | |
| 9800 | Dallas | | - | 0.0% | | |
| 9801 | Dallas | | - | 0.0% | | |
| 9802 | Dallas | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 73.3% | 6.8% | | |
| 201.09 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.4% | 9.5% | | |
| 201.1 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.4% | 12.7% | | |
| 201.11 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.1% | 5.6% | | |
| 201.12 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.4% | 14.0% | | |
| 201.15 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.4% | 5.4% | | |
| 201.16 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.7% | 5.9% | | |
| 201.17 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.5% | 1.1% | | |
| 201.18 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.1% | 3.0% | | |
| 201.19 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.9% | 18.5% | | |
| 201.2 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.2% | 19.0% | | |
| 201.21 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.8% | 16.5% | | |
| 201.22 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.1% | 11.7% | | |
| 201.23 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.9% | 20.5% | | |
| 201.24 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 23.2% | | |
| 201.25 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.1% | 17.9% | | |
| 201.26 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.9% | 17.0% | | |
| 201.27 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.9% | 13.1% | | |
| 201.28 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.8% | 13.1% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 201.29 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.2% | 9.2% | | |
| 201.3 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.7% | 12.5% | | |
| 201.31 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.6% | 16.3% | | |
| 201.32 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.7% | 16.3% | | |
| 201.33 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.6% | 16.8% | | |
| 201.34 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 20.1% | | |
| 201.35 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.2% | 34.3% | | |
| 201.36 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 27.4% | | |
| 201.37 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.5% | 31.0% | | |
| 202.03 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.1% | 3.6% | | |
| 202.04 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.2% | 2.1% | | |
| 202.05 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.1% | 1.2% | | |
| 202.06 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.0% | 1.5% | | |
| 202.07 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.5% | 1.6% | | |
| 202.08 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.4% | 1.0% | | |
| 203.05 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.1% | 1.8% | | |
| 203.1 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.9% | 1.0% | | |
| 203.11 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.7% | 4.5% | | |
| 203.12 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.2% | 7.0% | | |
| 203.13 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.8% | 1.4% | | |
| 203.14 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.6% | 3.2% | | |
| 203.15 | Denton | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 27.1% | 1.2% | | |
| 203.16 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.7% | 0.4% | | |
| 203.17 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.0% | 4.3% | | |
| 203.18 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.6% | 3.7% | | |
| 203.19 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.4% | 5.5% | | |
| 203.2 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.3% | 9.5% | | |
| 203.21 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.4% | 3.3% | | |
| 203.22 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.7% | 3.6% | | |
| 204.02 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.9% | 6.1% | | |
| 204.03 | Denton | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.7% | 4.4% | | |
| 204.04 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.6% | 12.7% | | |
| 204.05 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.6% | 2.9% | | |
| 205.04 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.0% | 9.4% | | |
| 205.05 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.2% | 4.6% | | |
| 205.06 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.8% | 0.9% | | |
| 205.07 | Denton | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.3% | 6.8% | | |
| 205.08 | Denton | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.0% | 11.7% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 206.01 | Denton | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 30.0% | 16.9% | | |
| 206.03 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.2% | 6.0% | | |
| 206.04 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.0% | 11.4% | | |
| 206.05 | Denton | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 23.8% | 11.6% | | |
| 207 | Denton | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 39.2% | 8.6% | | |
| 208 | Denton | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 30.4% | 13.4% | | |
| 209 | Denton | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 27.8% | 15.1% | | |
| 210 | Denton | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 28.1% | 16.6% | | |
| 211 | Denton | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 36.1% | 8.7% | | |
| 212.02 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.5% | 24.4% | | |
| 212.03 | Denton | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 29.1% | 30.0% | | |
| 212.04 | Denton | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 31.1% | 28.3% | | |
| 213.01 | Denton | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 45.6% | 24.1% | | |
| 213.04 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.8% | 9.6% | | |
| 213.05 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.7% | 7.2% | | |
| 213.06 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.8% | 7.5% | | |
| 213.07 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.4% | 6.2% | | |
| 214.1 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.8% | 4.8% | | |
| 214.11 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.0% | 5.0% | | |
| 214.12 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.1% | 4.6% | | |
| 214.13 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.0% | 7.2% | | |
| 214.14 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.6% | 3.2% | | |
| 214.15 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.5% | 12.1% | | |
| 214.16 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.1% | 10.0% | | |
| 214.17 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.2% | 4.4% | | |
| 214.18 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.2% | 4.8% | | |
| 214.19 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.4% | 7.2% | | |
| 214.2 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.0% | 7.0% | | |
| 214.21 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.2% | 8.3% | | |
| 214.22 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.8% | 6.5% | | |
| 214.23 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.8% | 9.7% | | |
| 215.02 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.8% | 11.0% | | |
| 215.05 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.8% | 10.6% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 215.12 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.5% | 2.9% | | |
| 215.13 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.4% | 0.8% | | |
| 215.14 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.1% | 1.9% | | |
| 215.16 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.4% | 9.2% | | |
| 215.17 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.6% | 20.1% | | |
| 215.18 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.8% | 9.2% | | |
| 215.2 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.5% | 7.0% | | |
| 215.21 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.5% | 7.8% | | |
| 215.22 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.7% | 11.8% | | |
| 215.26 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.1% | 6.7% | | |
| 215.28 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.4% | 3.7% | | |
| 215.29 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.8% | 7.2% | | |
| 215.3 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.2% | 13.3% | | |
| 215.31 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.8% | 10.1% | | |
| 215.32 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.4% | 12.0% | | |
| 215.33 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.7% | 7.9% | | |
| 215.34 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.8% | 6.3% | | |
| 215.35 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.9% | 1.5% | | |
| 215.36 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.9% | 15.4% | | |
| 215.37 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.0% | 13.4% | | |
| 215.38 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.3% | 9.3% | | |
| 215.39 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.3% | 4.9% | | |
| 215.4 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.9% | 8.2% | | |
| 216.11 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.7% | 8.9% | | |
| 216.12 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.3% | 6.9% | | |
| 216.13 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.6% | 14.1% | | |
| 216.14 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.8% | 7.5% | | |
| 216.15 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.5% | 6.3% | | |
| 216.16 | Denton | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.0% | 28.6% | | |
| 216.18 | Denton | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 25.6% | 7.5% | | |
| 216.19 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.8% | 12.2% | | |
| 216.2 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.9% | 32.2% | | |
| 216.21 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.1% | 6.3% | | |
| 216.22 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.2% | 7.0% | | |
| 216.26 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.8% | 4.5% | | |
| 216.3 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.3% | 17.1% | | |
| 216.31 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.1% | 6.0% | | |
| 216.32 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.7% | 9.2% | | |
| 216.33 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.1% | 4.9% | | |
| 216.34 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.9% | 34.1% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 216.35 | Denton | Not Eligible - PH | 11.0% | 43.3% | | |
| 216.37 | Denton | Not Eligible - PH | 18.0% | 27.0% | | |
| 216.38 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.5% | 26.4% | | Yes |
| 216.39 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.7% | 7.8% | | |
| 216.4 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.7% | 12.7% | | |
| 216.41 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.3% | 40.9% | | |
| 216.42 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.5% | 33.1% | | |
| 216.43 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.6% | 7.1% | | |
| 216.44 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.8% | 5.0% | | |
| 216.45 | Denton | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 68.9% | 6.3% | | |
| 216.46 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.5% | 21.8% | | |
| 216.47 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.9% | 13.5% | | |
| 216.48 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.5% | 4.6% | | |
| 216.49 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.9% | 16.3% | | |
| 216.5 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.5% | 12.1% | | |
| 216.51 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.0% | 10.9% | | |
| 216.52 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.4% | 3.7% | | |
| 216.53 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.5% | 13.1% | | |
| 216.54 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.5% | 11.6% | | |
| 216.55 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.7% | 7.6% | | |
| 217.15 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.6% | 10.8% | | |
| 217.16 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.5% | 17.7% | | |
| 217.17 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.0% | 6.4% | | |
| 217.19 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.9% | 4.0% | | |
| 217.2 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.3% | 5.9% | | |
| 217.21 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.1% | 4.2% | | |
| 217.22 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.3% | 4.8% | | |
| 217.23 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.4% | 10.6% | | |
| 217.24 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.4% | 3.1% | | |
| 217.25 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.5% | 2.6% | | |
| 217.26 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.2% | 3.3% | | |
| 217.27 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.6% | 3.8% | | |
| 217.28 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.7% | 12.6% | | |
| 217.29 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.6% | 6.2% | | |
| 217.3 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.9% | 7.7% | | |
| 217.31 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.3% | 11.9% | | |
| 217.32 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.3% | 27.5% | | |
| 217.33 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.1% | 25.3% | | |
| 217.34 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.0% | 32.2% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|--------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 217.35 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.0% | 34.4% | | |
| 217.36 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.5% | 28.4% | | |
| 217.37 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.5% | 18.6% | | |
| 217.38 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.8% | 20.1% | | |
| 217.39 | Denton | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 32.3% | 26.1% | | |
| 217.4 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.4% | 20.0% | | |
| 217.41 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.0% | 11.4% | | |
| 217.42 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.6% | 8.0% | | |
| 217.43 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.8% | 10.0% | | |
| 217.44 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.2% | 4.4% | | |
| 217.45 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.0% | 5.6% | | |
| 217.46 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.2% | 1.4% | | |
| 217.48 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.8% | 2.2% | | |
| 217.49 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.5% | 1.9% | | |
| 217.5 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.6% | 2.9% | | |
| 217.51 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.8% | 2.3% | | |
| 217.52 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.3% | 2.8% | | |
| 217.54 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 4.1% | | |
| 217.55 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.6% | 3.6% | | |
| 217.56 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.6% | 2.8% | | |
| 217.57 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.3% | 1.8% | | |
| 217.58 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.6% | 3.4% | | |
| 217.59 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.9% | 6.4% | | |
| 218 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.9% | 7.3% | | |
| 219 | Denton | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.6% | 5.6% | | |
| 601.03 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.9% | 9.0% | | |
| 601.04 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.1% | 9.8% | | |
| 601.05 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.4% | 3.3% | | |
| 601.06 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.5% | 2.7% | | |
| 602.06 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.5% | 29.8% | | |
| 602.07 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.2% | 15.4% | | |
| 602.09 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.2% | 12.7% | | |
| 602.11 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.8% | 7.8% | | |
| 602.12 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.8% | 14.0% | | |
| 602.15 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.2% | 24.3% | | |
| 602.16 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.3% | 40.9% | | |
| 602.17 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.7% | 9.8% | | |
| 602.18 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.0% | 3.7% | | |
| 602.19 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.0% | 8.5% | | |
| 602.2 | Ellis | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.0% | 13.6% | | |
| 602.21 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.2% | 7.1% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|---------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 603 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.4% | 5.8% | | |
| 604 | Ellis | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 29.4% | 34.1% | | |
| 605 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.9% | 12.0% | | |
| 606.01 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.5% | 13.2% | | |
| 606.02 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.1% | 7.9% | | |
| 607.02 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.8% | 8.9% | | |
| 607.04 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.2% | 10.6% | | |
| 608.01 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.1% | 10.1% | | |
| 608.02 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.4% | 7.6% | | |
| 608.03 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.7% | 8.5% | | |
| 609 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.2% | 2.8% | | |
| 610 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.0% | 12.1% | | |
| 611 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.8% | 4.1% | | |
| 612 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.1% | 5.0% | | |
| 613 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.7% | 4.4% | | |
| 614.01 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.2% | 5.0% | | |
| 614.02 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.5% | 5.7% | | |
| 615 | Ellis | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.9% | 16.3% | | |
| 616 | Ellis | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.0% | 20.2% | | |
| 617 | Ellis | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.1% | 3.3% | | |
| 502.04 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.8% | 32.4% | | |
| 502.07 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.1% | 27.0% | | |
| 502.08 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.1% | 8.1% | | |
| 502.09 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.9% | 24.1% | | |
| 502.1 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.9% | 7.6% | | |
| 502.11 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.0% | 34.9% | | |
| 502.12 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.9% | 9.3% | | |
| 502.13 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.2% | 13.8% | | |
| 502.14 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.5% | 13.9% | | |
| 502.15 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.4% | 15.6% | | |
| 503 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.8% | 11.9% | | |
| 504.01 | Kaufman | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 25.2% | 14.3% | | |
| 504.02 | Kaufman | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.7% | 10.5% | | |
| 505 | Kaufman | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 18.6% | 54.5% | | |
| 506.01 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.9% | 2.4% | | |
| 506.02 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.5% | 5.3% | | |
| 507.01 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.4% | 4.5% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|----------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 507.03 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.7% | 1.2% | | |
| 507.04 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.3% | 4.2% | | |
| 508.01 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.9% | 1.3% | | |
| 508.02 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.2% | 3.6% | | |
| 510 | Kaufman | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 30.0% | 13.2% | | |
| 511 | Kaufman | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.5% | 6.8% | | |
| 512.01 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.3% | 5.2% | | |
| 512.02 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.7% | 3.4% | | |
| 513.01 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.1% | 2.7% | | |
| 513.02 | Kaufman | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.8% | 2.0% | | |
| 401.01 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.5% | 4.8% | | |
| 401.03 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.8% | 3.1% | | |
| 401.04 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 18.0% | 14.2% | | |
| 402.01 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.1% | 2.1% | | |
| 402.02 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.4% | 4.2% | | |
| 402.03 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.0% | 6.9% | | |
| 403.01 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.2% | 11.5% | | |
| 403.03 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.4% | 2.4% | | |
| 403.04 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.7% | 13.3% | | |
| 403.05 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.9% | 12.3% | | |
| 404.03 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.4% | 4.5% | | |
| 404.04 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.3% | 7.9% | | |
| 404.05 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.4% | 10.6% | | |
| 404.06 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.7% | 9.2% | | |
| 404.07 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 5.8% | | |
| 404.08 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 10.2% | | |
| 404.09 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.6% | 9.0% | | |
| 404.1 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.3% | 9.7% | | |
| 404.11 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.2% | 6.6% | | |
| 404.12 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 5.6% | | |
| 405.03 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.0% | 11.1% | | |
| 405.07 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.3% | 2.8% | | |
| 405.08 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.4% | 3.0% | | |
| 405.09 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.0% | 5.8% | | |
| 405.1 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.4% | 3.8% | | |
| 405.11 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.7% | 5.4% | | |
| 405.12 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.6% | 17.7% | | |
| 405.13 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.8% | 6.7% | | |
| 405.14 | Rockwall | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.0% | 3.3% | | |
| 1001.01 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.2% | 2.0% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|---------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 1001.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.8% | 3.2% | | |
| 1002.01 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 28.0% | 4.9% | | |
| 1002.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.3% | 1.0% | | |
| 1003 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.1% | 13.7% | | |
| 1004.01 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 32.7% | 2.7% | | |
| 1004.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 26.1% | 1.1% | | |
| 1005.03 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.4% | 3.1% | | |
| 1005.04 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 33.4% | 0.9% | | |
| 1005.05 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.1% | 23.0% | | |
| 1005.06 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.9% | 9.4% | | |
| 1006.01 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.2% | 2.7% | | |
| 1006.02 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.7% | 9.9% | | |
| 1007 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.4% | 1.8% | | |
| 1008 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 26.5% | 1.1% | | |
| 1009 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 32.1% | 1.8% | | |
| 1012.01 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.1% | 4.8% | | |
| 1012.02 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.7% | 6.2% | | |
| 1013.01 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.3% | 25.9% | | |
| 1013.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 41.0% | 30.0% | | |
| 1014.01 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.2% | 24.3% | | |
| 1014.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.4% | 13.4% | | |
| 1014.03 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 32.1% | 29.7% | | |
| 1015 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.7% | 13.7% | | |
| 1017 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 60.8% | 40.5% | | |
| 1020 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.6% | 4.7% | | |
| 1021.01 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.3% | 1.1% | | |
| 1021.02 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.6% | 14.6% | | |
| 1022.01 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.0% | 1.7% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|---------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 1022.02 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.9% | 2.2% | | |
| 1023.01 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.3% | 14.7% | | |
| 1023.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.1% | 4.7% | | |
| 1024.01 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.5% | 18.7% | | |
| 1024.02 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.4% | 3.9% | | |
| 1025 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 22.0% | 52.5% | | |
| 1026.01 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.8% | 15.3% | | |
| 1026.02 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.0% | 5.1% | | |
| 1027 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.1% | 2.3% | | |
| 1035 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 28.2% | 12.2% | | |
| 1036.01 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 54.0% | 48.5% | | |
| 1036.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 33.8% | 55.5% | | |
| 1037.01 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 23.1% | 14.7% | | |
| 1037.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 24.9% | 32.4% | | |
| 1038 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 32.9% | 50.5% | | |
| 1041 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.7% | 2.5% | | |
| 1042.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.7% | 2.4% | | |
| 1042.03 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 56.2% | 25.8% | | |
| 1042.04 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.8% | 0.3% | | |
| 1043.01 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 55.2% | 4.8% | | |
| 1043.02 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.3% | 2.6% | | |
| 1044 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 24.2% | 3.1% | | |
| 1045.02 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.8% | 15.1% | | |
| 1045.03 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 30.6% | 1.4% | | |
| 1045.04 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 31.8% | 6.0% | | |
| 1045.05 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 33.3% | 43.7% | | |
| 1046.01 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.7% | 34.8% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|---------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 1046.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 28.4% | 18.6% | | |
| 1046.03 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.5% | 12.9% | | |
| 1046.04 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 24.7% | 51.0% | | |
| 1046.05 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 31.2% | 45.5% | | |
| 1047.01 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.7% | 0.9% | | |
| 1047.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 30.0% | 4.4% | | |
| 1048.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 30.0% | 7.6% | | |
| 1048.03 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 27.3% | 2.5% | | |
| 1048.04 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.2% | 2.1% | | |
| 1049 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.1% | 3.2% | | |
| 1050.07 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.0% | 16.2% | | |
| 1050.08 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.3% | 16.1% | | |
| 1050.09 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 26.4% | 8.2% | | |
| 1052.01 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 40.6% | 33.1% | | |
| 1052.03 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.2% | 7.4% | | |
| 1052.04 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 42.1% | 37.8% | | |
| 1052.06 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.8% | 29.3% | | |
| 1052.07 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 38.0% | 50.1% | | |
| 1054.03 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.8% | 4.5% | | |
| 1054.04 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.5% | 2.2% | | |
| 1054.05 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.4% | 12.5% | | |
| 1054.07 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.4% | 8.7% | | |
| 1054.08 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.4% | 4.9% | | |
| 1055.02 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.0% | 16.2% | | |
| 1055.03 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.5% | 16.6% | | |
| 1055.05 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.7% | 22.5% | | |
| 1055.11 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.8% | 33.9% | | |
| 1055.12 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.2% | 20.5% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|---------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 1055.13 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.0% | 36.2% | | |
| 1055.14 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.2% | 32.7% | | |
| 1055.15 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.9% | 42.3% | | |
| 1055.16 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.5% | 30.1% | | |
| 1055.17 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.0% | 38.5% | | |
| 1055.18 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.9% | 16.1% | | |
| 1055.19 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.4% | 14.1% | | |
| 1055.2 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.3% | 2.1% | | |
| 1056 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.9% | 3.8% | | |
| 1057.01 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.0% | 11.7% | | |
| 1057.03 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.8% | 27.0% | | |
| 1057.05 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.5% | 34.9% | | |
| 1057.06 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.2% | 28.8% | | |
| 1058 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.6% | 6.0% | | |
| 1059.01 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.0% | 20.3% | | |
| 1059.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 44.4% | 38.8% | | |
| 1060.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 14.3% | 47.8% | | |
| 1060.04 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.9% | 34.7% | | |
| 1060.05 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.4% | 26.6% | | |
| 1060.06 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.4% | 34.5% | | |
| 1061.01 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.8% | 42.1% | | |
| 1061.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 24.6% | 34.7% | | |
| 1062.01 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 21.3% | 57.7% | | |
| 1062.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 28.7% | 67.8% | | |
| 1063 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 31.8% | 62.8% | | |
| 1064 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.0% | 18.9% | | |
| 1065.02 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.7% | 35.9% | | |
| 1065.03 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 13.6% | 47.6% | | |
| 1065.07 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.0% | 25.0% | | |
| 1065.09 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.8% | 32.7% | | |
| 1065.12 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 10.5% | 56.2% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|---------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 1065.13 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 17.8% | 46.9% | | |
| 1065.14 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 6.2% | 47.6% | | |
| 1065.15 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 13.3% | 53.2% | | |
| 1065.18 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.8% | 39.0% | | |
| 1065.19 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 33.7% | 59.8% | | |
| 1065.2 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 15.6% | 56.8% | | |
| 1065.21 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.7% | 38.9% | | |
| 1065.22 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 31.6% | 42.2% | | |
| 1065.23 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 16.2% | 55.2% | | |
| 1065.24 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.0% | 16.3% | | |
| 1065.25 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.0% | 13.4% | | |
| 1065.26 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.0% | 14.6% | | |
| 1066 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.6% | 23.4% | | |
| 1067 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.7% | 3.9% | | |
| 1101.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.2% | 6.1% | | |
| 1101.03 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.2% | 11.5% | | |
| 1101.04 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.1% | 16.7% | | |
| 1102.02 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.1% | 1.0% | | |
| 1102.04 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.9% | 4.7% | | |
| 1102.05 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.1% | 17.2% | | |
| 1102.06 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 33.1% | 4.9% | | |
| 1103.01 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.1% | 4.6% | | |
| 1103.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.5% | 1.5% | | |
| 1104.01 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.9% | 1.5% | | |
| 1104.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.2% | 4.1% | | |
| 1105 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.2% | 1.2% | | |
| 1106 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.3% | 4.8% | | |
| 1107.03 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.7% | 7.8% | | |
| 1107.04 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.9% | 8.5% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|---------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 1107.05 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.4% | 4.1% | | |
| 1107.06 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 24.2% | 7.2% | | |
| 1108.05 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.7% | 9.2% | | |
| 1108.06 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.3% | 5.0% | | |
| 1108.07 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.6% | 12.7% | | |
| 1108.08 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.9% | 3.4% | | |
| 1108.09 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.7% | 3.1% | | |
| 1109.01 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.7% | 5.6% | | |
| 1109.03 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.3% | 8.5% | | |
| 1109.05 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.1% | 3.7% | | |
| 1109.06 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.1% | 2.4% | | |
| 1109.07 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.0% | 5.6% | | |
| 1110.03 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.6% | 15.5% | | |
| 1110.1 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.0% | 3.2% | | |
| 1110.15 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.0% | 16.4% | | |
| 1110.18 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.2% | 10.4% | | |
| 1110.19 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.3% | 35.8% | | |
| 1110.2 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 21.2% | 45.8% | | |
| 1110.21 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.1% | 22.5% | | |
| 1110.22 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.6% | 25.4% | | |
| 1110.23 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 8.4% | 47.5% | | |
| 1110.24 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.9% | 33.3% | | |
| 1110.25 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.3% | 34.1% | | |
| 1110.26 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 10.2% | 45.6% | | |
| 1110.27 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 4.4% | 43.5% | | |
| 1110.28 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.2% | 28.8% | | |
| 1110.29 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.0% | 10.7% | | |
| 1110.3 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.3% | 7.8% | | |
| 1110.31 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.6% | 39.0% | | |
| 1110.32 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.6% | 27.1% | | |
| 1110.33 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.3% | 30.7% | | |
| 1111.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 21.4% | 46.0% | | |
| 1111.03 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.5% | 24.9% | | |
| 1111.04 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 15.5% | 43.5% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|---------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 1112.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 23.9% | 19.5% | | |
| 1112.03 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.0% | 15.0% | | |
| 1112.04 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.1% | 3.6% | | |
| 1113.04 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.9% | 9.2% | | |
| 1113.06 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.5% | 17.1% | | |
| 1113.07 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.8% | 22.1% | | |
| 1113.08 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.5% | 12.3% | | |
| 1113.09 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.8% | 13.2% | | |
| 1113.11 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.1% | 20.7% | | |
| 1113.12 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.3% | 6.0% | | |
| 1113.14 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.8% | 33.0% | | |
| 1113.15 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.6% | 36.1% | | |
| 1113.16 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.5% | 38.7% | | |
| 1113.17 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.4% | 5.1% | | |
| 1113.18 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.6% | 10.4% | | |
| 1113.19 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.8% | 29.3% | | |
| 1113.2 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.7% | 40.0% | | |
| 1114.02 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.8% | 14.0% | | |
| 1114.05 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.4% | 7.2% | | |
| 1114.06 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.8% | 17.1% | | |
| 1114.07 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.8% | 14.2% | | |
| 1114.08 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.3% | 19.9% | | |
| 1114.09 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.2% | 12.5% | | |
| 1114.1 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.8% | 35.6% | | |
| 1114.11 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.7% | 16.3% | | |
| 1115.05 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.0% | 8.6% | | |
| 1115.06 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.7% | 18.2% | | |
| 1115.13 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.0% | 25.4% | | |
| 1115.14 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.6% | 25.1% | | |
| 1115.16 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.6% | 27.1% | | |
| 1115.22 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.0% | 12.0% | | |
| 1115.25 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.9% | 18.7% | | |
| 1115.26 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.8% | 17.0% | | |
| 1115.29 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.4% | 7.3% | | |
| 1115.3 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.9% | 10.7% | | |
| 1115.31 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.5% | 9.6% | | |
| 1115.32 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.4% | 16.5% | | |
| 1115.33 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.0% | 11.3% | | |
| 1115.34 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.6% | 12.2% | | |
| 1115.36 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.6% | 42.8% | | |
| 1115.38 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.8% | 37.6% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|---------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 1115.4 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.4% | 28.5% | | |
| 1115.41 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 13.4% | 28.3% | | |
| 1115.42 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.5% | 29.8% | | |
| 1115.43 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.9% | 43.4% | | |
| 1115.44 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.2% | 29.4% | | |
| 1115.45 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.6% | 6.8% | | |
| 1115.46 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.7% | 10.1% | | |
| 1115.51 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.2% | 24.2% | | |
| 1115.52 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.3% | 10.4% | | |
| 1115.53 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.7% | 29.1% | | |
| 1115.54 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.7% | 26.6% | | |
| 1115.55 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.1% | 34.4% | | |
| 1115.56 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.5% | 33.2% | | |
| 1115.57 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.2% | 19.1% | | |
| 1115.58 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.0% | 25.1% | | |
| 1115.59 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.7% | 36.6% | | |
| 1115.6 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.2% | 32.8% | | |
| 1115.61 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 25.0% | 27.8% | | |
| 1115.62 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.1% | 36.0% | | |
| 1115.63 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.5% | 31.0% | | |
| 1115.64 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 0.4% | 46.7% | | |
| 1115.65 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.0% | 38.6% | | |
| 1115.66 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.2% | 36.1% | | |
| 1115.67 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.8% | 33.5% | | |
| 1115.68 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.6% | 33.7% | | |
| 1115.69 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.7% | 34.3% | | |
| 1115.7 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.4% | 43.3% | | |
| 1115.71 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.4% | 36.6% | | |
| 1115.72 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.6% | 34.3% | | |
| 1130.03 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.4% | 41.2% | | |
| 1130.04 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.8% | 10.0% | | |
| 1130.05 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.4% | 29.9% | | |
| 1130.06 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 17.7% | 54.0% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|---------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 1130.07 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.2% | 27.3% | | |
| 1131.02 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.2% | 26.1% | | |
| 1131.04 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.0% | 42.1% | | |
| 1131.07 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.0% | 5.6% | | |
| 1131.08 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.1% | 6.6% | | |
| 1131.09 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.7% | 38.8% | | |
| 1131.1 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.6% | 41.2% | | |
| 1131.12 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.6% | 18.9% | | |
| 1131.15 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.6% | 28.0% | | |
| 1131.16 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 13.4% | 52.3% | | |
| 1131.17 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 23.8% | 49.6% | | |
| 1131.18 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty & Race | 25.8% | 48.4% | | |
| 1131.19 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.8% | 35.1% | | |
| 1131.2 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.7% | 13.6% | | |
| 1131.21 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 11.5% | 54.0% | | |
| 1131.22 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Race Concentration | 2.0% | 54.0% | | |
| 1132.06 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.3% | 5.4% | | |
| 1132.07 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.8% | 2.4% | | |
| 1132.1 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.6% | 3.5% | | |
| 1132.12 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.9% | 5.5% | | |
| 1132.13 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.2% | 6.6% | | |
| 1132.14 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.8% | 6.9% | | |
| 1132.15 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.5% | 4.5% | | |
| 1132.16 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.6% | 9.2% | | |
| 1132.17 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.0% | 9.3% | | |
| 1132.18 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.6% | 3.5% | | |
| 1132.21 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.1% | 8.0% | | |
| 1132.22 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.0% | 15.9% | | |
| 1132.23 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.9% | 10.8% | | |
| 1133.01 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.8% | 3.7% | | |
| 1133.02 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.8% | 5.4% | | |
| 1134.03 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.8% | 6.2% | | |
| 1134.04 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.2% | 10.5% | | |
| 1134.07 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.6% | 17.0% | | |
| 1134.08 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.9% | 8.2% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|---------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 1134.09 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.3% | 7.3% | | |
| 1134.1 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.9% | 17.0% | | |
| 1135.09 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.0% | 10.2% | | |
| 1135.1 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.3% | 16.2% | | |
| 1135.11 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.2% | 15.8% | | |
| 1135.12 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.8% | 17.1% | | |
| 1135.13 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.1% | 13.9% | | |
| 1135.14 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.2% | 17.0% | | |
| 1135.16 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.1% | 8.5% | | |
| 1135.17 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.2% | 14.4% | | |
| 1135.19 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.3% | 8.5% | | |
| 1135.2 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.2% | 14.7% | | |
| 1135.21 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.2% | 29.2% | | |
| 1135.22 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.4% | 25.5% | | |
| 1136.07 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.5% | 13.9% | | |
| 1136.11 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.2% | 2.3% | | |
| 1136.12 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.8% | 2.3% | | |
| 1136.13 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.1% | 3.9% | | |
| 1136.18 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.4% | 11.4% | | |
| 1136.19 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.4% | 34.7% | | |
| 1136.22 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.1% | 4.4% | | |
| 1136.23 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.2% | 2.8% | | |
| 1136.24 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.4% | 5.2% | | |
| 1136.25 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.2% | 3.0% | | |
| 1136.26 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.5% | 3.2% | | |
| 1136.28 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.1% | 22.2% | | |
| 1136.29 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 16.3% | 12.0% | | |
| 1136.3 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.5% | 11.8% | | |
| 1136.32 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.9% | 2.1% | | |
| 1136.33 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.9% | 2.1% | | |
| 1136.34 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.3% | 2.0% | | |
| 1136.35 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.3% | 5.6% | | |
| 1136.36 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.6% | 11.1% | | |
| 1136.37 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.4% | 15.4% | | |
| 1136.38 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.4% | 14.5% | | |
| 1136.39 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.7% | 2.1% | | |
| 1136.4 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.7% | 3.4% | | |
| 1137.07 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.2% | 0.9% | | |
| 1137.09 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.9% | 3.4% | | |
| 1137.1 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.1% | 5.8% | | |
| 1137.11 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.4% | 3.1% | | |
| 1137.12 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.7% | 3.0% | | |
| 1137.13 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.8% | 7.4% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|---------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 1137.14 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.1% | 1.4% | | |
| 1137.15 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.0% | 10.0% | | |
| 1137.16 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.3% | 4.5% | | |
| 1138.03 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.9% | 4.3% | | |
| 1138.08 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.5% | 4.6% | | |
| 1138.09 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.7% | 2.9% | | |
| 1138.1 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.5% | 4.6% | | |
| 1138.11 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.5% | 10.7% | | |
| 1138.12 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.7% | 4.9% | | |
| 1138.13 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.9% | 2.6% | | |
| 1138.14 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.9% | 3.1% | | |
| 1138.15 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.9% | 2.2% | | |
| 1138.16 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.2% | 2.0% | | |
| 1139.06 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.0% | 2.7% | | |
| 1139.08 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.8% | 2.3% | | |
| 1139.12 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.0% | 2.1% | | |
| 1139.16 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.7% | 11.4% | | |
| 1139.17 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.8% | 13.8% | | |
| 1139.18 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.6% | 11.1% | | |
| 1139.19 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.3% | 6.3% | | |
| 1139.2 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.1% | 8.9% | | |
| 1139.23 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.3% | 15.0% | | |
| 1139.24 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.6% | 12.2% | | |
| 1139.25 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.5% | 7.6% | | |
| 1139.3 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.6% | 11.5% | | |
| 1139.31 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.6% | 12.8% | | |
| 1139.32 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.4% | 13.6% | | |
| 1139.33 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.5% | 13.1% | | |
| 1139.34 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 8.0% | | |
| 1139.35 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 12.4% | | |
| 1139.36 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.8% | 9.9% | | |
| 1139.37 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 12.5% | | |
| 1139.38 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 15.7% | | |
| 1139.39 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.9% | 10.8% | | |
| 1139.4 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.2% | 7.2% | | |
| 1139.41 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.7% | 9.3% | | |
| 1139.42 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.7% | 8.2% | | |
| 1139.43 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.3% | 9.5% | | |
| 1139.44 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.8% | 6.8% | | |
| 1139.45 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.4% | 7.1% | | |
| 1139.46 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.4% | 9.4% | | |
| 1139.47 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.0% | 5.2% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|---------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 1139.48 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.2% | 16.1% | | |
| 1139.49 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.6% | 7.0% | | |
| 1139.5 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.4% | 8.5% | | |
| 1139.51 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.8% | 2.9% | | |
| 1139.52 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.0% | 5.1% | | |
| 1139.53 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.4% | 3.6% | | |
| 1139.54 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.9% | 1.4% | | |
| 1139.55 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.0% | 3.0% | | |
| 1139.56 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.1% | 2.7% | | |
| 1139.57 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.7% | 1.6% | | |
| 1139.58 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.6% | 1.9% | | |
| 1140.03 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.3% | 9.3% | | |
| 1140.06 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.1% | 4.1% | | |
| 1140.09 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.6% | 12.9% | | |
| 1140.1 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.9% | 13.2% | | |
| 1140.11 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.9% | 12.3% | | |
| 1140.12 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.3% | 13.4% | | |
| 1140.13 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.0% | 13.6% | | |
| 1140.14 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.0% | 5.6% | | |
| 1140.15 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.8% | 3.5% | | |
| 1141.05 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 8.8% | 1.7% | | |
| 1141.06 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.2% | 9.1% | | |
| 1141.07 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 0.8% | 6.4% | | |
| 1141.08 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.1% | 1.4% | | |
| 1141.09 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 3.6% | 13.9% | | |
| 1141.1 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 2.2% | 7.7% | | |
| 1141.11 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.0% | 10.5% | | |
| 1141.12 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 6.3% | 5.1% | | |
| 1141.13 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.5% | 13.4% | | |
| 1142.03 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.4% | 1.1% | | |
| 1142.04 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.0% | 1.7% | | |
| 1142.05 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 21.3% | 0.6% | | |
| 1142.06 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.6% | 1.1% | | |
| 1142.07 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.7% | 7.0% | | |
| 1216.05 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 9.0% | 6.8% | | |
| 1216.06 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.4% | 8.1% | | |
| 1216.08 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.8% | 7.3% | | |
| 1216.09 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 1.7% | 7.8% | | |
| 1216.1 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 11.9% | 9.8% | | |
| 1216.11 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.7% | 15.5% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--------------|---------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 1216.12 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.6% | 6.0% | | |
| 1216.13 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 17.7% | 19.1% | | |
| 1216.14 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 36.6% | 25.6% | | |
| 1216.15 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 4.8% | 21.8% | | |
| 1217.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.5% | 30.2% | | |
| 1217.03 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 35.4% | 16.3% | | |
| 1217.04 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 32.5% | 14.2% | | |
| 1219.04 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.6% | 21.3% | | |
| 1219.05 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 46.4% | 37.6% | | |
| 1219.06 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 31.7% | 18.1% | | |
| 1219.07 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 34.8% | 31.4% | | |
| 1219.08 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.4% | 30.3% | | |
| 1220.01 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.0% | 5.6% | | |
| 1220.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 18.6% | 15.0% | | |
| 1221 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 23.5% | 4.4% | | |
| 1222 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 28.5% | 17.2% | | |
| 1223 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 54.4% | 22.1% | | |
| 1224.01 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 51.6% | 14.3% | | |
| 1224.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 23.9% | 17.6% | | |
| 1225 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.7% | 11.2% | | |
| 1226 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 7.0% | 9.5% | | |
| 1227.01 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 22.8% | 20.5% | | |
| 1227.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 20.7% | 11.5% | | |
| 1228.01 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 29.7% | 27.7% | | |

Amended Exhibit 1 Eligible Census Tract Walker Target Area status based on 2020 US Census and other factors

| Census Tract | County | 2020 WTA Eligible or Not Eligible | poverty <=18.1% for WTA eligibility | % Black <=42.9% Black for WTA eligibility | Does DHA Public Housing Disqualify an Otherwise Eligible Tract? | Is the tract Eligible based on Parties' Agreement? |
|--|---------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 1228.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 33.3% | 15.0% | | |
| 1229.01 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 14.6% | 3.7% | | |
| 1229.02 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 26.0% | 14.7% | | |
| 1230.01 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 19.7% | 14.2% | | |
| 1230.02 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 5.5% | 11.8% | | |
| 1231 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 42.4% | 37.6% | | |
| 1232 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.7% | 15.2% | | |
| 1233.01 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 10.3% | 6.5% | | |
| 1233.02 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 15.3% | 29.9% | | |
| 1235 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 36.1% | 32.1% | | |
| 1236 | Tarrant | Not Eligible - High Poverty | 37.5% | 20.2% | | |
| 1237 | Tarrant | 2020 WTA Eligible | 12.4% | 10.0% | | |
| 9800 | Tarrant | | - | 0.0% | | |
| Data Sources: | | | | | | |
| The poverty rate data is from US Census American Housing Survey 5 yr data 2016-2020 Table S1701_C03_001E. | | | | | | |
| The % Black data is a percentage calculation on the total population and the total Black population in US 2020 Decennial Census Table P2_001N total population and table P2_006N Black population. | | | | | | |